"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow or rain, colder today; tomorrow fair, much colder.
For weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,259. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1919. EIGHTEEN PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

254 TAKEN FROM TRANSPORT BEFORE NIGHT ENDS WORK

By Means of a Ferry Line Wounded Reach Shore from Northern Pacific.

THREE LIFEBOATS CAPSIZE

Soldiers Drenched in Icy Water, but No One Is Injured by Mishaps.

THOSE ON BOARD ALL SAFE

Hospital and Private Homes of Bay Shore Ready to Care for All the Rescued.

Special to The New York Times.

BAY SHORE, L. I., Jan. 2.—The rescue of the wounded and sick soldiers on the transport Northern Pacific, as well as that of the casuals on the ship, began this afternoon, and when darkness fell, causing a stoppage of work for the night, 237 soldiers and seventeen navy nurses had been safely ferried to shore. The rescues were accomplished under great difficulties, for seas varying from six to ten feet in height were breaking on the shore, and at least three veterans of the Argonne would have lost their lives but for the daring work of the lifeguards from the Oak Island, Point o' Woods, and Fire Island life saving stations. On three different occasions a surf boat which was being pulled through turbulent seas to the shore capsized, but no lives were lost, although three of the soldiers were dragged to land unconscious due to immersion in the almost ice-cold water.

Tonight the Northern Pacific is imbedded in about sixteen feet of sand and is being pounded by heavy seas. Last night the vessel was driven shoreward for a distance of about 100 yards, and tonight she lies broadside to the beach and within 200 yards of dry land. There remain on the ship about 2,500 men, of whom between 2,200 and 2,300 are soldiers.

No effort has been made as yet to remove any of the men who are in the hospital wards of the ship. One of the poor fellows who is on the ship is a soldier who has lost both legs and both arms. There are also a number of serious shell shock and mental cases. These men are to be transferred, as soon as weather conditions are favorable, to the naval hospital ship Solace, which is hovering off shore. Only as a last resort will it be attempted to land the seriously wounded and ill in the rough-going surf boats or the breeches buoy, the last named contrivance having been brought into service late this afternoon and about twelve soldiers brought ashore in it.

Men in No Danger.

Officers of the army and navy who are on the scene issued reassuring statements to relatives and friends of the men on the Northern Pacific tonight. The men, they said, are in no danger whatever, and their rescue is only a question of time. Beyond the fact that the ship is sinking deeper into the sand every hour, and it may be impossible to drag her back into navigable waters, the Northern Pacific is in no danger at all of going to pieces as a result of the pounding to which she is being subjected. Captain Connelly of the transport in a wireless message to the shore said that the men on board were in good condition and cheerful, and that they were peeved but not downcast as a result of the unfortunate termination of their homeward voyage. In a subsequent wireless message to Vice Admiral Gleaves, commanding the Cruiser and Transport Service, Captain Connelly said:

Disembarked, 237 army passengers, some of these ambulant wounded, and also 17 navy nurses, using lifeguard boats and breeches buoy. The ship is in no danger. Expect to disembark many more troops tomorrow. Salvage operators will make attempt to float ship at high tide tomorrow.

Among the passengers on the liner is Colonel Merritt W. Smith, the commander of the 104th Field Artillery of the New York Division, which unit saw such hard service with the British in the last weeks of the war. It is reported that there are several other officers, as well as enlisted men from the Empire Division, on the vessel, although their names were not communicated to shore.

The first soldier to land from the stranded ship was Private Albert Lichner of Company G of the 13th Infantry, whose home is in Buffalo. Lichner is a veteran of the Argonne and has recently recovered from wounds received in that battle. The second man to land was Lieutenant Robert Chart of Washington, who is a junior officer of Company G of the 13th Infantry, and the third was Lieutenant Robert H. Wilson, Jr., of Company I of the 47th Infantry, whose home is at 143 Rugby Road, Brooklyn.

Tonight searchlights of the cruiser Columbia, flagship of Vice Admiral Gleaves, and the gunboat Des Moines and those of a flotilla of destroyers are focussed on the transport. The big camouflaged vessel makes a weird picture, standing out like a ghost ship

Continued on Page Three.

FIRST COMPLETE WAR RECORD. The 106th U. S. Infantry. How Brooklyn's famous fighting regiment helped to win the war. A complete chronological and descriptive record. Original - authentic - historic. Honor Roll of Members. Detailed stories of Kemmel Hill and Hindenburg Line battles told and illustrated by participants.
SUNDAY'S BROOKLYN EAGLE. ORDER YOUR COPIES TODAY.—Advt.

Foch to Lift Trade Barrier in the Occupied Districts

LONDON, Jan. 2, (British Wireless Service.)—German appeals against suspension by the Allies of intercourse between the part of German territory occupied by the allied armies and the rest of Germany have been taken into consideration at the headquarters of Marshal Foch. A German delegation has been informed that as far as military exigencies permit the appeals have been granted.

The Germans bind themselves to furnish to the occupied zone as much fuel as was sent there in the third quarter of 1918 and machinery and spare parts for industries. In return, the Allies will appoint a Commissioner to arrange for certain quantities of raw materials to be sent across the Rhine into Germany.

CITY ALSO WANTS A B. R. T. RECEIVER

Municipality's Interests, Hylan Declares, Demand the Appointment by the Court.

SHONTS MAKES NEW APPEAL

Urges Fares of 8 Cents on Surface Lines — Calls the Situation Critical.

Lindley M. Garrison, former Secretary of War, who was appointed receiver for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company on Tuesday night and left for Washington immediately afterward, did not return yesterday to assume his duties in connection with the road and such subsidiaries as are affected by the receivership. At Mr. Garrison's law office it was said that he probably would be back in time to take active charge of the Brooklyn transit situation today. With the filing yesterday in the office of Alexander Gilchrist, Jr., clerk of the Federal District Court, of the order for the receivership, signed by Judge Julius M. Mayer, it became known that the parties in interest are to appear before Judge Mayer on Jan. 15 to show cause why the appointment of Mr. Garrison should not be made permanent for the period of the B. R. T.'s financial difficulties. It had been erroneously understood that this hearing was to be held yesterday.

City officials manifested in several ways yesterday a disposition to take an active part in untangling the difficulties of the lines involved because of the city's interest in the properties amounting to some $120,000,000. Mayor Hylan issued a statement in which he said the interests of citizens must be paramount in the impending reorganization, and declared that the Board of Estimate would devote much attention to the situation. The Mayor said the application of President Shonts of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for permission to charge an 8-cent fare if the company was to be saved from a receivership would be considered as a part of the general condition which crystallized in the Brooklyn company's being thrown into court. The Mayor announced further that the city would apply for the appointment of an additional receiver to represent its interests.

Mayor Hylan's Views.

Mayor Hylan's statement was as follows:

The receivership of the B. R. T. has precipitated and laid the foundation for a readjustment of the entire transit situation. The city has a far large interest in the subject than any one of the transit companies. About $250,000,000 of city money is invested in the dual subway systems, a substantial part of which is to be operated by the B. R. T.

More important than this, however, is the rendering of proper and adequate service by the transportation companies, so that the public may travel in a reasonable degree of comfort and with proper accommodations.

Heretofore, receiverships have resulted in the reorganization of traction companies, without special regard for the public interest or for the effect upon the City of New York. In the present case, however, nothing of this kind can be done, for every step that is taken must be a step that will vitally affect every person residing in the City of New York, as well as the taxpayers and farepayers.

For this reason, and in order to make sure that these public requirements are fully met, it may be expected that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment will request the Corporation Counsel to apply to the United States District Court for the appointment of an additional receiver to be named by and to represent the interests of the City of New York in the receivership proceedings. Such an application cannot be seriously resisted by the railroad interests; and even if it were resisted, there can be no question but that Judge Mayer will give proper consideration to the interests of the public and the City of New York.

The whole matter will be the subject of a conference of all the members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. The letter of President Shonts of the Interborough requesting an 8-cent fare and suggesting a receivership of the Interborough is a part of the whole subject, and will be considered in the same manner and at the same time.

The Mayor's statement was preceded by a visit to Judge Mayer's chambers

Continued on Page Three.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use Mok-A-R CIN-O-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

MURPHY HAUNTS SMITH IN QUEST OF PATRONAGE

Remains at Albany After Inauguration and Has Several Conferences with Governor.

McCOOEY ALSO ON SCENE

Much Speculation at Capital as to How Far Tammany Will Go in Its Demands.

TENTATIVE SLATE PREPARED

McCarthy, Woods, Kirchwey, and Rattigan Urged for Prison Head —Other Contests.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 2.—With the exhausting ceremonies incident to his inauguration over, Governor Alfred E. Smith spent a quiet day at the Executive Mansion and for the first time since his arrival here Monday gave serious consideration to the question of appointments. Candidates for the jobs at his disposal are importuning the new Governor, and he frankly admitted to his friends that the real difficulties of his important position were beginning to be felt. There are far more plum-seekers than plums, and how to make the patronage go around with the least amount of dissatisfaction is the problem.

There is considerable speculation as to Tammany Hall's attitude toward the new Governor in the matter of patronage. Will Charles F. Murphy keep hands off and allow Governor Smith to work out his own political salvation, or will he insist upon the organization getting the best positions in sight, as he was accused of doing in the Sulzer régime? That question is being asked.

Some Democratic leaders here say that Murphy intends to be "reasonable" and not subject the new Governor to any undue pressure, but Mr. Murphy, who came here last Monday to attend the inauguration, is still on the ground, and with him is Boss John H. McCooey, leader of the Brooklyn Democratic organization.

Murphy and the Governor have had several conferences, but what they were about only those inside know. One of the Governor's best friends insists that Mr. Smith has given Murphy no promises; that he will not be dictated to by the Tammany Chief, and that he will be guided solely by his own conscience in the matter of appointments. Just the same, the up-State leaders, who remember how the boss of Fourteenth Street remained for some time in Albany after Governor Sulzer's inauguration, sincerely wish he would go home. Up-State leaders here say Mr. Smith in the course of the campaign promised that New York City would not get all the fat jobs.

Has a Tentative Slate.

Governor Smith insists that he will make no appointments until next week and that he has not made up his mind as to how he will fill any of the jobs at his disposal, but it can be stated that he has been considering several candidates and has at least a tentative slate.

One matter that is giving the Governor as much trouble as anything else is the position of Superintendent of Prisons. The Governor, as stated in his message, contemplates a complete reorganization of the Prison Department. It has been reported to him that serious conditions demanding immediate reform exist in all the State prisons, and a general cleaning up is contemplated. He has been told that there is a widespread sale of "dope" in some of the prisons, that petty graft exists in others, and that in Clinton Prison there have been many complaints of cruelty.

The Governor said in his message: "I will have a thorough investigation made of the correctional administration of the State, and that which needs remedial legislation I will communicate at a later date." The Governor has received reports that the Prison Commission itself should be investigated, and that there is pressing need of reform regarding the various prison industries. He has been told that the shoe department of Sing Sing prison, for example, is being run at a loss, that antiquated machinery is still in use, and that all attempts to better conditions have been fruitless.

Fault has also been found with the work of the Wardens of some of the prisons. The work of Warden Moyer of Sing Sing and that of Warden Homer of Great Meadows has been praised, but it is said that Warden Twombley of Clinton and Warden Harry W. Kidney of Auburn may be displaced.

The interest which Lieutenant Commander Thomas Mott Osborne is taking in the prison situation is giving the Tammany crowd cold shivers. Mr. Osborne has had three conferences already with the Governor on the situation, and is said to have insisted that, if he cannot have the position of Superintendent of Prisons himself, it should go to some one he will recommend. Governor Smith, mindful of the work performed in his behalf by Mr. Osborne during the campaign, when he wrote hundreds of letters to up-State friends, asking them to support the Democratic candidate, is inclined to respect Mr. Osborne's wishes.

In order to forestall any action by the Governor on an Osborne appointee, Tammany has put forward a candidate of its own in United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy. The Marshal

Continued on Page Four.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

Hurry to the Geo. M. Cohan Theatre, Broadway & 43d St. It's a riot.—Advt.

Former Kaiser Is Very Ill; Has Severe Cold, High Fever

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 2.—William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, is very ill, according to advices from Amerongen.

He cannot leave his room, it is said, and is suffering from a bad cold. It is stated that he has a high fever. An eminent specialist from Utrecht is in constant attendance.

Only the former Empress, the specialist, and two attendants are permitted to enter his room, it is reported.

LIEBKNECHT COUP FEARED AT CASSEL

German Great Headquarters Takes Special Precautions Against Outbreak.

SUSPECT SAILORS OF PLOT

Robbery Continues at Berlin Palace—Book Shows Old Regime's Deception.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 1, (via Copenhagen.)—According to the Tageblatt, there is good reason to believe that the Spartacides are preparing one of their usual coups in the Great Headquarters at Cassel. For several days sailors have been noticed arriving there in unusual numbers, and last night shooting took place near the railway station.

It is also reported that the sailors are trying to incite riots at Gotha and Bebra.

At Cassel elaborate preparations have been made to suppress any attempt by the Spartacides to disturb the public peace.

The sailors this afternoon finally evacuated the Berlin Castle. Although the palace of the ex-Kaiser has suffered severely from bombardment and looting, the most valuable art collections still remain intact. The royal wardrobes, however, and especially those of the Kaiser and Kaiserin, have been completely plundered.

Jurgensen, who acts as Chief of Police in the Palace precincts, asserts that he personally arrested no fewer than 500 persons in the act of looting. The spoil taken from them is piled high in one room. There are a large number of decorations, once worn by the Kaiser, and much of the table silver used at the impromptu banquet held in the Palace early in the revolution, which was abstracted afterward by thieves. Silks, satins, velvets, furs, and curtains are lying about in great profusion.

The great festival halls, except Pillar Hall, where Professor Skarbina's picture was destroyed by a shell, are nearly uninjured; so are the suites which were reserved for royal guests.

In the Kaiserin's suite every cupboard and box was rifled and much of the valuable contents was strewn about the rooms by the thieves. To judge from the empty jewel cases lying about, many costly silver and gold articles, fans, &c., must have been stolen. The Kaiser's wardrobe presents a similar picture of ruin. Here the gorgeous dress uniforms of all nations which the Kaiser used to wear on state occasions when visited by foreign monarchs or when visiting in foreign countries are lying about in confusion. Among them is an old and much patched uniform of a common soldier, which was evidently discarded after the wearer helped himself to some of the Kaiser's clothes.

One thief smashed the glass case containing all the orders given to the Kaiser by the last three Sultans of Turkey. This thief will find that he has a bad bargain, because, the Palace officials explain, the Kaiser ordered the valuable diamonds of these decorations to be replaced by paste, while the coronet for the Kaiserin was made of real stones.

In this same room, on the table, there is a collection of tin soldiers of nearly all the European nations.

The damage by bombardment and looting is estimated at altogether about 7,000,000 marks. It was discovered that only last night another robbery took place in the Kaiser's rooms.

Dr. Kurt Mühsam, one of the editors of the Cologne Gazette, has just published a book entitled "How We Were Deceived," in which he proves that the Government organized an elaborate system for the sole purpose of keeping the people constantly in the dark regarding political and military affairs before the war, but especially during the conflict. He quotes the original reports from the various theatres of war to the Berlin Government with the versions given to the press and public, which form a fearful indictment against the recent rulers of Germany.

LIEBKNECHT VOTED DOWN.

Extremists Follow Luxemburg Lead —Berlin Protest on Hoffmann.

LONDON, Jan. 2, (Associated Press.)—Dr. Karl Liebknecht met a sharp defeat in the Spartacide Congress at Berlin on Tuesday, according to advices received in Copenhagen.

Dr. Liebknecht advocated participation by the Spartacus element in the

Continued on Page Two.

PINEHURST, N. C.—Bracing climate. Golf and all sports in perfection. Three delightful hotels.—Advt.

BERLIN MENACED BY ARMY OF POLES; SIX TOWNS TAKEN

Frankfort-on-the-Oder, 50 Miles East of the Capital, Already Occupied.

ARTILLERY WITH INVADERS

Are Engaged in "Tearing Raid" Into Germany, Polish Bureau at Lausanne Says.

GERMANS TO FIGHT THEM

Noske Said to Have Ordered Fifth Division Out — Demobilized Men Being Rearmed.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A Polish Army, according to advices from various sources, is marching toward Berlin on what the Polish Agency at Lausanne is said to call "a tearing raid into Germany."

This agency announces that the infantry is well armed and is supported by artillery and cavalry and that as the German railways are disorganized there is a possibility that it will reach Berlin. The infantry, it is added, has already occupied Kreuz, Driesen, and Posnau, and has captured a large amount of rolling stock with little resistance.

A Berne dispatch to The Express reports that the Polish troops have entered Frankfort-on-the-Oder, fifty miles east of Berlin, and occupied Beuthen, in Prussian Silesia, and Bromberg, in the province of Posen, sixty-nine miles northeast of the city of Posen.

Copenhagen hears from a Berlin source that the army numbers 30,000 men and that Gustav Noske, member of the Ebert Cabinet in charge of military affairs, has ordered the Fifth German Division to meet it.

The Polish Agency at Lausanne says that the Germans are rearming demobilized troops and fighting is expected, although some of the demobilized soldiers are refusing to serve.

WARSAW, Dec. 31, (Associated Press.)—Fighting has continued here and there in the city of Posen between Polish and German troops the last few days. The fortress of the city has been occupied by the Poles while more than 20,000 German soldiers have been disarmed.

The Sixth German Grenadier Regiment has refused to surrender and is now surrounded in a barracks within the city. German troops sent into the city were disarmed on arrival at the railway station.

The entire Polish population is reported to be aiding the Polish troops. They include Boy Scouts and young women.

The fighting is now of a house-to-house nature and there is no accurate estimate of the number killed and wounded.

SAYS POLES DESPAIR OVER RED INVASION

Whole Province of Vilna Imperilled—Germans Abandon Riga to Bolsheviki.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Poland is in despair, owing to the invasion of Bolshevist troops and the apparent indifference of the western powers to the plight of the country, according to a Warsaw dispatch to The Mail.

"Telegrams are sent begging intervention by the Allies," the dispatch states, "but no reply comes. The Poles admit the immensity of the numerous problems absorbing the Allies, but complain that they do not receive the least sign of attention or a word of guidance."

After dealing with the Bolshevist menace to Lemberg, Vilna, and other places, the correspondent says the situation is made worse by internal disorder in Poland. Factories in all the industrial towns have been destroyed by the Germans and thousands of Poles who were sent to Germany during the war are returning to find there is no employment for them. They are taking the law in their own hands, it is said, and are terrorizing their former employers, compelling them to give them money.

Lodz is in the hands of the Red Guard, which has shot some of the officers of the regular troops. The Government, headed by Joseph Pilsudski is weak, the correspondent says.

"It is trying to conciliate everybody," he declares.

The correspondent concludes by urging the immediate return of General Haller's Polish army from France.

WARSAW, Dec. 31, (Associated Press.)—The fate of the Province of Vilna, in Lithuania, is trembling in the balance. Bolshevist agents are spreading their propaganda throughout the province, the northeastern part of which is under Soviet rule. Bands of robbers and tramps, advance guards of the Bolsheviki, regular troops and refugees are coming into Vilna. The Germans apparently are making no effort to restore order in the city, although they have 5,000 troops there.

A Polish committee called upon Colonel Werner, in command of the German troops, and requested arms for Poles and others so that they might defend the city against the Bolsheviki. Colonel Werner replied:

"Berlin has given us orders to the contrary. We won't be the monkey to

Continued on Page Two.

DURING CONVALESCENCE FROM INFLUENZA—and pneumonia—take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing, strengthening, delicious, with no sickish sweetness. Any druggist, 20c.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

HARTSHORNE, PALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

ITALIANS FLOCK DOWN FROM THE HILLS, SHOUT 'VIVAS' AS WILSON TRAIN PASSES; PRINCE GREETS PRESIDENT AT BORDER

Plan for League of Nations to Be Formulated By Special Committee of Peace Conference

PARIS, Jan. 2.—It is understood that a special committee will be designated to formulate a plan for a Society of Nations. The French member of this committee will probably be Léon Bourgeois, and the English member Lord Robert Cecil, both of whom are believed to have their projects well defined.

The view is now held in American official quarters that the attitude of the British leaders shows such likeness to the American as will facilitate a mutual agreement before the Peace Congress. After the close of the recent conferences and the public demonstrations attending President Wilson's visit to London, one of the foremost British statesmen summed up the situation by saying:

"I would not think of having the Peace Congress close until it had established a League of Nations as outlined by President Wilson, as the British nation has clearly shown that it expects that to be done."

Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, after his conferences here, has proceeded to Cannes, where he will remain until the middle of next week. He and Premier Lloyd George will be in Paris on the return of President Wilson from Italy.

It is then that the real work of the inter-allied conference will begin. This will not mean a formal meeting around the table at the outset, as comparatively few delegates will be in Paris at that time. But the informal conferences will be progressively important from then on, as the informal conferences will merge into the formal Inter-Allied Conference, and that in turn into the Peace Congress, without any exact delimitation of dates.

AMERICANS EXPECT FULL AGREEMENT

Col. House Reported Fully to Wilson on His Talk with Clemenceau.

DIFFERENCES MINIMIZED

Plan for Extra Delegates at the Peace Conference Is Under Discussion.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—Since his return from England last evening President Wilson has had two talks with Colonel House, the second this afternoon at the Hotel Crillon, the headquarters of the American Peace Delegation. It is supposed that these conferences related mainly to the situation created by Premier Clemenceau's speech delivered while the President was away. No statement has been authorized concerning the sentiments of the President or of the Peace Commission with reference to the Premier's declarations, and none is likely, but the impression is gained that the more general view in American quarters is that nothing has yet occurred that will interfere with the ultimate satisfactory adjustment of the most important questions coming before the Peace Conference.

Attention is called to the statement of the President concerning the terms of the peace treaty, which, coupled with Clemenceau's admission that one reason why he withheld France's peace conditions was that he might be obliged to modify some of them, indicates that all parties realize the necessity of showing respect for the opinions of the others.

At this time, when the formal inter-allied conferences are about to begin, there is an inclination to exaggerate the importance of every difference arising between the nations concerned—that is, those outside the inner circle of the conferees are so inclined. But the history of diplomacy is full of incidents where obstacles, insurmountable seemingly, were overcome through a process of frank interchange of views, backed by the common desire to reach a harmonious understanding. And at no time in the history of the world has this necessity ever confronted friendly Governments as it now confronts the nations which have stood shoulder to shoulder in bringing about the defeat of the German militaristic autocracy.

Prior to the President's return to Paris, and subsequent to Clemenceau's speech, Colonel House conferred with Premier Clemenceau; and, while authoritative statements are lacking, there is no reason to doubt that they had a most agreeable interview. Certainly the situation created by the Premier's assertions, which first caused considerable disquiet in American circles, is not now regarded with the concern that came from the original reading of them.

President and Mrs. Wilson left Paris for Italy this evening, to be gone more than a week. Premier Lloyd George probably will be here when the President returns, and the inter-

Continued on Page Two.

PARIS REASSURED ON PEACE PARLEYS

Wilson's Visit, British Elections, and Clemenceau's Victory Cause Optimism.

RUSSIA SEEN AS PROBLEM

Observers Are Disquieted by the Bolshevist Peril in Both Russia and Germany.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—There is a widespread feeling here that the events of the last month greatly cleared the air as regards the Peace Conference, which is now looked forward to much more hopefully than it was at the beginning of December.

It may now be admitted that considerable anxiety then existed as to President Wilson's attitude, which many persons feared would be difficult to accord with the views known to be held by the French Government.

At the same time Clemenceau's own position was thought to be insecure, and there were rumors of a possible difficulty with England over the Syrian question, which a strongly imperialist article on the subject in Briand's review, La France, and the confident prognostications of his friends that the ex-Premier would be soon a member of the Cabinet did not tend to allay. The situation was further complicated by the uncertainty about the result of the British election, so, to speak generally, the best-informed opinion was decidedly tinged with pessimism.

Now things are very different. The President's broadmindedness has created a favorable impression here, and the French were delighted to find that there was no tendency on his part to assume the rôle of dictator, as some of them had feared.

Clemenceau's striking victory in the Chamber, coupled with Lloyd George's overwhelming majority, has settled the doubts whether they could come to the Peace Conference armed with mandates from their own peoples.

Finally, Clemenceau's virtual repudiation of Briand, when he referred vehemently to the attempts made to foist upon him an unwelcome collaborator, has done much to enhance the probability that French and British interests in the Near East will be reconciled to the satisfaction of both sides.

Still Anxious Over the Red Peril.

There remains one cause of anxiety of a wholly external character—the condition of affairs in Russia and Germany. There is a growing feeling that radical measures must soon be taken against the Red peril. The Government proposal of a "barrage" around Russia is not regarded as adequate, and it is hoped here that one of the first questions discussed by the conference will be ways and means for a more energetic policy toward Russia. Strong as is the popular hostility to a "new war," it is asserted that a force of volunteers—French, American, and British—could be raised of sufficient strength to keep Bolshevism within bounds, if not to repress it completely.

The New Year editorials in the Paris

Continued on Page Two.

Winter is best for the "Cure" at White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia. Through sleepers from New York and return.—Advt.

TRIP TO ROME A TRIUMPH

Mountaineers and Villagers Pay Honor to America.

ENTHUSIASM AT TURIN

Cheering Throngs Reinforce the Welcome Given by Civil and Military Officials.

A DAY OF CLOUDLESS SKIES

Italy's Brilliant Landscape Enhances the Charm of the Popular Welcome.

ROME, Jan. 2, (Associated Press.)—From the frontier to Rome the journey of President Wilson was like a triumphal procession. Mountaineers and villagers swarmed from the hills and valleys to pay homage to America.

They shouted "Vivas," waving hats and handkerchiefs and flags, forming picturesque groups, which were emphasized by the brilliant sunshine, blue sky, and green, luxuriant landscape.

The royal train with President Wilson on board was met this morning at Modane by the Duke of Lante, representing King Victor Emmanuel. Both the French and Italian authorities in the frontier town welcomed the presidential party.

A crowd of the townspeople had gathered at the station and gave the President a greeting. The day was a bright one, with the sun shining on the snow-covered mountains surrounding the village.

The train arrived at Turin in the afternoon. The President was met at the station by the Prefect of the Province, the Mayor, the General commanding the troops here, and other authorities.

Although the reception to the American Chief Executive was unofficial, the station was decorated with the Italian and American colors, while everywhere in the city the Stars and Stripes were flown beside the Italian Tricolor.

The President's train departed a short time later amid the enthusiastic cheers of a crowd which had gathered to greet the nation's guest.

President Wilson and his party arrived at Genoa this evening in time for dinner.

Mayor Massone was at the station to meet the train and made arrangements for Mr. Wilson's visit on his return from Rome on Sunday. On that occasion he will present to the President a set of bound volumes of the works of Mazzini and will conduct him to the ' ...place of Columbus and the tomb Mazzini. The President will spend three hours in the city.

Met at Frontier by Prince.

ON BOARD PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL TRAIN, Jan. 2, (Associated Press.)—The Franco-Italian frontier was crossed at Modane at 10:30 o'clock this morning by President Wilson's special train. The Presidential party was met at the frontier by American Ambassador Page, Count Macchi di Cellere, Italian Ambassador to the United States, and the Prince of Udine, who will accompany the party to Rome.

The Presidential party caught its first glimpse of the snow-capped peaks of the Western Alps at breakfast time, while the train was crawling slowly through the mountain passes.

President Wilson rested today from the continuous round of activities of his English visit, and is looking forward with great pleasure to his visit to Rome.

TICKLISH PROBLEMS TO SOLVE.

Paris Wonders if Wilson Can Settle the Jugoslav Question.

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PARIS, Jan. 1.—The interest of Europe in Wilson's trip to Italy centres not so much on the welcome the President will receive in the land of the Caesars, as it does on what effect President Wilson's conferences may have on the Jugoslav-Italian controversy. The problem of adjusting the conflicting aspirations of Italy and the Jugoslavs in Southern Europe appears not only as a possible source of difficulties for the Peace Conference, but as the acid test for the fundamental principle of self-determination of small peoples to which the allied nations are committed.

The insistence on both sides is no doubt exaggerated, but Italy appears to entertain the belief that influences are at work to prevent a just appreciation at the Peace Conference of Italy's serv-

loss and full recognition of its claims. The Jugoslavs complain that Italy is inclined to ignore them and not regard them as a friendly nation.

One compromise suggested by some of the Slav leaders is the establishment of a neutral State, covering the Adriatic coast from Trieste to Durazzo, while to Italy would be yielded some of the Slovene country in Gorizia and Istria. The leaders insist on keeping the whole of Dalmatia for the Jugoslavs.

Recent speeches in the Senate at Rome indicate that Premier Orlando and others are beginning to realize that Italy's program must be subordinate to the general principles of self-determination at the Peace Conference. Others, however, appear insistent upon the original claims for the "redemption of Italian lands," without regard to the Jugoslav State's demand for access to the sea, and supplement this by urging extension of Italian interest in the Eastern Mediterranean and Asia Minor, notably in the coal fields of Heraclea. Also in case England or France retain possession of the whole or part of the German colonies, Italy is suggesting that it be compensated by the enlargement of her boundaries in Lybia, Somaliland, and Erithrea.

One good augury is seen in the first meeting of the Italian Society for a League of Free Nations, which has 150 branches in Italy, and includes in its membership nine Ministers, among them Premier Orlando, former Premier Bosselli, General Busati, chief aid to the King, and Senator Mattioli Pasqualini.

STILL HOPES FOR HARMONY.

London Times Sees Virtual Agreement Between Leaders.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Comparing the speech of Premier Clemenceau before the French Chamber of Deputies and President Wilson's address at Manchester, The Times argues that there is no fundamental discrepancy between the aims of the two men. It says:

"All that M. Clemenceau says of the difference—contrast we may call it—between the positions of France and America is simple truth. France sees and feels what a German invasion means, and demands absolute security against a recurrence of the danger she so narrowly escaped and the sufferings she yet endures.

"Mr. Wilson is equally determined to deliver her from those evils. Where M. Clemenceau appears most markedly to differ from Mr. Wilson is in his confession of a certain skepticism as to the adequacy of any means except one to secure the just claims of France.

"There is no incompatibility between Mr. Wilson's ideal and the more prosaic immediate object which M. Clemenceau sets before France. One is a necessary stage to the attainment of the other. A supremely important fact is that both admittedly desire the same immediate steps, and both—albeit one with confidence and the other with hesitation—look forward to the same ultimate goal. It is a promising feature of the attitudes of the two statesmen that neither affects to entertain extravagant hopes."

The newspaper regards President Wilson's suggestion as to the machinery for subsequent readjustments the most valuable and important of his recent utterances and contends that only by some such methods as those advocated by Mr. Wilson and by continuous conferences can "the burdens of the partnership between America and Europe be discharged and borne."

PARIS, Jan. 1.—In its New Year's editorial today, Le Temps says:

"We have the right to found peace on something else than a hypothesis. Certainties are required."

"Peace will not be real," says La Liberté, "if it does not give France tranquility."

URGES RECOGNITION OF GERMAN AUSTRIA

Vienna Government Appeals to the Diplomatic Corps for Representation at Versailles.

BASLE, Jan. 2.—The Vienna Fremdenblatt publishes a note transmitted orally to the Diplomatic Corps in Vienna by the German Austrian Government, expressing hope that the existence and liberty of the independent State of German Austria will be recognized by the civilized world and it place assured it in the Society of Nations.

The note defines German Austria as "Internal Austria," with German Styria, German Tyrol, German Carinthia, and the German districts of northern Bohemia. The new republic, it is added, wishes to enter into relations with all civilized nations as soon as possible.

If Czechoslovakia were to include the above named regions, it would be no lasting advantage to it, the note says: it would be reconstituting ancient Austria with an amalgam of peoples.

The note demands a plebiscite for towns almost exclusively German, such as Marburg, Radkersburg, Klagenfurt, Villach, Bozen, and Brunex. It asserts that the young republic must form part either of a Danube confederation by a union with other new-born States, or be attached to Germany, and then gives reasons against the former course, declaring that an attachment with Germany is the only possibility.

The German Austrian Government says it hopes that the United States and the Entente will support its policy, and that a place will be given it in the Peace Conference.

TO DISCUSS RUSSIA FIRST.

London Hears Peace Conference Will Decide on Policy at Once.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Russian affairs are causing the British Foreign Office considerable anxiety, says The Mail. The necessity of formulating a definite allied policy as to Russia is extremely urgent, and it has been decided that the Russian question will be the first to be discussed at the Peace Conference, it is said.

"It is presumed that all the allied nations are overwhelmingly against armed intervention by an expeditionary force," says the newspaper. "The British Government has also decided that an expedition is impossible, preferring to encourage the creation of a stable Government in Russia, although the origin of such a Government is at present quite obscure.

"In the meantime munitions and instructors are being sent to the true Russian armies in the south, in Siberia, and the forces on the borders of Poland and Finland. Large cargoes of food were recently sent to Northern Russia for the people living in districts under allied control. There is no likelihood of the allied forces on the Russian coast being withdrawn."

HURLEY'S STAY LENGTHENED.

Chairman of Shipping Board May Remain Abroad Several Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Further data concerning the American shipping plan had been requested by Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board and experts who have been completing a survey of the situation have sailed for Europe. Among them is Henry M. Robinson, who has been at work on this task for months.

Chairman Hurley, it is understood, may remain in Europe several weeks. The many problems involved in the world's shipping situation, it is now said, may play an important part in the Peace Conference.

It has been stated that one of the purposes of Mr. Hurley's visit abroad was to discuss the possibility of standardizing wages, but there has been no detailed information as to the progress which has been made in that direction. Henry Furuseth, President of the Seamen's Union, also has been in Europe discussing this matter.

The matter of shipping rates also has been brought to the front again. There has been complaint that rates under the control of the United States Government have made it difficult for American ship owners to compete with other shipping interests.

The present intimation is that this Government will go into a thorough discussion of the situation with the European nations.

IGNORES BRITISH CRITICISM.

Daniels Says The Graphic Misunderstands His Big Navy Program.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—When Secretary Daniels, who reappeared today before the House Naval Committee, to discuss the new Appropriation bill, saw an article in The London Graphic criticising as "unfriendly" his recent statement that the United States should have a navy second to none unless the Peace Conference limited armaments, he said: "They don't understand," and smilingly refused to make further comment.

The Graphic urged that President Wilson instruct the Secretary to restrain his language.

WOULD DEFY PEACE CONGRESS

Morrison Says Labor Would Reject World Standardization.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Proposals said to be under consideration by the British War Cabinet looking toward the establishment of an international tribunal to adjust labor conditions, possibly as an adjunct to a League of Nations, do not meet with favor at the American Federation of Labor Headquarters. News dispatches from London and private advices to labor officials lately have indicated that several such proposals would be presented to the Peace Conference, and that some of them contemplated international standardization of wages and restrictions, making impossible the "sweating" of labor anywhere.

"No one will object to dealing a deathblow to sweating," Frank Morrison, Secretary of the Federation, said today, "but the question is: American labor will turn its affairs over to an international committee.

"Under such a system iron workers in America could not improve conditions if their present standards were in excess of the Belgian iron workers' for instance. This would be a good system for the employers in America and England, whose workers are better conditioned than those on the Continent.

"The best way for internationalizing standards of working people is first to establish American standards. Any other system of internationalization means that the American worker must surrender gains made, or the American worker must postpone further gains until workers in continental Europe reach his present standards.

"The American worker will accept no such principle, regardless of any decision that may be made at the Peace Conference."

FRAME TEUTON PARTITION?

Statement of Allied Project Attributed to Dr. Masaryk.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A dispatch to The Daily Express from Geneva says that advices received there from Vienna state that Dr. Masaryk, the new President of Czechoslovakia, has announced at Prague that President Wilson and Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau have agreed to the following program:

Creation of a new German confederation under the direction of Bavaria and the further destruction of Prussian supremacy by the separation of Posen, Silesia, and the Rhine provinces.

Destruction of Hungarian supremacy by the separation of all lands of which the peoples do not speak Hungarian.

Establishment of a Danube confederation under the direction of the Czechoslovaks, with the adhesion of the Austro-Germans.

AMERICANS EXPECT FULL AGREEMENT

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

allied exchanges will be begun in a more formal way. Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, is here, and already he and Colonel House have had a conversation.

The President's visit to England, where the conferences with British official representatives were characterized by the utmost frankness, has done much to establish a most cordial relationship between the two Governments in connection with the peace situation, and it is evident that an advance has been made toward a better understanding, which means an advance toward bringing about harmonious working conditions between the American and British peace delegations, when the most serious phase of the conference begins.

Plan for Special Peace Delegates.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—The number of delegates representing each of the great nations at the coming Peace Conference is likely to be increased beyond five, the number previously considered probable, by the inclusion of several delegates who may exchange places with others, taking part in the conferences only when the special subjects on which they are authorities are being considered.

Mr. Balfour favors an increase in the number of representatives, and his proposition appears to be receiving favorable consideration. Mr. Balfour made his desire known during his conference with Colonel E. M. House on Tuesday.

American representatives who would probably be among these "interchangeable" delegates are Herbert C. Hoover, the Food Administrator; Edward N. Hurley, head of the Shipping Board; Bernard M. Baruch, Admiral Benson, and Vance McCormick, head of the War Board, who is on his way here.

Germany has not yet submitted a list of her peace delegates, or at least no such list has been brought to the attention of the American delegation to the Peace Conference, which in turn concerned and is giving great consideration to the influence of the Bolsheviki upon the Central Powers.

Although the American representatives have received many reports of conditions in the Baltic States and in the Ukraine, these reports are very conflicting, and the delegates are not at all satisfied with the information at hand.

The policy of the American delegation, with regard to the Russian situation and its general complication with the unrest in the Balkans and in the former Russian districts, has not yet taken form. The American delegates apparently do not consider that France and England, either, have outlined a definite policy toward Russia. In this connection it may be stated that Foreign Minister Pichon's statement to the effect that France favored defensive intervention in Russia is not looked upon in Peace Conference circles as a new declaration, since defensive interference already exists, and the process of hemming in Bolshevist Russia by allied forces in support of the anti-German Governments in Russia has long been in progress.

"The principal object which Colonel E. M. House had in view in going to see President Wilson this morning was to tell him the result of a conference he had had the evening before with Premier Clemenceau," said a member of the American delegation to the Peace Congress to a representative of Le Petit Journal, according to an article in that newspaper this morning. "The conference," continued the American, "was on the subject of the various outstanding problems and also on the subject of the Premier's speech in the Chamber of Deputies, in which he related a conversation he had had with President Wilson.

"Colonel House went thoroughly into as a whole and in detail all the problems which the statesmen will be called upon to solve. Colonel House also told President Wilson about the interview he had had with A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary a few moments after leaving Premier Clemenceau. The Colonel said he had discussed the organization of the Peace Conference with the British delegate."

The newspaper quotes the American as adding that Secretary Balfour and Colonel House found themselves in agreement on the subject discussed, (presumably covering that touched upon in Colonel House's talk with Premier Clemenceau,) and that their opinion, "as well as that of all the American representatives, is identical, and that England and the United States are in agreement.

"In a word, we American delegates are convinced, as a result of these conversations, that nothing in Premier Clemenceau's attitude can justify an apprehension of any marked differences between the great powers of the Entente and the United States, and we believe that the divergencies now existing will be easily smoothed over."

ASIA MINOR DIVIDED BY SECRET TREATIES

France and England Agreed Upon Zones of Assistance to the Liberated Peoples.

RUSSIA ONCE INCLUDED

She Was to Get Constantinople, but Not Now—Treaties Otherwise Considered Still Alive.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—What Foreign Minister Pichon referred to in his recent speech in the Chamber of Deputies as "more recent contracts" between England and France, by which French rights were established in Asia Minor, was a group of secret treaties made by England and France at London in 1916 and another group, made by England, France, and Russia at Petrograd in 1917, just before the Russian Revolution.

According to the London treaties, France has control of all of Syria and Lebanon and part of Armenia, and England all of Mesopotamia. Arabia is to be an independent kingdom. Palestine is to have an international administration. All such portions of Asia Minor covered by these treaties as are now part of Turkey are to be taken from Turkey altogether and determination of the exact boundaries of the reduced Turkish area left to the Peace Conference. The peoples of Lebanon, Syria, Armenia, and Mesopotamia are to have forms of government of their own choosing, with France and England acting as advisers in their respective spheres of control.

A French authority on these matters, who explained the gist of the treaties to me, laid emphasis on the fact that the word "control" is to be understood strictly in the French sense, rather than the British.

"That is to say," he continued, "France does not propose to dominate, or have protectorates, or assume rights of colonial Government over Syria and Lebanon, but merely to assist and advise those peoples in the management of their own interior politics. We have a perfect right to do this, for we have helped these countries since the time of the Crusades in the tenth century. We have schools and many interests in them.

"What we propose now is something entirely new in relations between small and great nations. We do not speak of zones of control, or domination, or spheres of influence, but rather of zones of assistance. It is necessary to have some such supervisory assistance, because there are so many different races in these countries that it would be fatal to allow any one of them to dominate the others.

"The treaty of 1917, to which Russia was a party, is now invalid so far as Russia is concerned, because of that country's collapse. The treaty provides that Constantinople was to go to Russia. As it is now, the future status of Constantinople will be fixed by the Peace Conference.

"Other provisions of the Petrograd treaty, pertaining to England and France, still stand. They, too, have to do with our areas of assistance in Asia Minor."

I asked my informant what Pichon meant when he said France recognized the rights of the Peace Conference on this subject of Asia Minor. He replied:

"That means that France recognizes the right of the conference to have a voice in the concrete application of the principles involved in these Asia Minor agreements. The principles themselves and the spirit of these treaties are already in accord with President Wilson's principles. By application of them I mean actual determination of boundaries and zones of assistance in Syria, Lebanon, and the other regions involved."

AIRMAN INJURED IN TEST.

Danhauser, Who Says He Killed Quentin Roosevelt, May Not Recover

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 1.—Sergeant Danhauser, the diminutive German aviator who claims to have killed Quentin Roosevelt, was seriously injured while flying this afternoon on the American aviation field here.

Under arrangement with the German Army, Danhauser was testing the machines turned over by the Germans to the Americans. He was landing in a new Rolland six, a type in which he had never flown before, when the nose of the machine hit the ground, tearing out the engines.

The machine turned four somersaults, throwing the aviator twenty feet. His right arm was broken and he suffered extensive internal injuries. He may not recover.

1,000,000 KILLED BY INSECTS

British Scientist Says They Spread War Diseases Throughout Europe.

LONDON, Jan. 2, (British Wireless Service.)—Of the insects responsible for the death or disablement of hundreds of thousands in the war zone, the louse is declared authoritatively to have been one of the most deadly, and to have accounted for at least 1,000,000 persons.

That, however, is only a rough estimate, and the probability is that the toll was much larger, for in Serbia alone typhus infected nearly 1,000,000 persons, killing 500 a day in the little city of Jassy alone, while 200 of the 1,200 medical officers in the country died from the disease, which spread over Russia, Austria, Germany, and the Balkans generally.

These figures are vouched for in a publication prepared by Lieutenant Lloyd, who was chief entomologist in Northern Rhodesia. He says:

"Typhus, one of the most dreaded epidemic diseases of man, is entirely due to the activities of lice. The same remark applies to relapsing fever over the greater portion of the world. Still a third disease, trench fever, has been placed to the credit of the louse, and possibly even now the full extent of its guilt is not known."

Lieutenant Lloyd, in discussing the typhus outbreak at the Wittenberg camp in Germany, from which the German doctors fled, makes the statement:

"The Germans knew, as we do, that typhus is spread by lice, and that the epidemic could have been cut short and stamped out a week after its commencement by the disinfection of all prisoners. One of the few good points about insect-borne diseases is that they are entirely preventable if preventive measures are taken in time and carried out in a thorough manner."

BERLIN CAFES SHUT AS WAITERS STRIKE

Service Stopped Suddenly on New Year's Night—Demand More Pay, Cling to Tips.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 2, (via Copenhagen.)—Only one of the large restaurants, cafés, wine houses, and beer halls in Berlin opened its doors today, the proprietors being pledged to common action against the demands of the waiters. The exception was Zielke's large café and cabaret in the Equitable Building.

A few small eating houses which so far have escaped the attention of the waiters' Vigilance Committee, continued business. There is a possibility that the Palais de Danse and some other places where war millionaires and gay women gather nightly will be able to do business later, because perhaps they are the only establishments which can afford to pay the monthly salaries demanded by the waiters.

The principal demand of the men was for 400 marks per month for every waiter under 20 years old and 500 for every one over 20. They declared that dependence on tips was incompatible with self-respect.

The proprietors were at first inclined to negotiate on the condition that tips be abolished altogether. To this the waiters would not agree.

On Monday the proprietors met and pledged themselves to close their places if the waiters should threaten to strike on New Year's night. That is exactly what happened.

For New Year's night establishments had made extra preparations and had provided large quantities of perishable foodstuffs, which in the existing circumstances involved great expense and difficulty. In many of the places tables had been reserved for weeks in advance, in addition to which entrance fees of from one to three marks had been collected.

Promptly at 8 o'clock, when everybody was comfortably seated and the performances were about to begin, the waiters downed the dishes and declared that they would leave the places unless their demands were granted within fifteen minutes. In only one case did they succeed. Zielke's remaining open. Every other café was closed half an hour later.

The proprietors announced the circumstances to their guests, who mostly took the situation good-humoredly and were graciously permitted by the waiters to finish their meals or drinks. Today all the proprietors kept their doors closed as pledged.

As neither side shows any sign of weakening, the places will probably remain closed for some time. Most of the large wine houses, fearing just what happened, kept voluntarily closed last night. The large beer halls, however, did a tremendous business.

The Palais de Danse granted its waiters 1,000 marks monthly, 500 in wages and 500 for meals, because it is unable to feed its employes. The latter sum is not exaggerated, as may seem, because of the enormous cost of foodstuffs here.

BERLIN, Jan. 1, (Associated Press.)—Berlin tangoed her way out of the old year, fox trotted into 1919, and soared away Bolshevism with confetti.

In the downtown section of the city the crowds approximated those of peace times, and police reports show them to have been well behaved.

SAYS 500 DIED EACH DAY.

Russian Prisoner Heard Typhus Killed 750,000 in German Camps.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—One of the Russian prisoners of war, who recently returned to Russia, asserted, according to advices received by the State Department today, that when typhus struck the Russian prison camps in Germany his comrades died at the rate of 500 a day and were buried three deep in a grave.

It was reported that 750,000 died in prison.

WILL KEEP PROMISES.

Unless Government Does It Lloyd George Will Quit.

CARNARVON, Wales, Jan. 2, (via Montreal.)—The recent general election has given democracy an opportunity in the present British Government to change the face of the country, Premier Lloyd George said here yesterday.

The Premier said that unless the Government did its best to fulfill its promises he pledged himself that he would not remain at its head, but would go back to the people for another mandate.

LIEBKNECHT COUP FEARED AT CASSEL

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

election of members of the National Assembly, on the ground that the party might be able to influence the composition of the Assembly. Rosa Luxemburg, one of the Spartacide leaders, replied in a violent speech, declaring, amid thunderous applause, that "the meeting of the National Assembly must be prevented at all costs."

The Liebknecht proposal was rejected by a vote of 63 to 23.

A Berlin dispatch says that 3,000 of the newly organized Christian People's Party, which succeeds the former Centrists, marched to the Ministry of Religion and Education in Unter den Linden at noon on Wednesday and made a vehement protest against the administration of Adolf Hoffmann, Independent Socialist, who has become unpopular in church circles because of his attempted legislation opposing religious liberty in parochial schools. The demonstration was under the leadership of Secretary Pfeiffer of the Christian People's Party, who is a candidate for the National Assembly.

Pfeiffer demanded the overthrow of the Socialistic republic and the establishment of a true democracy. There were shouts of "Put out Hoffmann, who cannot read or write German," but the Radical Minister of Arts, Science, and Religion was not to be seen. The crowd then moved to the Chancellor's palace, where it called for Premier Ebert, but no Cabinet Ministers were visible.

The Vossische Zeitung of Berlin, pointing out that it is of no use for the Germans to complain of the "harsh" terms of the armistice and to plead for food from their former enemies until they establish a stable Government in Berlin, says:

"All that sort of thing is only calculated to confuse the real issues and to miss the only way that leads out of disaster. It is a matter that concerns all the Allies, not France alone, and the Allies know very well what they ought to know.

"They have decided to help Germany when their conditions are fulfilled. Their demand is the restoration of order in Germany. The Allies demand visible guarantees that Germany shall not fall out of one despotism into another, and they demand that the internal condition of Germany shall be placed in a position which shall forbid anarchy.

"The fulfillment of these demands does not depend on a number of conflicting officials and, least of all, on the Armistice Commission. It is the affair of a united and determined Government."

The remedy, according to the newspaper, is to hurry forward the assembling of the national convention. It does not consider it possible that the Allies will break their word.

"Germany must look to her own fate," the Vossische Zeitung says in conclusion. "It is of no use making appeals. There is still time for the German people to win back all that they have lost in the war and what they cannot do without—unity, the respect of the world, and their daily bread. But the last moment has come, and energetic action is demanded."

A Coblenz dispatch says that voluntary enlistments in the German Army are being called for in the district of the Eighteenth German Army Corps near Frankfort, in order that men of the older classes may be mustered out and sent home. By order of the War Minister, the commander of the district of the Eighteenth Corps has established enlistment offices in seventeen towns, including Giessen, Nidda, Steinau, Hoebershausen, Bensheim, Ehrbach, Orb, and Weilburg.

In the course of a discussion in the Provincial Council at Munich regarding anti-revolutionary agitation, Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, referring to attempts to influence opinion in favor of ex-Crown Prince Rupprecht, said that it would be a grievous mistake to compel him to publish the proofs of the guilt of the dynasty, because they would be of such a nature as to cause an outbreak of wrath among the people, and imperil the lives of the members of the dynasty.

The Premier announced the establishment of a national court of justice, composed of twelve members, which would investigate anti-revolutionary plots.

EX-KAISER PLAYED OLD CHRISTMAS ROLE

Staged Ceremony as in Prussian Court for His Suite in Exile.

HELPED LIGHT UP THE TREE

Many of the Messages Addressed to Ex-Ruler Are Intercepted by Chamberlain.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Dec. 26, (via London, Jan. 2.)—Dreadful irony and hollow mockery though it seems, the ex-Kaiser, the man against whom the world is drawing up a terrible indictment, did homage to the Christmas spirit and observed the Christmas customs.

For the fallen monarch, his consort and their entourage, a Christmas tree was brought to the suite set apart in the castle for him. With his own hands he helped place it in position and light the fairy candles, and standing beneath it he played his old rôle of the Prince of Peace. He handed presents to his companions in exile, though the thoughts that must have been in his mind were known only to his Maker and himself.

On Christmas Eve the tragi-comedy was played out as in the Prussian court, and in the strictest privacy, for not even the members of the Bentinck family set foot in the suite of rooms where it was staged.

Rising early on that mournful anniversary morning, Wilhelm went through what is now his daily routine. After having been massaged by one of his soldier attendants, he breakfasted with the ex-Kaiserin and then for an hour paced up and down the corridors of the castle, the only exercise he has been able to take in the last two weeks. Lunching only in company with his consort, he devoted the afternoon to writing and reading letters and telegrams.

Of these an extraordinary number continue to arrive every day from all parts of the world, though not all reach the addressee, for many are intercepted by the Court Chamberlain, Lieut. Col. von Moltke. After dinner the royal exiles, with their entourage and servants, went to the salon, where the Christmas tree was standing and where gifts were exchanged. What the suite received I have been unable to learn, but to each of the ex-Kaiserin's men servants was given a gold scarfpin with the letter "W" enameled on it. To each of her attendants the ex-Kaiserin presented a bracelet.

The mournful "festivities" were arranged by Major Gen. Otto von Endorf and Count Moltke, while the presents were ordered from a jeweler at The Hague.

Christmas morning Wilhelm attended service in the private chapel at the castle. It was conducted by a clergyman belonging to the Lutheran brotherhood established at Zeist. Only the fallen monarch, his consort, and their entourage were present. The Bentinck family has its own Christmas Eve celebration in a separate part of the castle, also going to the village church.

Afterward Wilhelm paced the corridors for an hour, while the ex-Kaiserin, who is much thinner but looks well, walked in the grounds with Countess Keller, one of her oldest personal friends, who came from Germany with her.

All the members of the entourage, including the servants, who formerly lived in hotels in the village of Amerongen, are now lodged in the castle in order to be kept under the strictest surveillance of officers, whose rank is merely nominal, as they have resigned from the army in order to remain with the exiled Emperor. Major Gen. Bedford is a former commander of the Metz garrison. There are four soldiers who act as the ex-Kaiser's bodyguard, and seven other menservants, one of whom, Otto Kruger, has been his barber for ten years and still shaves him daily.

GERMAN NAVAL CHIEF OUT.

Admiral von Scheer Resigned Voluntarily, It is Said.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 2.—Admiral Reinhardt von Scheer, Chief of the German Admiralty Staff, has resigned, according to advices from Berlin.

His resignation, it is stated, was voluntary.

Italians Decorate Americans.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Jan. 1, (Associated Press.)—The silver medal for valor has been awarded to John Cloud of St. Louis, Charles Waldischi of Paris, France, and Bayard Wharton of Philadelphia, volunteers in the American Ambulance Army Service. The award was made for the act of the three men in saving at the risk of their lives a British aviator whose machine had fallen into a swift river.

Times Man Decorated by Italians.

Sidney B. Clarke, formerly connected with the business department of THE NEW YORK TIMES, has received the Italian War Cross for bravery under fire in the great offensive of Oct. 28 on Mount Tomba.

Pachitch to Represent Serbia.

SALONIKI, Jan. 2.—N. P. Pachitch, former Serbian Premier, has left Belgrade for Paris where he will act as one of the Serbian delegates to the Peace Congress.

PARIS REASSURED ON PEACE PARLEYS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

press are in general a paean of rejoicing over the last year and hopeful confidence for the future; "1918 was a year of victory; 1919 will be a year of peace and of the return of prosperity," is the leit motif almost universal.

The tone of the Socialist organs is a striking exception. L'Humanité says:

"We cannot but show ourselves full of disquiet for the future. Pichon and Clemenceau have just formulated publicly their conception of peace. It is in brutal contradiction to that of President Wilson. It was enough for the President to speak at the same time at Manchester to throw into relief the most tragic divergences. Do not let us deceive ourselves; there is no longer any unity of thought among the Allies; and, in consequence, what has the Peace Conference in store for us?"

Those familiar with the political situation do not take this lament very seriously. The Socialists are embittered by the Premier's recent victory, and their attempt to emphasize the differences between the policy of Clemenceau and that of the President is in keeping with the Socialist campaign of the last six weeks.

Defeated though they have been, they will not renounce the hope of weakening the Government by their "gallant play" of supporting Wilson.

AMERICANS RELEASED FROM RASTATT CAMP

War Department Names Soldiers Who Have Been Freed by the Germans.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The War Department made public today the names of the following American prisoners of war reported to have been released from the prison camp at Rastatt:

FRIEDMAN, I., 1,961 Mapes Av., New York.
JANOWSKY, W., 94 Lewis St., New York.
FIALA, JOSEPH C., Jackson, Minn.
CASTIGLIA, M., 288 E. 153d St., New York.
BURKHARDT, HERBERT H., Revere, Mass.
CIANGULLI, ALBINO, Philadelphia.
FLORIDIA, ROCCO, Italy.
HOUFF, JOSEPH, Lorain, Ohio.
McDOWELL, W. H., Westernport, Md.
TAMPA, N., 854 East 144th St., New York.
CARLTON, KAY, Fort Worth, Texas.
COHEN, HYMAN, 185 James St., Newark.
HELMICKI, J., 73 Woltz Av., Buffalo, N. Y.
KROUSE, PHILIP, Memphis, Tenn.
BELL, JERRY E., Dailey, Okla.
WAMPLER, CLAUDE D., Kremlin, Okla.
PRUETT, JAMES A., Montgomery, Ala.
WICKERSHAM, J. H., Hereford, S. D.
CARLIN, JAMES A., Woodhaven, N. Y.
GALLO, E., 2,537 Amsterdam Av., New York.
SCHUBE, L. M., Ashland, Mass.
IRELAND, CARL A., Ashburn, Ga.
ROCCO, H., 854 East 4th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
COHEN, JULIUS, Roxbury, Mass.
STEARNS, JAMES F., Hallowell, Me.
STEPHENSON, ALFRED, Cincinnati, Ohio.
ALEXANDER, HUGH C., St. Anthony, Iowa.
HUGHES, J. P., 958 Grant St., Bronx, N. Y.
CANNON, ROY C., Jonesville, Wis.
RAISLER, FREDERICK, Baltimore, Md.
LEACH, JOHN A., Westminster, Vt.
ROBERTSON, RAYMOND J., Altamont, Ill.
VAN LIERE, WILLIAM, Lodi, N. J.
KEMKOWSKI, RUDOLPH, Milwaukee, Wis.
HERMAN, HARRY, 799 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn.
THOMPSON, TRUMAN L., Russell, Minn.
LIMBACHER, S. J., Braddock, Penn.
EDMONS, CLAUDE L., Jacksonville, Fla.
ELLIS, ALVIN, Barley, Ga.
GRIBBLE, GEORGE S., Rock Island, Tenn.
MORROW, JOHN E., Beaver, Penn.
MOISE, CLAUDE E., Byron, Mich.
FORTE, J., 226 Market St., Newark, N. J.
FILIWICZ, WILLIAM, Philadelphia.
KENNEDY, JOHN, Bassett, Texas.
MARTEN, ROBERT, Jersey City, N. J.
SHERRY, CHARLES A., Shenandoah, Penn.
CARROLL, E. W., Winthrop, Mass.
WILLIAMS, LOUIS, Alliance, Ohio.
ANNZEWSKI, W. Wagners Point, Md.
FOREMAN, GEORGE, Chicago, Ill.
ZYGMUNO, MARTIN, Madison, Ill.
SMERLES, JAMES, Chicago, Ill.
PETERSEN, H. F., Albany, Wis.
PARKER, G. W., 782 E. 12th St., New York.
McMANN, GEO. R., West Springfield, Mass.
DUNCAN, ALBERT, Camden, N. J.
MITCHELL, LOUIS W., Earlsboro, Okla.
DODSON, FRED, Dorossett, Tenn.
PFEIL, CLARENCE W., Sandusky, Ohio.
LEISTER, AARON, Philadelphia.
MACIEWICZ, ALEX, 305 12th St., Brooklyn.
KELLY, WILLIAM, Burnhard, Neb.
MARQUIS, CARL J., Astoria, Ill.
MAURICE, ADILARD J., Lewiston, Me.
RAWLINSON, THOMAS, Washington, R. I.
PERNA, ROCCO, Italy.
MINNIK, FRANK, Tuckerman, Penn.
MULLIGAN, P., 197 Manhattan St., New York.
RONDEAU, LOUIS, Lawrence, Mass.
CARLSON, C. J., Fayette City, Penn.
WOODS, MARTIN W., Folletton, Mo.
SPECK, LOUIS, Sebeka, Minn.
FINSEL, WILLIAM A., Elizabeth, N. J.
SWANSON, HAROLD T., Warren, Minn.
McCARTHY, P. L., Mattinsgate, Mass.
SLATER, HERBERT, So. Dartmouth, Mass.

COBLENZ HEARS SALVOS.

Americans Salute New Year—Third Army May Be Relieved.

COBLENZ, Jan. 1, (Associated Press.)—The German civilians of the area occupied by the American Third Army heard for the first time, with the arrival of the new year, the roar of American artillery in salute, while in Coblenz, Treves, and various villages in the occupied district the crack of American pistols resounded in celebration of the year's advent.

In different parts of the occupied area, including the section east of the Rhine, the American artillerymen fired six-inch howitzers and other guns as the hands of the clock came together at the midnight hour. The charges were blank, as were those fired by the soldiers from their service pistols in round after round in the various towns as the new year came in.

In Coblenz this morning the officers of the Third Army to the number of about 800, called upon Major Gen. Dickman at headquarters to pay their respects to their commander.

Major Gen. Roberts Bullard, commanding the Second Army, arrived in Coblenz today. There have been several rumors that the Second Army would soon take over the occupied area, relieving the Third Army, and that the divisions at present holding the Rhine bridgehead here would be placed in the rear area and be among the first to start for home.

A rise of three feet in the waters of the Rhine and Moselle Rivers today flooded the lower streets of Coblenz and villages along both rivers. The cellars of two hotels in Coblenz, occupied by officers of the American Third Army, were flooded. The high water in the Moselle is causing considerable trouble.

The 4th Division at Cochem, between Coblenz and Treves, has arranged to start a steamer service on the Moselle and carry supplies from Coblenz. Many roads are flooded, hindering automobile truck service.

The rise in the rivers was caused by heavy rains. In a week the total rise has been twelve feet.

HIS TRAIN CAPTURED, LENINE ESCAPED

Bolshevist Third Army Virtually Destroyed When Siberians and Czechs Won Perm.

31,000 PRISONERS TAKEN

Prominent Soviet Leaders Among Them—120 Field Guns, 1,000 Machine Guns, and Other Booty.

VLADIVOSTOK, Dec. 30, (Associated Press.)—In capturing Perm, in the Ural Mountains, General Gaida, at the head of Czechoslovak and Siberian forces, virtually destroyed the Bolshevist Third Army, from which he took 31,000 prisoners. General Gaida's troops captured an armored train, from which Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier, was directing operations in the region of Perm. Lenine himself escaped, but several members of his party were taken prisoners.

The exploit of General Gaida parallels his success in the campaign last Summer. His superiors opposed his plan of attack against Perm, and he carried out the operation at the risk of removal from his command. The bulk of his force was made up of Siberian troops, but he had two regiments of Czechs in his army.

In addition to the 31,000 prisoners reported, General Gaida captured 5,000 railway cars, 120 field guns, 1,000 machine guns, thirty automobiles, an entire wagon transport, several armored trains, and several thousand horses. His manoeuvre was a complete surprise to the Bolsheviki, as proved by the fact that he captured several prominent Soviet leaders at the headquarters of the Third Bolshevist Army. The Bolshevist regiments are declared to have been annihilated and the rest of the enemy army was driven across the Kama River.

Troops of General Semenoff, the anti-Bolshevist leader in the Chita district, have occupied Verkhni Udinsk, on the Siberian Railway east of Lake Baikal.

Two hundred thousand Russian soldiers released from German prisons are expected to pass through Omsk within a fortnight. The Russians are destitute and in a serious condition from exposure and lack of food.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Advices to the State Department today announce that returning Russian prisoners of war, on coming out of Austria-Hungary and Germany, receive offers of 500 rubles monthly, clothing, and food, to join the Bolshevist Red Army. According to this information, few of the prisoners accept this offer, and popular feeling in Russia is strongly against the Bolsheviki.

Nevertheless the power of the Bolsheviki is reported on the increase since the recapture of Kazan and Samara from the Czechs. Their forces are now said to be concentrating on the Ukrainian front, retiring from the Ural Mountains sector and other fronts because of food conditions.

Other advices reaching the State Department today say the Kolchak Government at Omsk has abolished Government control of prices, with a resultant increase. It is also stated that vodka again is being manufactured by the Government, and is selling for six rubles a pint.

WANTS AMERICANS BACK.

Senator Johnson Again Protests Against Fighting in Russia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—A new protest against further shedding of American blood in Russia was voiced in the Senate today by Senator Johnson of California.

The Senator called the attention of the Foreign Relations Committee, which is considering a resolution introduced by him asking the State Department for definite information respecting the Government's Russian policy, to press dispatches from Archangel telling of the advance of allied troops in Northern Russia.

"I don't care if the members favor the Bolsheviki or the old autocratic tyranny," Senator Johnson said, "but I do say that for either to shed American blood is a crime."

MESSAGE FROM TREDWELL.

United States Consul Detained by Reds Was Well on Dec. 17.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—A message from Roger Culver Tredwell, the American Consul, formerly stationed at Petrograd, who has been interned in his rooms at Tashkend, Turkestan, by the Russian Bolshevist authorities since the latter part of October, was made public today by the State Department.

The message, dated Dec. 17, was sent through the Government of India. Mr. Tredwell reported that he was well and that although for six weeks he was not permitted to take exercise, this privilege had finally been given him.

The department announced it was continuing its efforts through various channels to effect the Consul's release.

ARMISTICE SAVED BERLIN FROM BOMBS

CRITICS OF WILSON ASSAILED BY LEWIS

Illinois Senator Charges That Lodge and Knox Conspire to Discredit the President.

SEES 1920 ISSUE IN IT

Cites Course of McKinley in 1898 and Roosevelt in 1901 as Precedents for Wilson's Course.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—In a speech in the Senate today Senator Lewis of Illinois, the Democratic whip, assailed Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, charging that they had deliberately undertaken a conspiracy to discredit President Wilson at home and abroad in the attitude they have assumed in attacking his course in the peace negotiations.

He charged that the two Senators were actuated in their attitude by an effort to so interfere with the achievements of the President at the Paris conference that the Republican Party could make political capital out of it at the next election. The Republicans, he said, blamed the President to fail in his endeavors at Paris.

Senator Lewis declared that the two Senators, in criticising President Wilson for having assumed to lay down peace terms without first consulting the Senate, probably overlooked the policy adopted by President McKinley in the war with Spain, when he authorized a peace protocol without going to Congress, and that of President Roosevelt, who had authorized the United States Army to co-operate with those of four other nations in intervention in China in 1901. While these same Senators, he said, in different capacities upheld the acts of the two Republican Presidents, they had condemned the course of President Wilson.

Seeking a Presidential Issue.

"The concurring assaults by certain leaders on the Republican side upon everything that President Wilson has attempted in Europe," said Senator Lewis, "and in refusing to approve anything undertaken discloses, as I charge, a conspiracy to discredit him and to defeat any designs he enters upon by giving the European negotiator to understand that the Senate is opposed to the President, that it objects to his measures, and that it is speaking with the power to revise, reverse, and repudiate him. The object is to prevent the President from accomplishing anything, and the purpose of this is that when they have dishonored his errand and defeated his objects they may then cry to the American public, 'The President is a failure, his mission is a failure, his failure has made America ridiculous and lost for the United States all the fruits of the war and made a mockery of the sacrifices of blood and lives of its children.'

"This would make the Presidential issue and this, I charge, is the political purpose of the eminent leaders who assail with constancy of time and method everything the President is doing to secure peace and to secure full results from the victory obtained by the United States in her participation with the Allies. I do not object to the eminent Senator from Pennsylvania, Mr. Knox, or the distinguished Senator from Massachusetts, Mr. Lodge, arraying in his leadership of the Republican side, qualifying for the support of Colonel Roosevelt and his following for the nomination for President by biding their time until they can catch the expression of opposition of the Colonel when riding in the Senate to say 'So say we all of us,' but I do object to the country being deceived as to the design and the President of the United States dishonored by false political pretenses to accomplish that purpose.

Condemn All Acts of Wilson.

"I prove this charge by calling to the attention of the American public that not one of these gentlemen who have criticised each course of the President and condemned each action and the omission of any action, have ever approved any one thing the President has undertaken or expressed since he began his mission in Europe. Nothing he has said has received their indorsement, not even a well wish for a successful journey through which his life might be preserved from the perils of the sea, nor an approval of a speech or line in praise of his own country or her noble sons has ever received indorsement nor one expression of gladness or praise for the welcome, the cheers and the reception given him in behalf of America. Nothing he has attempted but is condemned; nothing he has spoken or accomplished has been praised or indorsed. Surely the American public will not be deceived as to the meaning of this remarkable spectacle.

"I now charge that the views of the distinguished Senators who made the assault upon the policies of the President, opposing what he is doing and demanding of him in other things that he is not doing, are in direct opposition to the views that these same Senators have expressed upon similar subjects upon previous occasions. I charge that the assault is for the purpose of conveying to the European negotiators that if they accept the positions presented by the President, the Senate will overthrow them, and by this it is presumed the European negotiators will take license to defeat the President in what the proposes and can justify them for doing it on the grounds that they are serving interests of the American people represented by the Senate which are opposed, as they will say, as shown by the views of the Senate, to what the President proposes.

Senator Lewis wanted to let the European delegates to the Peace Conference know, he said, that "the true situation, so far as the United States is concerned, is that the Senate has nothing whatever to do with what the President is doing and that the President is under no obligations to submit his plans to the Senate or any other legislative branch of the Government."

President's Power to Make Peace.

"The present undertakings of the President," he said, "are as Commander in Chief of the army and in that capacity he has the authority to determine the conditions of the peace settlement. I want to inform all peace negotiators that the President will remain with such power until the full treaty of peace or compact of peace has finally been accepted and peace declared and the armies withdrawn as a result of that acceptance. Treaties made by the President as the head of the civil government and after the war has come to end, is a different subject-matter from making peace by protocol or agreements. In the first instance of a treaty being made by the President the Senate must ratify; in the second, where the President serves as Commander in Chief, agreeing upon terms of peace for the purpose of withdrawing the armies, he serves as the Commander in Chief and executes the authority of the law and of the people vested in him as Executive, and wholly apart from the interference, the opposition, the approval, or repudiation of the Senate."

Problems for League of Nations.

Taking up the proposal for the formation of a League of Nations, Senator Lewis said:

"Unless some arrangement in the form of an international agreement providing a method by which nations can have peace and their disputes be settled to avoid war, the war we have fought will be in vain. Each nation with claims and principles at stake, as it believes them, seeing no method existing through which it can secure peace and obtain its rights, will turn to the only method left and which has just been adopted—war. We will have Italy with her claims conflicting with the Jugoslavs, and these determined by war; the Slavs in Serbia, Greece and Rumania, Poland and Russia, Bohemia, Austria and Turkey, with their conflicting claims; and these countries again will light the torch of war and the conflagration will spread to those lands with interests imperilled by the conflict, and fortunate we will be if there is not a return to the carnage and desolation through which we have just passed. In this connection will be the issue of China and Russia against Japan remaining in Manchuria, and the contention of China against Japan keeping the territories of China captured from Germany which were previously Chinese territory taken by Germany. If there be no court or arrangement now made to meet this situation and appease this conflict we may look for another war between China and Japan, inviting Siberia and Russia at the border to enter the conflict and incite intensified strife throughout the world.

Scouts Temporary Entente Idea.

Alluding to the suggestion made by Mr. Knox in his resolution now pending before the Foreign Relations Committee demanding postponement of all discussion of the League of Nations, Senator Lewis said:

"The eminent Senator from Pennsylvania—late the Secretary of State—presents but one thought throughout his able utterance, all of his expressions being a mere amplification of that simple thought. It is, that with the League of Nations postponed there should be an entente of nations with America as a central figure, which should be the court to which any nation could go, presenting a prospect of being assailed in war, and that this entente would then co-operate to avoid the war. What is this if it be not a League of Nations? And I ask the Senator how could such an entente succeed?

"If it would succeed by merely a partnership in the League of Honor then a League of Nations would succeed by the same method. If it could only succeed by the navy and the army of the combined nations, then we have the force made necessary to the entente which both Senators say is necessary for success of the league, but which they use as the basis of their opposition. Surely the country must see the emptiness of these protests, the want of substance in the criticisms, and the amusing inconsistencies in the positions.

"These reverse attitudes by the eminent Senators would be ridiculous and laughed into contempt were it not that they came from sources that are entitled also to respect because of the ability they represent, the patriotism of their personal lives, and the great constituencies for which they speak.

"I appeal to both as I do to their aides and their supporters, is there not a patriotism which serves country and that rises higher than policies which serve party? At this time is it not the policy that politics stop at the water's edge, and that while the President is on foreign soil contesting for the supremacy of the United States, he receive the unanimous co-operation of the United States Senate; that they hold high his hands, encourage and inspire his heart, and by their co-operation and indorsement impress upon the minds of every negotiator who shall confront the President that the principal thing which he seeks is the thing which this nation demands, and that in his every voice, his every contention, his every plea, his every demand, there is the response and echo from the Congress of the United States to the world, saying: 'We are with him, America is behind him, he is our President, and as against foreign competitors and in foreign fields of conflict for the supremacy and dignity of the United States we have one prayer—God speed him; one purpose, victory to his every undertaking!'"

ONE-THIRD OF WAR BILL IS CASH LENT TO ALLIES

Of $22,589,986,000 Disbursed by Treasury, $7,685,000,000 Was for Other Nations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—More than one-third of the cost of the war to date to the people of the United States, in actual Treasury disbursements up to Dec. 31, 1918, is represented by cash advanced to the Allies.

The disbursements by the Treasury from April 1, 1917, to Dec. 31, 1918, amounted to $22,589,986,000. If the nation had been at peace during this twenty-one months, the normal expenditures would have been about $2,000,000,000, which means that the cost of the war to the United States so far is $22,589,986,000. Of this sum $7,685,000,000 represents cash advances to various foreign Governments. Thus from April 1, 1917, to Dec. 31, 1918, the United States has spent on its own account in the war about $14,904,986,000.

These loans to allied Governments have been made under authority of four separate acts of Congress. They vested the Secretary of the Treasury with authority upon approval of President Wilson to establish credits in favor of foreign Governments. An appropriation of $10,000,000,000 was provided.

Under these authorizations credits were established up to Nov. 15 in favor of Belgium, Cuba, France, Great Britain, Greece, Italy, Liberia, Rumania, Russia, and Serbia amounting to $8,171,976,666. Up to that date there had been advances made to the extent of $7,098,714,750. Since Nov. 15 the credit established in favor of Belgium has been increased from $192,520,000 to $232,895,000. The Czechoslovaks have received a credit of $7,000,000. There has been a slight reduction in the credit granted to France, probably on account of cancellations growing out of the armistice. The credit to Great Britain, which stood at $3,945,000,000 on Nov. 15, now amounts to $4,175,981,000. A credit of $100,000,000 has been granted to Italy in the last few weeks, raising Italy's credit to $1,320,000,000. The other credits remain today as they were on Nov. 15.

The credits on Dec. 31, 1918, were as follows:

Country.	Amount.
Belgium	$252,805,000
Czechoslovaks	7,000,000
Cuba	15,000,000
France	2,436,427,000
Great Britain	4,175,981,000
Greece	39,554,036
Italy	1,310,000,000
Liberia	5,000,000
Rumania	6,686,666
Russia	325,000,000
Serbia	12,000,000
Total	$8,585,523,702

On Nov. 15 credits of $8,171,966 had been established, leaving $1,828,023,334 of the $10,000,000,000 still available. The balance now is $1,414,476,298.

CALLS FOR INQUIRY ON WIRE CONTROL

Kellogg Asks Investigation to Provide Basis for Permanent Solution of Problem.

WOULD EXPAND FACILITIES

Extension of Marine Cables Important, He Asserts—Suggests Consolidation of Land Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Urging that the Government must provide legislation for future control of the radio, telephone, telegraph, and cable systems, Senator Kellogg of Minnesota today offered a resolution to direct the Interstate Commerce Committee to make an inquiry into the whole subject. In his resolution Senator Kellogg called for an investigation of these points:

1. Assumption by the Government of the supervision, possession, control, or operation of any or all of the telegraph, telephone, marine cable, and radio systems.

2. The future ownership, supervision, possession, control, or operation of any or all of said systems by the Government.

3. The conditions under and the extent to which any or all of said systems should be permitted to consolidate and authority therefor.

4. Effect of the Sherman act upon the consolidation of marine cable systems extending to foreign countries and the advisability of modifying said act.

5. Necessity for the extension of the marine cable systems to foreign countries and the effect thereof upon the commerce of the United States.

6. The sufficiency of the telegraph, telephone, marine cable, and radio systems to meet the business requirements of the United States.

7. All other subjects pertinent to the general subject of private ownership, supervision, possession, control, and operation of any or all telegraph, telephone, marine cable, and radio systems.

"I think the time has come for some real conservative legislation on these facilities," said Senator Kellogg. "I seek to have Congress informed as to what is necessary for this extension, development, and best means of operation.

"I am not particularly interested in why these lines were taken over; they have been taken over and we should approach the subject of the future ownership, control, and operation in a broad-minded business way.

"One thing is sure, no one will pretend that the cable lines can be owned and operated by the Government. Mr. Burleson will not insist on this as a permanent policy. He is too intelligent, in my opinion, and too well informed to make any such plans. A question of the most vital importance to the American people and to the development of our foreign commerce is the extension of the cable lines. I want to say now on this is that they should be extended to Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Russia, Italy, and, most important of all, to Brazil and Argentina, in South America.

"The cable is the greatest promoter of the commerce and its cable business to those South American countries, and an extension of our cable facilities at the earliest moment is of surpassing importance to the development of our commerce with those republics to the South. The manufacture of cables should be undertaken by this Government also. Now we are entirely dependent upon Great Britain for that.

"The extent to which the Government should permit the consolidation of telephone, telegraph, and cable systems is a most important question. Manifestly some consolidation under Government control would be of advantage to the people, at least the problem should be considered as settled. It is a serious question whether the duplication of telephone lines, especially, is wise, and there are questions about the consolidation of the cable lines which I hope the Senate will develop."

TWO DESTROYERS RETURN.

Tucker Carries a White Star, Showing That She Sank a Submarine.

BOSTON, Jan. 2. — The destroyers Tucker and Drayton and the converted yacht Isabel arrived here today from overseas, where they have been on patrol duty. These are the first American war vessels to come directly to this port from European waters since the conclusion of hostilities. They were greeted noisily by all the craft in the harbor.

The Tucker sailed from the Boston Navy Yard on May 7 with the second group of American submarines to go overseas. The Drayton left this port with the third group on May 21.

The Tucker had a white star painted on one of her smokestacks, indicating that she had accomplished the destruction of a submarine. The official record shows that she sank a U-boat in the Bay of Biscay on Aug. 9, 1918. At the time the destroyer had on board 153 survivors of a French cruiser which had been sunk without warning by a U-boat. The destroyer sighted the periscope of the submarine at a distance of 800 yards and gave chase. The U-boat submerged, and the destroyer went ahead until the dim outline of the submarine could be seen twenty feet below the surface, when two depth charges were dropped. Oil and wreckage came to the surface.

The Tucker is commanded by Commander Carroll S. Graves of Spokane, Lieut. Commander A. W. Comstock commands the Isabel, and Lieutenant Charles C. Ross the Drayton.

CITY ALSO WANTS A B. R. T. RECEIVER

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

of Corporation Counsel William P. Burr and Controller Craig, who desired to know when action on making the receivership permanent would be taken. When they learned from Judge Mayer that it would not be until Jan. 15, the two city officials returned to City Hall and conferred with the Mayor for two hours. No information was furnished as to whom the city would nominate as additional receiver if this privilege was granted by the court.

Service Board Also Active.

At the same time that Mayor Hylan and other municipal officials were taking steps looking to the appointment of an additional receiver for the B. R. T. the Public Service Commission was making plans with the same end in view.

William L. Ransom, formerly chief counsel of the commission, was retained by the commission in the litigation growing out of the receivership. Mr. Ransom had a talk with Jurge Mayer in regard to his intervention in the proceedings and in appearing at the hearing before the court on Jan. 15. Commenting on the matter last night, Mr. Ransom said:

"I have been retained by the Public Service Commission as special counsel and will act in the commission's and the city's behalf in all matters relating to contract No. 4, which is the contract, under the dual system, between the city and the B. R. T. Company. I am preparing papers to present to the court for leave to intervene, and if this is granted a motion will be made for the appointment by the court of another receiver to act with Mr. Garrison.

"The receiver now has possession of $120,000,000 worth of city property, and there is about $8,000,000 due the city which it will not get until the company earns the amount. If the amount is to be earned by a receiver, the city and the commission should be represented during the proceedings."

A statement issued by the commission said:

"Under the dual contracts, the gross receipts are used first for the payment of operating expenses, maintenance expenses, fixed charges on the company's investment, preferential, and then fixed charges on the city's investment, and the commission has the right to check and audit the financial accounts of the companies, to make sure that only proper deductions are being made from the gross revenues, in order that the city's investment may be protected. The two companies in question are using rapid transit lines upon which the city's expenditures amount to over $100,000,000, and it is the protection of this interest that causes the commission to make application to the court."

Mayor Hylan, in his statement, it was pointed out distinctly, said that the Corporation Counsel would represent the city in the hearing before Judge Mayer. A clashing of interests or duplication of effort it was said last night by persons who were following the developments in the situation, seemed likely.

Colonel Timothy S. Williams, President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, was at the company's offices yesterday, but declined to make a statement. Now that Mr. Garrison had been put in charge of the company's affairs, Colonel Williams said, he had acquired "the privilege of silence," and hereafter the duty of giving out information would be Mr. Garrison's. However, Colonel Williams was asked a number of questions about the finances of the company, but asserted that his brief statement immediately after the appointment of the receiver covered all he had to say.

A meeting of all bureau heads and division chiefs of the three corporations directly involved was called by Colonel Williams yesterday. At this meeting practical questions of operation were discussed and Colonel Williams's subordinates got from him instructions to co-operate with the receiver in every way, in order that operation might be without interruption and the public might not be inconvenienced.

Powers of the Receiver.

Considerable detail was added yesterday to earlier information as to just how the receivership came about with the filing of Judge Mayer's order. The order directed Mr. Garrison to file a bond for $100,000, and instructed him to take possession of all the properties of the B. R. T., the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, and the New York Consolidated Railway Company, and to continue the operation of the "system of street, surface, and rapid transit lines of the defendant railroads."

Mr. Garrison is authorized to borrow money to redeem any and all of the securities of the several defendants now pledged in loans, which in his judgment are needful for the receivership. The order directs the officers of the company to turn over all papers belonging to them and enjoins them from interfering in any way whatever with the possession and management of the properties and assets. A suit in equity brought by the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, led to the receivership. All the allegations of the complainant were admitted by President Williams, who joined in the petition of the plaintiff company that the Federal court take over the property for the protection of the creditors, bondholders, and stockholders. The Westinghouse concern's claim amounted to $40,346.72 for electrical equipment, material, and supplies. It was set forth that $6,225 was due for supplies furnished to the New York Municipal Railway Company at the request of the B. R. T.

The complaint, after giving the capitalization of the three companies, alleges that the B. R. T. has assumed the New York Municipal's obligations to the face value of $37,775,000. It adds that the B. R. T. owns 63,070 shares of the stock of the Nassau Electric Railroad Company, 3,600 shares of the Coney Island and Gravesend Railway Company, 4,901 of the South Brooklyn Railway Company, 500 of the Bridge Operating Company, 1,987 of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, and 19,991 of the Brooklyn, Queens County and Suburban Railroad Company, and controls, through stock ownership, the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, and owns and leases power houses, power plants, and substations in New York and Brooklyn.

Continuing, the complaint tells of the raising by the New York Municipal Railway Company, formed by the B. R. T., to enter into dual subway contracts with the city, of $30,000,000 on first mortgage bonds, and the deficit of $11,000,000 by which this sum failed to prove adequate to provide the initial construction and equipment. It was explained that the subway company now is without adequate funds to complete the program of construction and equipment under its contractual requirements and to meet indebtedness due or about to come due. The amount of these immediate obligations of the subway company is declared to be in excess of $4,200,000. Many creditors have become impatient, although it has been known for some time that rising operating costs were cutting the surplus.

SHONTS ISSUES A NEW PLEA.

Urges 8-Cent Fares on Surface Lines and 3-Cent Transfers.

Theodore P. Shonts, who as President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company wrote to the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate on Tuesday a plea for an 8-cent fare on the company's elevated and subway lines, wrote to the same public bodies yesterday as President of the New York Railways Company, asking that permission be granted to charge an 8-cent fare on the surface lines and 3 cents additional for transfers. If this permission is refused, Mr. Shonts says, the leased lines will have to be returned to their owners, who will have the right to charge a 5-cent fare with no obligation to give free transfers, or the company will be forced into the hands of a receiver.

Mr. Shonts introduced his letter by saying that he deemed it his duty to make public the condition of the surface lines, notwithstanding the fact that the city has no investment in them, because "the financial life of the surface railroads is in the keeping and under the control of the Board of Estimate and of the Public Service Commission" through power to authorize or refuse increased fares.

"If you take no action," the letter says, it will be only a matter of a short time before the company will be without funds to continue operation. Its credit is so impaired by high costs due to the war, and the refusal, so far, of those in authority to give any relief, in hope of relief, that it has become impossible to borrow any more money on its credit. Its accumulated funds are about exhausted, and for several months its passenger revenue has not equaled operating expenses and taxes."

Mr. Shonts reviews the ineffectual efforts made by the company last Summer to obtain from the city some concessions in the matter of increased fares or fewer transfers, and says that the Board of Estimate dismissed further consideration of the matter just before the signing of the armistice when "affairs were at their worst." He referred to "sarcastic remarks," made by city officials about the high rentals paid by the company for leased lines, and how greatly the owners of these lines profited by these rentals. Mr. Shonts then says that the aggregate rentals for the leased lines is 75 per cent. upon the aggregate stocks and bonds held by the public that an appraisal of the property belonging to the owners of the leased lines shows that the rental is actually 5 per cent. of that value, and that, therefore, there is no way to compel the owners to reduce the rentals. If the lines are returned to the owners, he says, the public will have to pay more than 5 per cent. Then Mr. Shonts writes:

"There can be nothing saved to the public therefore by forcing the bankruptcy of this company and the consequent return of the leased lines to their owners. On the contrary, those owners will be entitled to charge a full five-cent fare, with no obligation to exchange free transfers. Even if you order through routes and joint rates, you will have to make them high enough to produce at least a 6 per cent. return upon the fair value of the property used by the public to avoid having your orders set aside as confiscatory.

"We do not ask that any return be assured, at this time, beyond that necessary to avoid bankruptcy. An appraisal of the property and the question of the fair return upon the value ascertained will naturally take several months of time. During that period we are willing that the revenues above what is needed to avoid bankruptcy be held by trustees and ultimately be disposed of as may hereafter be agreed upon or determined by arbitration.

"Our studies indicate that for the immediate relief of the surface lines should be authorized to charge an 8-cent fare and 3 cents for a transfer. Such charges during the next eighteen months should provide only a reasonable return on the actual value of the New York Railways property used in the public service and accumulate in addition about $2,000,000 for the benefit of the city. But I repeat that we are willing that every dollar above what is necessary to keep the property intact as a going concern may be held in trust until the property shall be appraised and the ratio of return agreed upon by the city.

"I hesitate to send so emphatic a communication, and I beg to assure you that I have no intention to be disrespectful, but the situation is critical, and I feel that you would blame me hereafter if I should fail now to speak plainly and to the point."

PREPARE TRACTION BILL.

Measure Providing for Municipal Ownership Said to Have Been Drawn

Those who have been following traction developments in this city heard yesterday that a bill providing for municipal ownership and operation of all of the traction lines in the State had been drawn and would be presented to the Legislature within a few days. On Saturday afternoon, it was said, there was a conference in Albany attended by several of the Mayors of the most important cities in the State, and by representatives of the Public Service Commissions, for the purpose of deciding upon some of the important details of the measure. It was learned yesterday that the bill was now in its final form.

Considerable secrecy concerning the conferences of Mayors interested in the measure and the work of preparing it for introduction in the Legislature has been observed. One of those who have participated in the conferences said yesterday that the bill had been drawn to meet two different conditions in the various cities, and to provide for the raising of funds necessary to take over the lines. He also said that the bill would receive the support of the State administration.

DENIES FARE INCREASE.

Court Holds Traction Company to Terms of Its Franchise.

Judge Chatfield of the United States Court in Brooklyn denied yesterday the application of the receivers of the North Shore Traction Company for permission to increase fares from 5 to 7 cents and, in an opinion, set forth the limitations of franchise obligations and the necessity resting upon a holder of a public franchise to keep to its terms or, being unable to do this, to liquidate. The company has made several attempts to induce the Public Service Commission to permit it to increase its rates. An opinion by Commissioner Whitney was to the effect that while the company should be permitted to charge a higher rate the commission was powerless unless the Board of Estimate first modified its franchise in reference to the 5-cent fare stipulation.

The company operates in Queens. It finally fell into the hands of receivers, who concluded that the only hope of putting the company on its feet and enabling it to meet its obligations was to increase fares so that its revenues could be increased about one-third. Having failed to obtain any concessions from the Board of Estimate the courts were invoked.

The court defines the precise situation of the various traction companies which are held to a fixed fare by franchise limitations, and says that courts have no power to force the city to make a new contract or to permit any corporation to violate an existing contract. If the city sought to compel a company to reduce fares the courts could then interfere, but as long as the city adheres to its contract with a company the courts are without jurisdiction. The application of the company was opposed by the city on similar grounds.

HALT SEVEN-CENT CARS.

Denver Crowds Resent Increase in Trolley Fares.

DENVER, Col. Jan. 2.—Demonstrations tonight against the collection of a 7-cent street car fare, recently approved by the State Public Utilities Commission, resulted in blocking virtually all the lines of the Denver Tramway Company.

A crowd collected at Fifteenth and Larimer Streets in the heart of the business quarter, pulled trolley poles from the wires and cut trolley ropes.

"FLYING TANK" CAPTURED.

British Also Find a Giant Gotha That Carried Fourteen Men.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Many airplanes were destroyed in part by the Germans when they evacuated Cologne, according to reports from correspondents in the British area of occupation.

Among the dismantled machines is the skeleton of a huge Gotha, built to carry fourteen men. On its broad wings are walks, while iron ladders lead to the upper plane, where machine gunners were posted.

Another machine is an armored airplane for use in attacking trenches with machine guns. The wings are of corrugated steel, and steel plates, a quarter of an inch thick, protect vital points as well as the seats for two men. Two machine guns point through the bottom of the fuselage.

ARREST CAPT. LADOUX.

Former French Intelligence Officer Is Jailed.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—Captain Georges Ladoux, former Assistant Chief of the Intelligence Bureau of the Ministry of War, was arrested today, and, after hearing his accusation read by Colonel Goubet, was sent to the Santé Prison.

The Captain is charged with the loss of a document relating to persons likely to be implicated in one of the cases now pending concerning trading with the enemy.

Proceedings were begun against Captain Ladoux in March, when he was thought to have been connected with the cases of Bolo Pacha and M. Duval, Director of the Bonnet Rouge, both of whom were executed for treason. Among those awaiting trial in France on a charge of trading with the enemy is former Premier Caillaux and Senator Humbert.

J. D. Rockefeller Goes to Florida.

John D. Rockefeller passed through this city yesterday on his way to Ormond Beach, Fla., from his home at Pocantico Hills. He is understood to have announced his intention to remain South until May 1, when he will return to Pocantico Hills or to his home at Lakewood, N. J. Mr. Rockefeller is said to have purchased a new Winter home at Ormond Beach. He left this city on a special car leaving shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

NAON TELLS WHY HE QUIT.

Ambassador from Argentina Resents His Country's Neutrality.

Dr. Romulo S. Naon, for several years Ambassador from Argentina to the United States, sent a letter of resignation to his Government on Dec. 22, 1917. Later the letter was published in Buenos Aires. Recently a translation of the text of the resignation was received in New York. Dr. Naon was strongly of the opinion that, after the United States entered the war, the Argentine Government should join the Entente, even if it had not seen its way clear to do so before. He had good reason to believe that his Government would accept the views expressed in his resignation. Therefore, he continued to hold office. When his Government took no action, he quit his post the day the armistice was signed. Last night Dr. Naon refused to discuss the resignation, since, he said, it concerned only the Government and people of his country. In part a translation of the document reads:

"A patriotic duty, as well as a feeling of loyalty towards my Government, forced me to resign. I do not feel it possible any longer for me to hold this post. I cannot be the mouthpiece of a policy from which I differ so fundamentally.

"In the first place, I do not observe any single reason that would justify our passive attitude in the present war, without conflicting with our former international conduct, which has always presented us before the world, within the reasonableness of human things, as champions of right and justice.

"In the second place, I am firmly convinced of the absolute necessity of consolidating the Pan American policy as a fundamental requirement of the political interests of Argentina. This consolidation demands for its finality a policy of harmony and co-operation between the countries of this continent, and especially between the United States and Argentina.

"In conclusion: there is a fundamental divergence of opinion, which calls for my withdrawal. I cannot even see the possibility of any middle way. The policy of neutrality which, as I see this Government is resolved to maintain, is for me profoundly an erroneous policy. Sooner or later it will discredit the moral standard of our name; it will hurt our prestige, and may even perhaps cause doubt of our political ability to carry on the mission of construction and responsibility which is our duty in the reorganization of international life."

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254 TAKEN FROM STRANDED SHIP

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

in waters strewn with wrecks of other years.

The rescue of the soldiers and nurses began at 9 o'clock this morning. At dawn the life guards from Oak Island, Point o' Woods, and Fire Island, who stood vigil through the night, got to work. They had watched the vessel, upon which the searchlights had played from sundown to sunrise, as she was driven slowly inshore, the seas at times breaking over the hulk. Now and then it seemed, the guards said, that the vessel lurched violently under the pounding of big combers.

Ready for the Rescue.

At 6 A. M., when the Captains of the life guards gave the command to get readily, the wind had shifted to the south and the seas were running heavy and fast. With the life guards was Lieut. Col. Pierce of the Medical Corps of the Army, and sixty-five other officers from the office of Colonel John M. Kennedy, the Chief Surgeon at the Port of Embarkation in Hoboken. Also on hand and ready to receive, clothe, and feed the men were the women of the Red Cross chapters at Bay Shore, Islip, and other nearby places. In Bay Shore the hospital at the Naval Air Training Station had been made ready, while every house in town was prepared to receive the overflow.

Shortly before 8 A. M. the seas had calmed sufficiently to justify an attempt on the part of the life guards to get a ferry line from the ship to shore. The placing of this line was a hazardous undertaking. With nine picked guards Captain Tuttle set out for the Northern Pacific in one of the surfboats belonging to the Oak Island crew.

It required an hour for the guards to negotiate the 200 yards that separated the ship from shore. Time and again it seemed that the boat would capsize, but she was kept afloat, and at 9 o'clock the little craft was alongside the transport. A stout hawser was dropped from the ship to the lifeguards, and by 9:30 A. M. it had been made fast ashore, and then the surfboat started for its first load of passengers, using the line as is done by river ferrymen in pulling barges across streams. The helmsman who guided the craft was Joe Carter, the giant of the Point o' Woods crew.

It was 10 o'clock when the first of the soldiers were landed. Besides Lieutenants Chart and Wilson the party included Private Lichner, Corporal Joseph Sinkler of Braidwood, Ill., and Private John A. Logan of Company G of the 111th Infantry of the Pennsylvania Guard Division, whose home is in Bethlehem, Penn. All of these men are veterans of the Argonne and all wear wound stripes, two of them—Lichner and Wilson—two each. All have recovered from their wounds, however.

Lieutenant Chart said that when the Northern Pacific grounded Wednesday morning there had been a succession of three shocks, the first two caused, he supposed, by the ship's scraping over two lessed sandbars before she finally landed on the great bar in which she is now imbedded. When the vessel struck the last bar, he said, a tremor went through the ship, and there was some excitement, especially in the wards where the litter cases were being cared for. The excitement, however, was shortlived and all on board, including the most seriously wounded, were quickly reassured that they were in no danger. Last night, he added, a concert was held on board in which every man who could play an instrument or sing a note did his part.

Bonfires on the Beach.

In the second boat to land, which was manned by the guards from Oak Island, were Elmer Patrick of Michigan City, Ind.; Harlow Tubbs of Ann Harbor, Mich.; and Frederick Cresnecks of Pittsburgh, all of them privates of the 8th Trench Mortar Battery. When the boats reached a point within forty or fifty feet of the shore the life guards waded out, picked up the soldiers and carried them to the land. By this much valuable time was saved.

As fast as the men were landed their names were taken by the officers from the port of embarkation. Huge bonfires were kept burning along the beach, before which the drenched men warmed themselves and received sandwiches and steaming coffee from the women of the Red Cross. The men were grouped in squads by the officers and taken to Bay Shore, where those who were unable to care for themselves were placed in the hospital at the Naval Air Station, while the others were given warm rooms in cottages which the citizens had placed at the disposal of the Government. Others, to the number of 130, were sent to Camp Mills on a special train and arrived there late this afternoon.

Just before the rescue operations for the day caused the first mishap occurred. The Oak Island surf boat, which was being pulled ashore, capsized. Captain Joseph Tuttle, the veteran commander of the Oak Islanders, was in charge of the boat, and he said later that it was the first time in twenty-eight years that he had figured in so disgraceful an affair as a capsizing." Captain Tuttle was in the bow of the boat and was holding it to its course by swinging on to the hawser. Suddenly there came an unusually heavy comber, the Captain was tossed up several feet into the air, he lost his grip on the rope, and a moment later the crew and all the passengers were in the water.

The soldiers in the boat, all from the 8th Trench Mortar Battery, were Robert M. McGraw of Washington, D. C.; Albert Sates of Buffalo, and Thomas King of Poughkeepsie. King and McGraw were unconscious when rescued by the life savers who rushed into the water to save them. Bates was dazed, and when he came up he started to walk toward the ship, as the water was only about four feet deep where the boat capsized. Carter, the big helmsman, caught him, lifted him in his arms like a baby, and brought him safely ashore, where he was revived. All three men were hurried to the hospital at the air station.

Indian Trooper Capsized.

Captain George A. Baker of Fire Island was in charge of the second boat that capsized, the accident being due, as in the former case, to a giant wave that lifted the boat up and made it impossible for Captain Baker to hold on to the hawser. The men in this boat, all of whom were quickly rescued, were Norman Belleville of Cleveland, Lester Cooper, an Indian artilleryman of Bellingham, Wash.; Frank Regan of Akron, Ohio, and Alfred Morehouse of Everett, Wash.

When the second boat capsized, a council was held by the lifesavers and Government officers, and it was decided to discontinue the ferry service and to substitute the breeches buoy. A line was shot to the Northern Pacific, and the first man to come ashore was Private Robert A. Gebhardt of Woodcliff, N. J. Twelve other men were sent through the air via the breeches buoy before darkness caused a suspension of rescue activities. A motor launch from the flagship Columbia which tried to reach the side of the Northern Pacific also capsized. There were no soldiers in the boat, and the lifesavers who manned the launch effected their own rescue and returned to their ship, which is anchored a mile offshore.

Among those who waited for hours this morning for news of relatives on board the transport was Mrs. A. M. Broughton of 13 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn, wife of Lieutenant Broughton, who is a son of the Rev. Dr. Len G. Broughton. Mrs. Broughton had a message wigwagged to the ship, but was unable to get an answer. She had despaired of hearing from her husband and had gone home when he landed in the breeches buoy. Mrs. Broughton was notified and met her husband here tonight. Lieutenant Broughton was severely wounded in the Argonne fighting.

Among the soldiers landed were the Rev. Father J. P. O'Mahoney of the 26th Infantry; W. H. Allen, Williamston, S. C.; Fred S. Werner, 3,027 Third Avenue, New York City; Carl S. Steger, Stockton, Cal.; Harry Probst, Canton, Ohio; Maurice Hupner, Spokane, Wash.; Allen Cline, Midland, Penn.; Fred Warner, 3,027 Third Avenue, New York City; C. L. Rickard, Santa Rosa, Cal., Lieutenant F. C. Roberts, Philadelphia; Corporal James Sinkler, Braidwood, Ill.; A. Yzerman, Sunnyside, Wash.; Warren H. Haught, East Liverpool, Ohio; W. Anderson, San Francisco; John J. Brown, Sheridan, Iowa; Morris Huppine, Spokane, Wash.; E. Schellenburg, Altoona, Penn.; E. M. Newkirk, King City, Col.; John F. Murphy, Chico, Cal.; William L. Lyons, Spokane, Wash.; Camlu Cy Smith, Victor, N. Y.; Raymond C. Mitchell, Tacoma, Wash.; James J. Castle, Bakersfield, Cal.; O. Overfield, Tacoma, Wash.; Maston Owens, California; Chester A. Cordell, Kansas City; Jake Poole, Covena, Wash.; Miss Ruth W. Wallen, North Portsmouth, Mass.; Miss Mary A. Murphy, Caylesville, R. I.; Sergeant David C. Begoin, Idaho Falls, Idaho; Herman Gower, Mason City, W. Va.; Miss Mary L. Elderkin, 516 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn; Marcus Snyder, Yakima, Wash.; Lorene E. Forrest, Spokane, Wash.; Joseph B. Jones, Acton, Ohio; Walter T. Tobs, Ann Arbor, Mich., and son; Quinton Pendergaft, Doty, Wash.; Philip I. Tomlin, Bangor, Wash.; Lee Zeiman, Aberdeen, Wash.; Miss Roba A.

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Decoration for Col. Whittlesey.

Scene on Boston Common when Lieut. Col. Charles Whittlesey, commander of the famous "Lost Battalion," received the Congressional Medal of Honor, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times, next Sunday.—Adv.

BERGER TELLS JURY OF ANTI-WAR STAND

Admits He Favored a General Strike to Prevent American Preparedness.

URGED ARMING FOR REVOLT

Article Written in 1909 Exhorted Steps for Backing Ballots with Bullets.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Victor L. Berger, Socialist Congressman-elect, who is on trial in Federal Judge Landis's Court with four others on the charge of violating the Espionage act, was sharply cross-examined today.

Backing his questions by the Socialist leader's written words, Joseph B. Fleming, Assistant United States Attorney, forced Berger to admit violent opposition to the Government's war program.

Berger denied that the sinking of the Lusitania was an invasion of American rights. He admitted having declared that "this country had been plunged into war by the trickery and treachery of the national administration and Congress" and vigorously said he "still held that view."

He also admitted having written on Aug. 21, 1914, that "capitalism is only one cause and a minor one at that" of the war, and that "another and far more important cause is nationalism and class hatred."

Berger was confronted with proof that he had urged war on Mexico in 1916, in contrast to the defense that "Socialists are opposed to all wars." He confessed that in 1909, over his own signature, he advised Socialists and workingmen that "safety and hope will finally lie only in a violent and bloody revolution."

So broad did the defendant's German accent become on one occasion that the prosecutor asked if he understood the English language.

"Ever advocate violence?" was the first question asked of Berger.

"Never," he answered.

Prosecutor Fleming picked up an editorial from The Social Democratic Herald, dated July 31, 1909, and signed by Berger. It read in part:

"In view of the plutocratic lawbreaking of the present day, it is easy to predict that the safety and hope of this country will finally lie in one direction—only that—a violent and bloody revolution. Therefore, I say, each of the 500,000 Socialist voters and of the 2,000,000 workingmen who instinctively incline our way, should, besides doing still more thinking, also have a good rifle and the necessary rounds of ammunition in his home and be prepared to back up his ballot with his bullets if necessary."

"Did you write that?" asked Fleming.

"I would say that today," replied Berger.

"How long have you been in sympathy with the I. W. W.?"

"I have never been in sympathy with the I. W. W. I believe in industrial unionism."

Out came a letter to A. Wourl, written May 6, 1916, saying: "I believe that the I. W. W. is destined to take the place of the American Federation of Labor," and that "I will gladly admit that the I. W. W. has stood the test of being a class organization infinitely better than the trade unions."

Concerning the St. Louis Socialist platform Berger said:

"I didn't write that platform, but I agreed to its general philosophy. I voted for it."

Berger admitted that in 1916 he had favored a general strike of workers to prevent the nation from preparing for war, and that he had made an address at Madison Square Garden, New York, May 30, 1917, in which he said: "This war is a morganic marriage between Lombard Street, London, and Wall Street, New York."

Again, he admitted having published an editorial in his newspaper stating that "registration day is over. The next step is the national shame of selecting men to be butchered in the interests of the capitalist classes."

Berger's statement that "all wars are capitalistic," caused him trouble. Asked what American wars were such, he finally declared that the revolution, the civil war, and the Spanish-American war were all right, but that those of 1846-48 with Mexico and the present one were such.

Attorney Cochems asked the witness about the statement that Arthur Brisbane and a memorial fund to Brisbane's father were represented by ownership of a tenth of the stock of Milwaukee Socialist Leader, Berger's paper.

"Albert Brisbane, the father of Arthur Brisbane," said Berger, "was the first native American to write on Socialism, his books appearing in 1840. In honor of his father, Arthur purchased $5,000 worth of stock for himself and $5,000 for a memorial fund for his father, who is dead. The hall in which the Leader and the Socialist headquarters are located is called Brisbane Hall, in honor of the father."

WANTS BARNARD'S LINCOLN.

Manchester Paper Welcomes Its Reported Presentation to the City.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Commenting on the report that George Grey Barnard's statue of Lincoln has been offered to the City of Manchester, The Manchester Guardian says:

"The Barnard statue is anything but conventional, and to those accustomed to the sentimentalism which marks most of the statues in our squares and buildings it comes as something of a shock. Rather than refine one feature of a man who was rough-hewn in every limb and lineament, the sculptor almost fiercely thrusts forward the clumsiness and disproportion of Lincoln's figure, as though to say, 'Here is a man who needs no sentimental treatment.'

"If the statue comes, as we hope and believe it will, to Manchester, it will be one of the few in the city of first-rate interest to all who care for sincerity in art and will be an object for a pilgrimage by Americans for all time to come.

"Nothing could more fitly mark the historic connection of this city with America; nothing could better recall that great, self-sacrificing complement to the civil war which Americans will never forget, when the Lancashire operatives were content to go hungry that America might be united and free."

The Guardian says that the offer of the statue to Manchester was made by Charles P. Taft of Cincinnati.

A London dispatch on Dec. 20 announced that the statue of Lincoln by Augustus Saint-Gaudens would be placed in the Canning inclosure at Westminster in London, according to the decision of the American commission appointed to decide whether Saint-Gaudens's work or the Barnard statue of Lincoln should be selected for this honor. The Barnard statue, it was stated, would be offered to some other large British city. This announcement followed a long controversy over the respective merits of the two statues.

SOLDIERS WANT LETTERS.

Word from Home Never More Needed, Says Y. M. C. A. in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—Letters from home were never more needed by American soldiers and sailors than at present, according to a statement issued today by the headquarters of the Young Men's Christian Association here.

It is urged that relatives of men in the service continue to write to them until their return has been definitely arranged for.

This statement was made after it had been learned that many soldiers and sailors had received letters saying that, now that the war was over and the men were soon to return to America, there was no further need to keep on writing.

TELLS OF TURK ATROCITIES.

French Writer Says 80,000 Armenians Were Slain at One Place.

PARIS, Jan. 2, (Havas.)—In giving details of the Armenian massacres in Turkey in the last five years, the Constantinople correspondent of the Petit Parisien says that at one time 100,000 Armenians were concentrated for alleged strategical reasons at Dorgor, Arabia. The Turkish authorities in Constantinople thought the number was too high and gave orders that 80,000 of the Armenians be put out of the way.

In the Mush Valley, the correspondent adds, the Kurds robbed 2,000 Armenian women. Later, suspecting that the women had swallowed their jewels, the Kurds killed them in a horrible manner and burned the bodies. The next day "these monsters quietly sifted the ashes seeking the jewels."

The correspondent reports that in the same region 7,000 children between 3 and 10 years of age died of starvation and 100 women were buried alive in trenches which the Turks first forced them to dig.

Takes Control of Kansas City Lines.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 2.—Under orders from Judge John C. Pollock of the Federal Court, United States Marshals today took control of the street cars and property of the Kansas City Railways Company in Kansas City, Kan., as an outgrowth of the strike of motormen and conductors in progress since Dec. 11. Trainmen as well as guards are being employed by the Federal authorities and assigned to duty as rapidly as they can be sworn in. All are armed. In Kansas City, Mo., there was no change in the strike situation.

EXPLODING GASOLINE SETS GIRLS AFLAME

Tank Car Burst in Standard Oil Yards at Constable Hook.

SHATTERED BUILDING WALLS

Flaming Liquid Thrown Into Can Department, Where 100 Men and Girls Were Working.

A tank car containing about 10,000 gallons of gasoline exploded in the Standard Oil yards at Constable Hook, Bayonne, N. J., yesterday afternoon and set fire to the Case and Can Department, a two-story brick building, where about 100 men and girls were working. The occupants of the building ran out in panic, their clothing aflame from the burning fluid and many of them were trampled in the rush for the exits. Twenty of the workmen and girls were badly burned and taken to the Bayonne Hospital.

The car which contained the gasoline was at the side of the building and the force of the detonation threw the flaming fluid in all directions, shattering the windows and part of the wall. Belief was expressed last night by officers of the Standard Oil Company that the explosion was caused by sparks from pieces of steel struck together by a workman, which ignited the vaporous gases.

The plant is situated in the heart of the foreign section of the town and many of the male residents are employed there. A crowd of about 4,000 who heard the report and saw the huge cloud of smoke quickly gathered about the gates of the plant. Many laborers working in other sections of the yard dropped their work and made a wild dash for escape, and it was a considerable time before they could be quieted and persuaded that there was no danger.

The company's plant staff of physicians and nurses were the first rescue workers to reach the scene. When it was seen that a considerable number of persons had been badly hurt and that many of the girl workers had been rendered hysterical through fright a call for additional medical help was sent to Bayonne and doctors from there responded. Those who were injured but slightly were sent to their homes after being cared for at first aid stations inside the plant.

The fire apparatus maintained by the Standard was at the scene in time for the company firemen to help in the work of rescue and aid in stemming the panic that for a time threatened to become serious. The blaze in the case and can building was extinguished without resorting to aid from the Bayonne City Fire Department.

At the Bayonne Hospital, authorities said that the condition of all the injured there is serious. Helen Miskowski, 19 years old, of 32 East Twenty-fifth Street, one of the girls badly burned, is not expected to live, it was said. Others badly hurt were Mary Rynenicz, 22 years old, of Jersey Street, Staten Island; Bertha Crisko, 19 years old, of 45 East Twenty-third Street, Bayonne, and Florence Sorinden, 19 years old, of 223 Prospect Avenue, Bayonne.

$3,658,000 FOR EXPLOSIONS.

War Department Estimates Cost of Gillespie Plant Disaster.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The appropriations necessary to pay for private property destroyed in New Jersey by the explosions last October at the Gillespie shell-loading plant will approximate $3,658,600, according to a report to Congress by the War Department. The department estimates that 10,000 claims will be filed.

The board of army officers in charge of the investigation reported that it did not believe it had authority to adjust claims of insurance companies or those of individuals for loss of rent on destroyed buildings.

GERMANS DECREASING ARMY

Noske Says 1,000,000 Men Have Already Been Demobilized.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Gustave Noske, one of the new members of the Ebert Government in Germany, is quoted in an interview printed in The Express as saying that the demobilization of the German Army is proceeding much more rapidly than was at first believed possible. So far, he stated, about one million soldiers had been demobilized.

German troops in barracks, the Minister added, were being moved to points where it was deemed necessary to combat Bolshevism, but he did not believe there was any real danger from the Bolshevist movement.

TO STUDY STATE TAXATION.

Conference of Mayors Appoints Commission to Suggest Plans.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 2.—A commission composed of sixteen tax experts, representing every organization and property interest concerned in the study of taxation, was appointed tonight by Mayor Walter R. Stone, as President of the State Conference of Mayors.

In a statement accompanying the announcement, the Mayor declared that the tax system in New York State is in a chaotic condition and expressed the hope that his commission can evolve some practicable plan for relief in time for its consideration by the Legislature at this session.

The commission includes William J. Wallin, Mayor of Yonkers, Chairman; Mark I. Koon, Mayor of Auburn; Senator Henry M. Sage, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee; John J. Merrill, member of the State Tax Commission; Frank Zoller, counsel of Mercantile and Manufacturing Associations; Frank N. Godfrey, State Grange; James A. Wendell, Deputy State Comptroller; Mark Graves, Bureau of Municipal Accounts; Charles M. Heald, Commissioner of Finance of Buffalo; Robert B. McIntyre, Commission on Administration of Tax Law; Charles J. Tobin, State Tax Association; Joseph C. Wilson, City Treasurer of Syracuse; L. D. Woodworth, Allied Real Estate Interests; A. C. Playdel, State Tax Reforms; Lawson Purdy, former head of New York City Department of Taxation, and Assemblyman H. Edmund Machold.

FRANCE EXTENDS SYMPATHY

Government Acknowledges Its Debt to Americans Who Fell in Battle.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The State Department today made public this message received under date of yesterday from the French Government:

"The French Government wishes to express its profound sympathy and gratitude to the American families whose sons have met a glorious death on French soil during the war. It wishes to share in their mourning. The graves of the young soldiers of America are as sacred in its eyes as are those of their French comrades, and it will take the necessary measures to provide that they shall be respected and tended with a reverent and patriotic care."

BUST OF KAISER DISAPPEARS

Once Honored Ornament of Mayen Probably Tossed Into Creek.

AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Jan. 1, (Associated Press.)—In Mayen, west of Coblenz, where the American Third Army had its headquarters before moving to Coblenz, a life-size bronze bust of former Emperor William stood for years in a little park near the centre of the town. During the war when German newspapers reported victories, the bust was decorated with wreaths and the pedestal was swathed with the German flag.

With the abdication of the Emperor the civilians of Mayen rather lost interest in the village park and the Emperor's bust—and then the Americans came. But the Americans paid little attention to the bust and it looked down upon thousands of infantrymen as they passed through Mayen on the way to the Rhine. For three weeks, with Americans billeted in nearly every house in Mayen, the bust occupied its usual place.

With the coming of New Year's morning the bust and pedestal had disappeared. Down the road leading to the creek was a trail in the mud as if something had been dragged along at the end of a rope.

Italian Girl Held for Homicide.

Filippa Gambino, the Italian girl who shot and killed Tomasso Troia, a boarder in her home, 277 Sullivan Street, on New Year's Eve, was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Corrigan in the Jefferson Market Court on a short affidavit charging her with homicide. She was remanded to the Children's Society by Magistrate Corrigan, who set a hearing of her case for Saturday. Yesterday was Filippa's fourteenth birthday. The girl repeated to District Attorney Swann and Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith the story told at the time of her arrest—that she killed Troia for his refusal to marry her.

Joffre Is Chancellor of Academy.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—Maréchal Joffre was today elected Chancellor of the French Academy, following the precedent of according that post to the most recently received member. Pierre de la Gorce, the historian, was made Director of the academy.

BOMB PLOTTERS FROM AFAR

Philadelphia Police Believe Dynamiters Came from Other Cities.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—Police authorities today expressed the opinion that the actual perpetrators of the bombing outrages here on Monday night, when the homes of three prominent Philadelphians were partly wrecked, were men from other cities and were piloted about town by local confederates. This belief was strengthened today by the arrival of two New York detectives, who immediately began an investigation on behalf of the authorities of that city. The first thing they did was to take a look at Edward Moore, who is held in connection with the bomb explosions.

Moore is said to have acted as Secretary years ago for William Haywood, leader of the Industrial Workers of the World, now serving a prison sentence in the West.

The city will offer a reward for the arrest of the dynamiters.

Gidding

5TH AVE AT 46TH ST
PARIS NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

ARE NOW HOLDING

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALES

Offering reductions of
One-Third to One-Half
former prices

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Will Place on Sale To-day

6000 Pairs Men's Hose

Regularly $1 Pair

Special at **59c**

6 Pairs for $3.50

1800 Pairs Men's Pure Silk Thread Hose. In novelty hair line stripe effects. Every pair perfect. Taken from our regular stock and reduced from One Dollar.

2400 Pairs Men's Silk Plaited Hose. Full fashioned, assuring a perfect fit. Black and white checks only. Sold regularly at One Dollar.

1200 Pairs Pure Thread Silk Hose. Full fashioned, but slightly imperfect. Black and a variety of plain colors. Sold regularly at One Dollar.

600 Pairs Silk Striped Lisle Hose. Seamless and obtainable in a large selection of colors. Sold regularly at One Dollar.

SAKS & COMPANY

Announce Beginning To-day

An Important Sale of Fine Automobile Robes

At Greatly Reduced Prices

These Robes are all in perfect condition and have not before been offered at a reduced price:

Double Plush Robes—Warm and very serviceable. In Dark Grey or Dark Green with Black back. Formerly $11.50 Now **$8.95**

Double Mohair Plush Robes—Made of soft, wavy Mohair Plush, in Navy Blue, Green, Brown or Black. Formerly $15.00 Now **$11.95**

Double Crushed Plush Robes—Of solid color crushed Plush in Medium Tan, Green, Maroon or Black. Formerly $25.00 Now **$19.50**

Silk Plush Robes—None better made, in Tan, Gray or Claret. Formerly $45.00 Now **$35.00**

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

MURPHY HAUNTS SMITH FOR JOBS

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

will have the solid support of the Tammany organization for the position, but it is not known here whether he would accept it.

Mr. Osborne, it is said, has suggested three men for the place, all of whom are being considered by the Governor. They are ex-Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, now a Captain in the United States Army; George W. Kirchwey, ex-Dean of the Columbia Law School, and one-time Warden of Sing Sing, following Mr. Osborne's incumbency there, and Charles Rattigan of Auburn, who is being urged for the place more by friends of Mr. Osborne than by Mr. Osborne himself.

There are three candidates under consideration for Commissioner of Highways. The place has large patronage, and the up-State leaders are angling for it diligently. The men under consideration are William H. Fitzpatrick, Democratic leader of Buffalo; John H. Gordon of Albany, President of the New York State Road Builders' Association and a prominent contractor, and Dwight B. Tadu of Washington County, Democratic candidate for State Engineer at the last election. Edwin Duffey, the present incumbent, has a year to serve, but it is rumored that he will resign shortly.

For Superintendent of Public Works, to succeed General W. W. Wotherspoon, Tammany is said to have put forward Lewis Nixon, the shipbuilder. The up-State Democrats are fighting for the place because of the patronage it provides.

For Superintendent of Public Buildings, another position with fat possibilities, John H. McDonough of Troy appears to have the inside track. He is a lieutenant of Joseph J. Murphy of Troy, and the Governor is said to have promised the job to anybody Mr. Murphy may name.

To fill the vacancy in the up-State Public Service Commission caused by the resignation of Jerome Cheney, friends are urging W. W. Farley of Binghamton, ex-Excise Commissioner. Mr. Farley has the backing of Lieut. Gov. Walker of Binghamton and the Broome County organization.

For State Fair Commissioner, a more or less honorary job, Richard Wainwright of Westchester, brother of ex-Senator J. Mayhew Wainwright, is being considered.

Dr. John Davin of New York City, a sanitary inspector of the New York Health Department, has been mentioned for head of the Department of Narcotic Drugs, a position created by the late Legislature. The department does not begin business until Feb. 1, but Governor Whitman has already appointed Dr. Richards to the place.

The positions of Adjutant General and Military Secretary to the Governor will be filled, it is understood, by officers who have seen service in France.

Public Service Commission.

The Governor is being advised by some of his friends not to fill the vacancies in the Public Service Commission of the First Department caused by the resignations of Chairman Hubbell and Commissioner Ordway until the bill creating the new single-headed commission, with a Commissioner of Rapid Transit, as recommended by the Governor, has been introduced in the Legislature and it has been determined just what the Legislature will do about it.

On the other hand, the Governor is inclined to fill the positions at once, and he is being urged to do so by his Tammany friends. Senator James J. Foley, leader of the minority, is of the opinion that the Governor should await the action of the Legislature.

"I have no doubt that the Legislature will pass the bill," said Senator Foley. "Something has got to be done at once. A Rapid Transit Commissioner who knew his business could complete the unfinished subways by the end of Summer. The present situation in New York City shows the need of immediate remedial legislation. The present commission, greatly depleted, is but a shell, and the situation is a farce.

"The bill proposed by Senator Thompson will not remedy matters, because it does not provide for a single-headed commission, where full responsibility for future failure can be placed.

"The bill recommended by Governor Smith is now being prepared and will be introduced in the Senate within two weeks by Senator Foley and in the Assembly by Minority Leader Charles D. Donohue.

PLAN PROHIBITION FIGHT.

Drys Predict Victory, but Cannot Yet Count Enough Votes.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 2.—Republican legislators are laying plans for the big fight over prohibition. Senator George Thompson of Niagara, who will lead the "drys," declared today that he was satisfied the Senate would vote to ratify the Constitutional Amendment. He admitted he did not have enough votes in sight at present, but said they would be forthcoming. It is apparently a foregone conclusion that the bill will pass the Assembly, where it will be introduced by Walter McNabb of Schenectady, who led the fight for it in the Lower House last year.

Democrats are taking only a perfunctory interest in the matter, as they are committed to a referendum, and will vote with the Republican wing that is against the Federal amendment.

Republicans here opposed to the measure are wondering where Senator Thompson is going to get his support. They point out that last year, with thirty-six Republicans in the Senate, the bill was defeated, although it had the active support of Governor Whitman. This year there are only twenty-nine Republican Senators, and twenty-six votes are necessary for its passage.

The Republicans admit that much will depend upon the stand taken by J. Henry Walters, President pro tem of the Senate. Senator Walters comes from Syracuse, a "wet" territory, and the "wets" insist that he will line up against the amendment. At the same time they will watch his appointment of a Chairman of the Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment, as that appointment, they say, will indicate his stand on the question.

Ex-Senator William Hill, of Binghamton, now a Congressman, who led the fight for the "drys" last year, was in Albany today and expressed confidence that the amendment would be adopted at the present session.

A bill providing for municipal ownership and operation of State traction lines, under certain restrictions, is being prepared for introduction in the Legislature next week. The measure is similar to the one introduced last year but which was defeated. It is being prepared by William Capes, Secretary of the Mayors' Conference Committee, and will be introduced in the Senate by Senator Ross Graves of Buffalo, who is interested in the Buffalo Traction Company.

The bill will provide that such utilities as are taken over must be self-sustaining, and that the prices to be paid by the municipalities must be fixed by the Public Service Commissions. It also provides for a referendum as to the amount the people are willing to pay for the lines.

Governor Smith has seen the measure and has made several suggestions looking to the elimination of objectionable features of the bill introduced last year, which was prepared by a committee of experts.

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For the man who can handle advertising detail work—
Who has had experience in compiling mailing lists—
And who can prepare original direct-by-mail advertising matter—
Whose past record PROVES him to be a hard worker—not a theorist—
Here is a permanent position in New York City. A bright present—a brighter future. Write. Give references and state salary required. Your confidence will be respected. Address Y 310 Times Annex.

Eighth of a Series of Talks on the Problems of the Average Mother Concerning Her Young Hopeful.

Watch Him Grow!

Here's Where He Takes a Close-up Between the Mirror and His Upper Lip, and Bids Farewell to His Legs.

"You've got a rash on your lip, Willie." Willie reddens and turns his back. A closer inspection of Willie when Willie is unawares reveals several tiny cuts that a tactful mother associates with unskilled manoeuvres with father's safety razor. Willie wears the air of a martyr. His waistline has been lowered two inches. His trousers are positively stretched in order to reach a position just a shade further down on his ungainly limbs. Time Willie had

Long Trousers

We've Got 'em and the Coats to Go With 'em, making a Suit Which Willie May Wear With the Dignity of Manhood, Yet Preserve the Form of the Boy to Willie's Mother's Satisfaction.

First Long Trouser Suits, $19.75 to $27.50

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way.

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square New York

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

IN Saks-tailored Evening Clothes you virtually get Custom *tailoring* without Custom *taping*—Custom *exclusiveness* without Custom *exorbitance*—Custom *quality* without Custom *quandary*.

Dress Suits: $40 up
Tuxedos: $35 up
(Coat and Trousers)
Dress Vests: $3.50 to $12

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

913 ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED

Reported Total Now Up to 212,192; 219 Dead and 624 Wounded in Latest Lists

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The War Department gave out three army casualty lists today, which contained 913 names, bringing the total for the army up to 206,658. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 212,192.

The army lists issued today contained the names of 111 killed in action, 62 died of wounds, 8 died of accident, 38 died of disease, 81 wounded severely, 108 wounded to a degree undetermined, 201 wounded slightly, and 70 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 2.	Total.
Killed in action	28,254	111	28,365
Lost at sea	732		732
Died of wounds	11,546	92	11,638
Died of accident	2,262	8	2,270
Died of disease	17,117	38	17,155
Total	59,911	219	60,160
Wounded	126,435	624	127,059
Missing	19,399	70	19,469
Total	205,745	913	206,658

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen. General.
(DD) Died of Disease.	Col. Colonel.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj. Major.
(DW) Died from Wounds.	Capt. Captain.
(KA) Killed in Action.	Lt. Lieutenant.
(LS) Lost at Sea.	Sgt. Sergeant.
(MA) Missing in Action.	Corp. Corporal.
(P) Prisoner.	Bgt. Bugler.
(RD) Returned to Duty.	Mch. Mechanic.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.	Wagn. Wagoner.
(WS) Wounded Severely.	Mus. Musician.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ADAMO, EUGENE, 341 E. 14th St....(WL)
BAYER, J., JR., 1,764 Amsterdam Av.(WS)
BOSMAN, HAROLD BURT, 22 Norwood Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(KA)
BRIGHT, WM. L., 182 Franklin St....(WL)
CANDAFFIO, GIUSEPPE, Bttoldi St.(WS)
CARROLL, JOHN J., 50 Douglas St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
CAVALIERI, G. J., 2,333 1st Av.—Sgt.(WS)
CETTI, WILLIAM S., 231 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.....(DD)
CHARLES, FRANK, 838 8th Av.....(KA)
CLARIN, EMANUEL, 27 Hinsdale St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
COYLE, O. E., 500 E. 80th St.—Corp..(WL)
DREW, EDWARD, 113A Covert St., Brooklyn.....(WL)
DUFFY, J., 908 Amsterdam Av.—Corp.(WS)
FEORE, JOHN, 80 Woolworth St.....(WL)
GREEN, M., 227 W. 18th St.—Cook..(WS)
HERRIES, A., 429 W. 55th St.—Corp.(DW)
HINES, JAMES, 509 W. 182d St.....(WU)
HOLDMAN, LYMAN, 45 Utica Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(KA)
KALTMAN, SAMUEL, 58 Avenue B....(MA)
KENNY, J. A., 183 E. 7th St.....(KA)
KLEIN, W. H., 225 High St., Bklyn..(MA)
KUHN, R. J., 1,116 Nelson Av.....(WS)
KULFSKY, MORRIS, 4 W. 116th St..(MA)
LAMBERG, J., 2,42 Simpson St.....(WS)
LAURITO, T. F., 942 Grant Av., Bklyn.(WS)
McCOY, D. W., 263 W. 112th St.....(WU)
McGUIRE, C. R., 1,082 Brook Av....(MA)
McNAMEE, JOSEPH, 535 W. 56th St..(KA)
McQUILLEN, J. T., 587 Washington Av., Brooklyn.....(DW)
MAHER, JOHN, Seaside Hotel, Rockaway Beach.....(DW)
MANNIN, T. F., 545 W. 142d St.—Corp.(WL)
MARKS, MORRIS, 502 W. 151st St..(MA)
MISLEKY, GEORGE, 431 E. 17th St...(WS)
MIGLIANO, S., 178 Thompson St.....(WS)
MIRFELDT, C. C., 113 E. 102d St....(WU)
MOONEY, J. J., 510 E. 86th St.....(DW)
MORRIS, JAMES, 223 E. 88th St.....(WS)
MORRISON, L. A., 87 Morrison St...(KA)
O'CONNOR, JAMES J., 253 Court St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WS)
PIETRO, V. M., 74 Horatio St.....(WS)
REUSS, FRANK, 1,821 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.....(DW)
ROSENBERG, SAM, 88 Rivington St...(DW)
ROTHMAN, DAVID, 63 E. 104th St...(WU)
ROUNDTREE, JULIUS, 136 W. 131st St.—Corp.....(WS)
RUSSO, SALVATORE, 141 President St., Brooklyn.....(KA)
SCHULTZE, FRED, 539 44th St.....(KA)
SHUSSMAN, C., 102 Houston St.....(KA)
SOBEL, BARNET, 66 Ave. C.....(WS)
TIMPONE, RALPH, 245 Mulberry St...(MA)
WEISS, FREDERICK C., 662 Hamilton Av., Richmond Hill .....(WS)
WIENDROHOWSKY, A. G., 196 Gold St., Brooklyn .....(WS)
YAREME, FEODOR, 1031½ St. Mark's Place .....(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BAXTER, G. K., Mechanicsville.....(WU)
BIASI, JOSEPH, Binghamton.....(WL)
BLAKE, GEORGE M., Oneonta.....(WL)
BRAGG, SEWARD J., Rochester.....(MA)
CHANTLER, HENRY J., Meridian.....(MA)
CONSTANTINO, G., Amsterdam.....(WU)
CHOCKA, JACOB, Williamson.....(DW)
CRETON, ALLON L., Albany—Corp..(WS)
DARLING, G. M., Johnson City.....(KA)
DAUNCE, WILLIAM, Ransomville....(DW)
DESOURDY, H. W., Plattsburg.....(WS)
DRAKE, SILAS L., Naples.....(WS)
DUDLEY, HARRY C., Peru.....(DW)
FOOTE, CARL L., Little Falls.....(KA)
FOWLSTON, HOMER D., New Berlin.(WL)
HAEFNER, ALBERT, Buffalo.....(WS)
HOWARD, ROY, Chester—Corp.....(WS)
HURST, WILLARD J., Lockhart.....(WU)
HUTCHINGS, ARNOLD C., Eminence..(KA)
KERSTETTER, CHARLES, Buffalo.....(DA)
KINSLEY, T. E., Cornwall-on-Hudson.(WS)
KNOWLTON, ELLIS E., Savannah....(WU)
KOCH, ADAM G. W., Schenectady....(WS)
KOTLAS, JOHN, Niagara.....(WS)
MALLORY, ROY W., Mellenville.....(WS)
MAZUREK, C., Lackawanna—Corp....(WU)
MURRAY, JOHN J., Ogdensburg.....(WU)
MURRAY, ROLAND, Babylon.....(KA)
NORTON, HENRY M., Belmont.....(WS)
O'ROURKE, E. H., Buffalo—Lt.....(WS)
QUIRK, AUGUST J., Tuckahoe.....(DW)
ROSENDAHL, GUSTAF., Tarrytown...(KA)
ROWLEY, CLYDE W., Morris.....(WS)
RUNDLE, HAROLD G., Elmira.....(WS)
SHAUGHNESSY, G. J., Rochester....(WL)
STRONG, EDWIN W., Buffalo.....(WS)
TESEO, FELIX, Whitestone.....(WS)
THOMPSON, R. W., Tarrytown—Sgt..(WS)
TURNER, HERBERT F., Cortland....(DW)
TUTTLE, RAY L., Eastport.....(WS)
YOZWAR, JOHN J., Valatie.....(MA)

ALABAMA.

BRAGG, STERLING P., Ward.....(DD)

ARKANSAS.

BROWN, SANFORD F., Yancy .....(DD)
ZIMMERMAN, EMIL, Vincent.....(KA)

CALIFORNIA.

DUNBAR, JAMES J., El Segundo.....(DD)
FELLOWS, OLIVER S., Los Angeles....(DW)
TURNER, H. C., Los Angeles—Capt...(DD)
VARNEY, K. R., San Francisco—Capt.(KA)

CONNECTICUT.

COPERINS, JOHN M., Stamford.....(WL)
FADOIR, JOSEPH J., Torrington.....(WS)
LISICH, TROFFIN, Waterbury.....(MA)
MILONE, ALFONSO, New Haven.....(DW)
MOIARTY, H. M., Willimantic—Sgt....(KA)
MORAN, WILLIAM, Stamford.....(WS)
NIESIOBECKI, PAUL, Terryville.....(MA)
SOMMER, WM. H., Meriden—Sgt.....(WS)
STREET, EDWARD N., Danbury.....(DD)
WILCOX, J. O., So. Manchester—Corp.(WS)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

UTTERBACK, J. G., Washington—Corp.(DD)

FLORIDA.

MORRIS, JOHN, Vero.....(DD)

GEORGIA.

GUFFEY, JAMES, Atlanta.....(DA)

IDAMO.

BRYANT, WM. J., Coeur d'Alene.....(DA)

ILLINOIS.

ANDERSON, H. G., Rockford.....(KA)
BILLHIMER, JOHN, Chicago.....(KA)
CROCKER, MURL W., Rock Island....(KA)
DULEK, ANDREW, Chicago.....(KA)
DYNAMSKI, JOSEPH, Cleveland.....(KA)
GAFFINETT, FORREST, Pana.....(KA)
HETTHICK, L. E., Belvidere.....(DW)
HUNT, AMANDUS, Chicago—Sgt.....(KA)
KICHTERMAN, ABE, Chicago.....(KA)
MEREDITH, THOMAS, Geneva—Corp...(DD)
NELSON, OTTO H., Galesburg.....(DW)
POWELL, WILLIAM, Dixon.....(KA)
ROALLER, HARRY L., Chicago—Lt....(KA)
SAVOY, PETER, Chicago.....(KA)
SPRAGUE, JAMES M., Lena.....(KA)

INDIANA.

CHASTAIN, JOHNNIE, Campbellsburg.(DW)
DANIELS, P. P., So. Bend—Saddler...(DD)
FEIT, R. J., Columbia City.....(KA)
FEIT, RALPH, WM., Wynamac.....(KA)
SMITH, CARL, Milltown.....(KA)
STEINHAUSER, MARTIN, Hammond.(KA)
WADE, BERT, Indianapolis.....(KA)

IOWA.

GILLPATRICK, W. B., Waterloo.....(KA)
GRIFFITH, L. R., Vinton.....(DW)
HANAWALT, J. H., Boone.....(KA)
McCORMICK, H. F., Sumner—Sgt.....(DD)

KANSAS.

JENSEN, JENS M., Kensington.....(DD)
LELAND, W. F., Atchison—Lt.....(DW)
MARTING, E. J., Bluff City.....(DD)
NEWCOMER, C., Russell.....(DW)
RICE, OTIS W., Hutchinson.....(DW)

KENTUCKY.

BELL, PASKEL P., Bedford.....(KA)
LEIGHT, GEORGE J., Covington.....(DD)
McGUIRE, CHARLES, Waverly.....(DD)
SMITH, LEE, Williamsburg.....(KA)
TATUM, LOYD, Waddy.....(DW)
YATES, THOMAS B., Youngs Creek...(KA)

LOUISIANA.

ANDRUS, WILLIE, Opelousas.....(DW)
BANKS, FRANK, Springfield.....(KA)
BRICE, JOHN L., Rayville.....(KA)
COURTNEY, OTTIE, Darlington.....(KA)
WILSON, JENNINGS B., Jr., Of City...(KA)

MAINE.

RAMSDELL, E. E., York Corner—Cook.(KA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

ARMSTRONG, ARTHUR S., Everett...(KA)
BRODETTE, DAVID J., Cambridge...(KA)
CORBETT, WILLIAM B., Dorchester Center—Lt.....(KA)
CRAVEN, WILLIAM B., Melrose—Sgt.(DD)
DEMERS, ALFRED J., Worcester....(DW)
EDWARDS, FRANK L., Worcester....(DD)
KARPOWICH, WALTER J., Roxbury—Corp.....(DD)
ROBINSON, FRED A., Middleboro.....(DD)
SARGENT, ARTHUR R., Hubbarston.(KA)
WHITTINGTON, JOHN M., Dorchester.(DD)
YOUNG, WALDO N., Worcester.....(DD)

MICHIGAN.

ARMSTRONG, WILLIAM A., Vassar..(KA)
BUROW, EDWARD, Midland—Sgt.....(DD)
DELLREE, ALTON D., Ubly.....(KA)
FRIEDMAN, SOLOMON, Detroit.....(KA)
CRABOWSKY, JOSHUA, Detroit.....(KA)
MIX, AUSTIN M., Dewitt.....(KA)
ROSE, JAMES, New Buffalo.....(DW)
SCHROTENBOER, B. J. H., East Saugatuck .....(KA)
VANDER HEIDE, C., Grand Rapids...(KA)

MINNESOTA.

BRIGHAM, JOEL E., Kellogg.....(DW)
MANTEL, R. A., Pelan.....(DW)
MITCHELL, WM., Naytahwaush.....(DW)
RICHARDSON, J. W., St. Paul.....(DW)
SWENSON, OSCAR A., Stacy.....(KA)

MISSISSIPPI.

CHRISTMAN, GOLDMAN, Hattiesburg.(KA)
RUTLEDGE, LISH C., Sarah.....(DD)
WADE, G. S., Greenville.....(DD)

MISSOURI.

ANNA, EDWARD, St. Louis.....(KA)
CAMERON, J. S., Walker Switch.....(KA)
EASLY, LEROY G., New Franklin.....(KA)
RATCLIFFE, EARL, Versailles.....(DD)
ROHLFING, HENRY C., Fayette.....(DW)
ROSENTHAL, JOSEPH J., St. Louis..(DW)
WESTHOFF, PETER A., O'Fallon.....(DW)

MONTANA.

LUCKETT, HENRY C., Foster.....(KA)
STURDAVANT, ROBERT L., Ennis...(KA)
THOEN, SEVER S., Devon.....(DD)

NEBRASKA.

LAYTON, WILLIAM A., Arnold.....(KA)
THOMPSON, RAYMOND, Neligh.....(KA)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

DENNETT, PAUL CARROLL, Portsmouth—Lt. .....(DD)

NEW JERSEY.

BIGGS, ARNOLD, Paterson—Corp.....(WU)
CLARK, GEORGE, Newport.....(WS)
OLIVER, ROLAND F., Camden.....(WL)
DOUGLASS, CHARLES G., Cape May C. H. .....(DD)
FRIARY, WILLIAM J., Newark.....(WL)
GILMORE, ALBERT F., Elizabeth—Lt.(DD)
GONTARSKI, STANISLAW, Camden...(KA)
GORDON, HERMAN J., Newark.....(WU)
GUTHMILLER, JOHN G., East Orange.(WS)
HAMILTON, JAMES, Newark.....(KA)
HEIL, EMIL B., Jersey City.....(WL)
HOUGH, EDWARD R., Trenton.....(DW)
HUMPAGE, ALFRED, Newark—Corp...(WS)
HUTCHINSON, HARRY B., Salem....(WU)
KOBIELSKI, CHESLAW, Bayonne.....(WL)
LANCIA, SABATINO, Jersey City.....(MA)
LANNING, FRANK, Bellviere.....(WL)
LE WICKY, HARRY, Trenton—Corp...(WS)
MAGNUSON, GUSTAV W., Bayonne..(WU)
MAGUTH, JOHN, Passaic.....(DW)
MARRANO, JAMES V., Newark.....(DD)
QUAIL, LEROY, Fort Morris—Cook...(DW)
SIEGERT, CHARLES R., Jersey City..(WS)
TANIS, WILLIAM, Hawthorne—Corp...(WS)
TINTLE, JAMES HENRY, Harrison...(DW)
WATTS, EDWARD, Burlington—Bgl...(DD)

NEW MEXICO.

SOTELER, WHEELER A., Allie—Cook.(KA)

NORTH CAROLINA.

CRATT, CHARLES, Rosemary.....(KA)
HOLLOWAY, J. E., West Raleigh—Lt..(DA)
JOHNSON, J. H., Chapel Hill—Lt.....(KA)
SMITH, FRED J., Statesville.....(KA)
TWIFORD, DENNIS S., Eastlake—Corp.(KA)

NORTH DAKOTA.

ABEL, HAROLD, Fordville.....(DW)
ERICKSON, JOSEPH, Cooperstown....(KA)
FRENCH, CLINTON, Dow.....(KA)
HIATT, ELMER, Hanmare.....(DW)
MORKEN, EDWIN, Maddock.....(KA)

OHIO.

BAKER, EDWARD B., Lisbon.....(KA)
BAKER, JAMES, Dundee.....(KA)
ELLIOTT, FRANK E., Lakewood.....(KA)
ERB, WILLIAM, Cleveland—Lt.....(KA)
ESSEX, JOHN WILLIAM, Paulding...(DA)
GEOGWETS, A. C., Defiance.....(KA)
GOODRICH, GEORGE H., Toledo.....(KA)
KELLY, WILLIAM J., Cincinnati.....(KA)
KOSCINSZKO, ANTON, Cleveland.....(KA)
LAJARES, LOUIS, Toledo.....(DW)
LEWIS, KARL, Lorain.....(KA)
MANFREDI, ANTONIO, Cleveland.....(DW)
SMITH, ELVEN L., Newcomerstown...(DD)

OKLAHOMA.

DANIEL, THOMAS E., Anadarko.....(DW)
HUNTER, WILLIE, in Reno.....(KA)
MEDFORD, CARL T., Wheatland.....(DW)

OREGON.

BEDFORD, IMA G., Hillsboro—Lt.....(DD)
VAUGHN, GUY R., Baker.....(KA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

ADAMS, WALTER L., Colebrook.....(KA)
ELLIOTT, ALBERT L., Grapeville.....(DW)
FUGO, ERNEST, Ellwood City.....(KA)
GOLDEN, STANLEY J., Scranton.....(KA)
HILE, DONALD T., Pleasant Gap.....(KA)
ROSE, CLINTON A., Dallastown.....(KA)
IANNELLI, MICHAEL, Philadelphia...(DW)
ISHERWOOD, BASIL T., Pittsburgh...(DW)
JOHNSON, W. R., Pittsburgh—Corp...(KA)
MACIOROWSKI, FRANK, Pittsburgh..(DW)
MLODOZENIEC, J. H., Philadelphia...(KA)
NELSON, WILLIAM L., Pittsburgh...(DW)
PANTKA, FRANK, Scranton.....(KA)
PATTON, WM. R., Venetia.....(DW)
SACK, JOSEPH B., Philadelphia.....(DW)
SCRACHERN, EDWARD J., Monaca...(KA)
SHARROW, G. C., Hughesville—Corp...(KA)
SPACKMAN, EDWIN A., Lancaster...(DW)
STOLL, FRANK K., Blossburg.....(DW)
TESTO, NICHOLAS, West Pilston.....(DW)
TROUP, ROY A., Schenley.....(DW)
VANDERPOOL, MATTHEW, Towanda.(DW)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

HANSEN, CHRISTIAN T., Bonilla.....(KA)
MILEY, GILBERT G., Lake Andes....(DW)

TENNESSEE.

BOYD, HARLEY, McMinnville.....(KA)
DAVIS, ROBERT C., McEwen.....(DW)
DAVIS, TOMMIE D., Lewisburg.....(KA)
JOHNSON, JAMES T., Franklin.....(KA)
LOCK, SAM, Gainsboro.....(KA)
ROY, THOMAS C., Tasso—Sgt.....(DD)

TEXAS.

DAY, BEN M., Sulphur Springs.....(DW)
DUNCAN, JOE B., Glencove.....(DW)
GIVENS, WHOLEN, Sulphur Springs..(KA)
JACKSON, ED., Houston.....(KA)
OLIVERES, MANUEL, Jr., Darlington.(KA)
SMITH, OSCAR M., Fort Worth—Sgt..(DW)
WHITLEY, SHARP B., Pearsall—Corp.(DW)

VIRGINIA.

DAUGHTREY, CLAUD D., Suffolk....(KA)
RIGGLEMAN, CHAS. W., Dovesville...(KA)
THOMPSON, SONK, Meridianville.....(DD)

WASHINGTON.

BRADBURN, THOMAS E., Kelso.....(KA)
FLINN, ROY E., Spokane.....(DA)
LYFORD, ARTHUR WM., Fall City...(KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

HONAKER, ELBERT J., Castelwood..(DW)
McCANN, JAS. JULIUS, Wheeling....(DD)

WISCONSIN.

BEITS, OTTO F., Sheboygan.....(KA)
HERSHMAN, CHARLES, Denmark...(DW)
McDONNELL, EUGENE, Ellsworth...(KA)
NOLTE, LOUIS, Milwaukee.....(DW)
OTTMAN, MERTON R., Mequah.....(DA)
SIEBRECHT, M. J., Wauwatosa—Corp.(DD)

WYOMING.

DAVIS, EDWARD C., Reliance.....(DW)

ITALY.

FANELLA, S., Riccia, Campobasso....(DD)
MARDO, SAM, Conderuy.....(KA)

DISCUSS STATE PROBLEMS.

Governors Find Reconstruction Matters a Live Theme.

BOSTON, Jan. 2.—Calvin Coolidge took office today as Governor of Massachusetts. In his address to the Legislature he said, in part:

"You are coming to a new legislative session under the inspiration of the greatest achievements in all history. In the promotion of human welfare Massachusetts happily may not need much reconstruction, but, like all living organizations, forever needs continuing construction."

Housing and working conditions, he continued, were a matter of grave public concern.

Speaking of transportation, particularly as concerns street railways, he said:

"Public ownership is no answer to this problem, as it would not increase revenue. The question is one of our needs and our duty and must be squarely met. As a public necessity the Government is warranted in giving aid. In the period of readjustment we may have to apply extraordinary remedies. It is recommended that there be at once a survey of the street railway situation by experts."

He urged that provision be made to insure employment for returning soldiers and sailors and care for those incapacitated. He recommended that a service medal be given each Massachusetts man returning from war.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 2.—In his message to the Legislature today, Governor Milliken urged that the Legislature aid in every feasible and proper way the great process of readjustment which is going on in the nation.

"I hope," he said, "that you will take proper measures to impress upon the Federal Government the importance of utilizing existing farms for returning soldiers before embarking upon expensive drainage or reclamation projects."

He suggested the construction by Maine and New Hampshire of a new bridge between Portsmouth and Kittery as a joint memorial to soldier and sailor dead.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 2.—Governor Bartlett, in his address to the Legislature today, suggested that the Public Service Commission be gradually reduced to a single member, and urged that there should be but one member of the Tax Commission instead of three. He urged efforts to keep all workers employed during the transition period, care for returning soldiers and of the dependents of soldiers who fell.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 2.—Early ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment and enactment of a law requiring all courses in Michigan schools to be conducted in English up to the eighth grade were urged on the Legislature today by Governor Sleeper.

Y. W. C. A. HEAD TO SAIL.

Miss Wilson to Establish Training Centre for Women in India.

Miss Elisabeth Wilson, for many years head of the secretarial department of the National Young Women's Christian Association, will sail Saturday from New York for England, where she will attend a meeting in January of the World's Committee of the National Young Women's Christian Association. From England Miss Wilson will go to India, where she will establish a training centre in the association's work for women in that country.

As head of the recruiting work for her organization, Miss Wilson during the war has come into contact with thousands of women. This service has prepared her especially to undertake the choosing of native women for the work in India. Miss Wilson was graduated from Oxford and attended Lawrence and Appleton Colleges in this country. She is the author of several books on women and their problems.

NO LIQUOR FOR SOLDIERS.

Prohibition as to Men in Service Continues Until Congress Acts.

The following statement was issued yesterday by United States District Attorney Caffey regarding the serving of intoxicating liquors to soldiers and sailors in uniform:

"Numerous inquiries have been received concerning the serving of intoxicants to persons in uniform. The impression seems to have gone abroad that it is no longer unlawful to serve soldiers and sailors with intoxicating drinks.

"The prohibition is still in full force, and will continue until Congress provides otherwise. In the present situation where uniforms are worn both by discharged men and by men still in the service, the risk is upon persons delivering or selling drinks. Where a man wears a uniform he is presumed to be a member of the Military Forces."

W. E. Allen Succeeds Bielaski.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—W. E. Allen has been designated Acting Chief of the Department of Justice's Bureau of Investigation to succeed A. Bruce Bielaski, who resigned to enter private business in New York. Mr. Allen has been Assistant Chief of the bureau.

Poland Water

ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION

In all cases of SPANISH INFLUENZA the greatest danger is the after-effect upon the kidneys and intestines. Poland Water is the most efficient Natural Diuretic known for its wonderful stimulating effect upon the kidneys.

POLAND WATER

LEADS ALL

and is the purest Natural Water known. Can be drunk in any quantity with perfect safety.

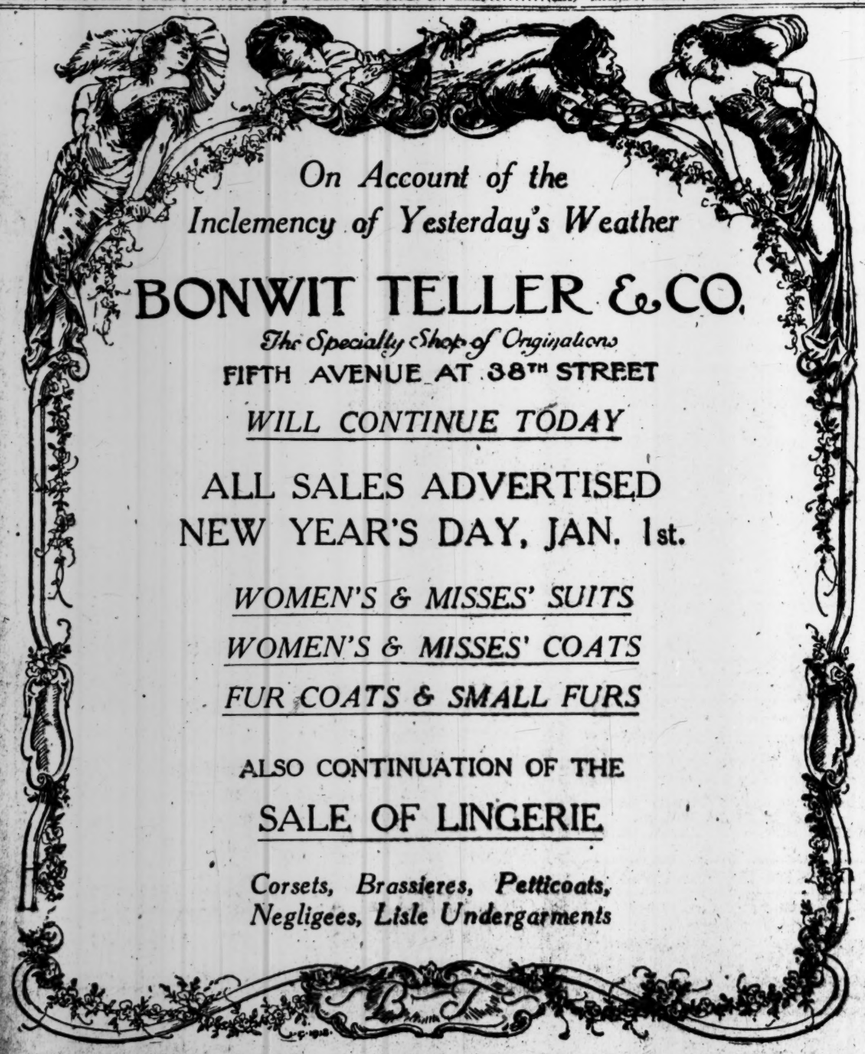
Has been used in every part of the world in cases of fevers where no other water was allowed.

Bottled at the Spring under the most sanitary conditions. For sale in any quantity by leading druggists and grocers generally and at

POLAND WATER DEPOT,
1180 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Telephone, Madison Square—4748.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET.

Established 1827.
R. SIMPSON & CO., Inc.
143 West 42d St., ADJOINING BROADWAY
B'way, cor. 67th St., Manhattan.
500 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Loans of Any Amount on Pledges of Personal Property.
We have a large assortment of Diamond Rings, Diamond Pins, &c. at prices which will satisfy careful purchasers.



On Account of the Inclemency of Yesterday's Weather

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

WILL CONTINUE TODAY

ALL SALES ADVERTISED NEW YEAR'S DAY, JAN. 1st.

WOMEN'S & MISSES' SUITS

WOMEN'S & MISSES' COATS

FUR COATS & SMALL FURS

ALSO CONTINUATION OF THE SALE OF LINGERIE

Corsets, Brassieres, Petticoats, Negligees, Lisle Undergarments

Store Hours: 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Daily

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Men's Clothing Shop—Fourth Floor

Gimbels Have Made a Most Remarkable Purchase of Men's Winter Overcoats

On Sale at Prices We Did Not Dream Possible

A Fifth Avenue clothing manufacturer was obliged to reduce his big stocks quickly, due to readjustment conditions brought on by the war.

Knowing Gimbels extraordinarily large output facilities and Gimbels initiative in handling events of this magnitude, the whole stock was offered to us at a price too good to overlook.

Mostly Warm Ulsters and Stylish Skirted Overcoats

If this entire stock wasn't made up of stylish new coats, right up to the present day fashion demands, and in every way desirable, we wouldn't have touched the purchase at all.

But they are. The styles are splendid—a few being pictured. The tailoring is good; the materials are good; the little details are good; the colorings and effects are just what men and young men want right now.

The Extraordinary Purchase Divided in 4 Lots:

Lot No. 1
Overcoats at
$13.50
These are the sportive skirted models with double breasted; self collar or ulster collar. Then there are double breasted ulsters and the effective ulsterette—the short, trim ulster.

Lot No. 2
Overcoats at
$16.75
A small group, but a good one, made up of double breasted ulsters and ulsterettes. Belted and plain models. Particular attention is called to the way these coats are tailored.

Lot No. 3
Overcoats at
$22.50
This group consists mainly of those much liked, dressy, double breasted skirted models, with velvet collars. Then there are regulation ulsters and a number of ulsterettes.

Lot No. 4
Overcoats at
$27.50
Another group of double breasted skirted models, with either velvet or ulster collars. Also double breasted regulation models and the popular ulsterettes. A very exceptional group.

150 Gimbels Own OVERCOATS $42.50

We have taken 150 of our own coats, a group of odds and ends, sample coats used for show purposes and others. Each is a high class coat or ulster, and the man who wants something ultra at a price would do well to look in on these.

MEN'S SUITS—An Added Feature $25.00

A choice group of suits added as a side issue. Men's and young men's business suits, some snappy models; 1, 2 and 3 button models. Flap pockets or conservatives. Slash pockets for live wires. Skirted models, etc. Mostly dark shades of gray, brown, green and fancy mixtures. Sizes 34 to 46.

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SHOP—Fourth Floor

Brooklyn, New Jersey and Long Island Customers Direct to GIMBELS via Tubes and Subways

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Navajo Blankets—

A Real American Decorative Adjunct

The Navajo Blanket, hand woven, stands pre-eminent—a distinctive type among the handicraft of primitive races.

In its primal simplicity of color and barbaric beauty of design there are unique decorative possibilities.

They Are Not Plentiful

In recent years the constantly increasing price of wool has had its effect on the Navajo Blanket market. Many of the Indains are selling their sheep and the wool and consequently the production of fine Navajo Blankets is becoming noticeably curtailed.

However,

in spite of the scarcity of the blankets, we are particularly fortunate in owning some especially good specimens.

Considering the practical uses of the Navajo Blanket, admitting its artistic value and decorative effect, one must concede that this "real American" industry is worthy of patronage.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 35th St.

Screens from Japan which Resemble OIL PAINTINGS

They are real masterpieces of color and embroidery work, and, if you have in mind an unusual decorative touch, we strongly advise an inspection of these screens. Four-fold panel designs in beautifully black lacquered frames. There is one that pictures on the four panels a sunny woodland scene in late Autumn—every detail of the landscape is embroidered and yet to the casual eye it would seem like a wonderful oil painting. Others have equal artistic merit.

They range from $42.50 to $225.00.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Rear.

Umbrellas From France—For Women

Handles are in club, cap or golf style, of real ivory or French horn with tips to match. The coverings are of fine black silk. These umbrellas are priced at, $14.89 and $19.89

Macy's—Main Floor, Broadway

Books for Our Heroes.

Books are needed for wounded men in hospitals. Send good recent fiction to the Public Library for our Soldiers and Sailors.

EXPERIENCE

Particularly where one has not had any experience in a building operation it is a good thing to profit by the experience of others.

We refer you to a continent of clients.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

In extending a welcome home to the Soldiers and Sailors, many of them strangers within the gate, we like to reiterate the good old truths which have helped to build up this great business of civilian outfitting.

Meritorious merchandise.
Whatever we sell must be of reliable quality. All wool and fast colors have for many years been the only standard for our woolens. Even during the war.

Satisfaction always.
We're not infallible, but no man can be stuck with an undesirable article—not if he lets us know his trouble. We refund cash as cheerfully as we take it in. Even after service we still buy back for cash any goods which you think have not earned their cost.

Agreeable service.
There is no concealment in our stores. Our people are taught to tell the simple truth about goods. It isn't always the finest fabric that gives the best service, and we never hesitate to say so.

The best of everything in clothing, furnishings, hats and shoes. A complete Civilian Quartermaster's Depot.

Prices reasonable — and the same at all four stores.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St. "Four Convenient Corners" Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

There Is Plenty of
OLD BUSHMILLS
ALL MALT IMPORTED
WHISKEY
If your dealer can't supply you, telephone us.
ALEX D. SHAW & CO NY
12 Stone St., New York
Tel. No. 8070 Bowling Green

Brand New
MarmonLimousines
Only 3 left of a lot of 20 cars.
All cars are fully equipped.
Price $4,050. Present List Price $6,100.
Can be inspected at 1926 Broadway, Lincoln Square Bldg.
IZNOSKOFF & CO.
Autom. Dept.
149 Broadway
Tel. Cortlandt 4620

ARROW
FORM-FIT
COLLARS
ARE CURVE CUT TO FIT THE NECK AND SHOULDERS.

HUSTON, RETURNING FROM FRANCE, DENIES STOCK IN YANKS IS FOR SALE

LIEUT. COL. HUSTON BACK FROM FRANCE

Vice President of Yankees, Who Commanded Engineer Regiment, Tells His Experiences.

HAS HAD TWO PROMOTIONS

"Cap" at Once Disposes of the Many Wild Reports That His Stock in the Club Is for Sale.

Lieut. Col. T. L. Huston, Vice President and half owner of the Yankees, returned yesterday from France, where he has been with the 16th Engineers since the Summer of 1917. He arrived at Newport News on the Ryndam a few days ago. He will go to Camp Humphreys, Va., shortly, where he expects to be mustered out of the service. He left here as a Captain and was twice promoted.

Colonel Huston said he had no tales to tell of hair-raising experiences. He said the doughboys are the lads who deserve all the credit, and it should be their privilege to tell the harrowing stories of the war. Colonel Huston and his men were under fire several times, but he was not injured. "Although I met several newspaper men over there," said Colonel Huston, "I was not gassed.

"It isn't true," said Colonel Huston, "that the major league baseball players were in disfavor among the soldiers. The soldiers were so busy fighting that they didn't take time to criticise any one but the Germans. Baseball stands in high favor among the soldiers. Since the armistice was signed they have talked about nothing else but the game. They are all anxious to get back home to see a good ball game.

"They played as much baseball in France as their duties permitted, but they were pretty busy most of the time. I don't think that the French or English saw enough of the game to adopt it as an international sport.

"Hugh Miller, first baseman of the St. Louis Browns, was back on the boat with me. The poor chap won't be able to play baseball any more. He had the distinction of capturing the first two Germans at the battle of Chateau-Thierry, and at St. Mihiel his leg was broken by a machine-gun bullet. The French officers have made an effort to establish baseball and other sports among their soldiers. They discovered that the game taught their men to think quickly. It will take some time, however, for the French soldiers to adapt themselves to American sports.

"I expect to continue my interest in baseball," said Col. Huston, "and, let me say right now that my stock in the Yankees is not for sale."

Colonel Huston had many interesting things to tell about what the American engineers had accomplished in France. He said: "We were ordered to the British front in March, 1918, on the occasion of the big Hun Spring offensive, and were located on the Arras-Bethune sector, building light railways and double tracking standard gauge lines. During this work we were under some shell fire, and were very frequently bombed. It was at this time that General Haig sent his celebrated 'Our backs to the wall' message. Low visibility prevented the German planes from taking photographs of our construction lines, which probably saved many casualties. In July the regiment was ordered to Nevers to build a double-track cutoff and a bridge across the Loire. It also had charge for two or three months of the construction of the mammoth hospital at Mesves, (44,000 beds) and other important work in this vicinity.

"In October we were ordered to the American First Army and were a short time on the light railways in the general neighborhood of Varennes and Montfaucon. During the battle of the Meuse the regiment reconstructed the standard gauge line down the Meuse from Verdun to Sedan as far north as Stenay. It was still engaged in this work when the armistice was signed. The men were under shellfire by day and were bombed and made the subject of machine gun fire from airplanes constantly during the nights. Again low visibility reduced the efficiency of the Hun planes, but they appeared to have pretty well located us when the armistice occurred.

"After the armistice was signed the regiment was sent to revamp the railway lines connecting Conflans, Spincourt, Longuyon, Longwy, Audun, Briey, &c., covering rich iron and coal regions of Lorraine. The regiment is now double tracking the line from Verdun to Stenay.

"Our experience has been typical of the ten railway regiments, all of which have done splendid work. The war has been somewhat an engineers' fight. The nation and the engineering profession owe a debt of gratitude to General Black, Chief of Engineers, for organizing and sending over so many excellent engineer troops from every branch of business, and to General Langfitt for the skillful way in which they were used."

CRESCENTS PLAY MIDDIES.

New Mooners Leave for Annapolis for Game Tomorrow.

The basket ball team of the Crescent A. C. of Brooklyn will leave today for Annapolis, where it will oppose the midshipmen tomorrow afternoon. The team has gone through the season to date without suffering a defeat.

Manager Edward Ditmars will be in charge of the players selected for the game, who include Captain Eddie Butler and Heath, forwards; Austin, centre; Ashmead and Stewart, guards, and McTigue, Irving, and Herten, substitutes. It has not been determined whether Austin or McTigue, a former Princeton player, will start the game at centre, but the remainder of the regulars will take their places afield against the middies.

Kid Gleason Accepts Job.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—William "Kid" Gleason, appointed manager of the Chicago White Sox, said here tonight that he had accepted the position offered him by Charles Comiskey. "I don't know exactly what I am going to do in my new position, but I am going to New York on Jan. 16 for a conference and will know more about it then.

O'Loughlin Left $25,000 Estate.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 2.—By the will of Francis (Silk) O'Loughlin, American League umpire, who died in Boston on Dec. 20, which was filed here today, his entire estate, valued at $25,000, is left to his widow, Agnes O'Loughlin.

GIANTS GET EARL SMITH.

Club Gives Five Players and Cash for Catcher.

Earl Smith, the Rochester catcher, who was in big demand last season in the major leagues, was purchased by the Giants yesterday. Smith was not only a good catcher, but was a sensational batsman last year with Rochester. He had a batting average of .358.

For the catcher the New York Club gave Joe Wilhoit and Bill Kelly, outfielders; Walte Hoyt and Jim Ogden, pitchers; First Baseman Joe Rodrigues, and a cash consideration. Counting the market value of the players, together with the cash, it is estimated that the new catcher cost the Giants about $12,000.

Manager McGraw has been dickering for Smith for some time. He has Bill Rariden and Lew McCarty, who has not fully recovered from an injury which kept him out of the game much of the time. Smith should make a valuable addition to the backstop department.

The Giants have also released two recruits, Pitt, an outfielder, and O'Neill, a catcher, to the Rochester Club on optional agreements, so they can be recalled at the end of the season.

Manager McGraw said yesterday that the Giants had not yet decided on a training camp, and nothing would be done about the plans for the coming season until after the joint meeting of the two major leagues here on Jan. 16.

Manager McGraw, President Hempstead, and Secretary John B. Foster were all of one mind yesterday on the numerous rumors concerning the sale of the club. They all said that the club had not been sold, and that as far as they knew, no sale was contemplated.

N. Y. U. STARTS ATHLETICS.

Faculty Decides to Enforce the Freshman Rule.

With the opening of the college term, all athletic and collegiate activities at N. Y. U. have started with a rush. The first game of the basket-ball season is only a week off, and the team is hard at practice. In the absence of the paid 'Varsity coach, Captain Floyd Egan will do all the coaching, and with the experienced material on hand a strong team is expected to be turned out.

There was great rejoicing among the athletic contingent at the heights, when it was learned that Frank Wall, former football coach, would return as soon as he received his discharge from the army. Coach Wall's duties will be mainly with the freshman teams. He will have charge of the basket-ball and baseball teams, and in a general way assist all athletic activities, mainly the carrying out of the plans of the athletic department toward mass athletics.

It has been finally decided by the Faculty to enforce the freshman rule, as all of the large colleges are doing. This action results from the fact that every freshman of last year's teams has returned to college, making the prospects for all 'Varsity teams brighter than ever before. Assistant Manager Bromley is arranging a number of games for the freshman basket-ball team. Dr. F. H. Cann, head of the athletic department, is arranging a series of indoor-track meets with several of the colleges, but the dates are pending upon the completion of the repairs to the track in the old gym at the heights.

COLUMBIA TO MEET POLY.

Basket Ball Five Will Open Season on Jan. 10.

Columbia will play its first basket ball game of the season on Friday, Jan. 10, when when it will face the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute five on the Morningside Heights court, according to an announcement made yesterday. Following the game with Polytechnic there will probably be one with St. John's College, also at Columbia, on Jan. 15, and then Amherst will come to New York for a game with the Blue and White on Jan. 18.

These three games will constitute the preliminary schedule for the Columbia five. The league season will begin on Jan. 25, and between the Amherst game and the opening contest in the league series Fred Dawson will remedy whatever defects may have cropped out in the play of the combination. Columbia will play not more than eight or nine league games, and it is probable that enough games with non-league fives will be added to the schedule to insure at least two games a week throughout the season. This additional list will probably include games with New York University, Rutgers, Stevens Institute, and other neighboring colleges.

Fred Dawson put the basket ball squad through a hard drill in the gymnasium yesterday, but has not yet settled upon a lineup. He will probably not make known his selections until a day or two before the first game, and then they will be only tentative and subject to changes throughout the preliminary season.

LOOMIS BACK FROM WAR.

Former High Jump Champion Was Two Years in Service.

Jo Loomis of the Chicago A. A., former national high jump and sprinting champion, has returned from France, it became known yesterday. He is at his home in Chicago. Loomis saw nearly two years' service in the fighting in France. He came home as a First Licutenant.

In the Summer of 1917 the former titleholder went to France as an ambulance driver, when the Chicago A. A. sent its first ambulance "over there." For a period of six months Loomis had a number of thrilling experiences in this capacity. He returned to this country and enlisted, being assigned to the artillery branch of the service. He was sent to Camp Custer and went overseas about seven months ago. His regiment was designated as part of the 120th French Artillery, and in this branch of the service Loomis served until the war ended.

Yankees Favor Jacksonville.

Manager Miller Huggins of the Yankees has gone South to look over several training camps. He will visit Jacksonville, and it is likely the Yankees will choose this place. Some of the other major league clubs will also train there, but there are two baseball parks available and good hotel accommodations.

Hendricks Insists on Job.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 2.—Jack Hendricks, manager of the St. Louis Nationals last season, arrived in St. Louis today and announced that he was here to manage the Cardinals next season. He declared he had signed a two-year contract in good faith and that he would not accept a year's salary and relinquish the management. Major Branch Rickey, President of the Cardinals, has been recalled East by the army and Hendricks did not arrive in time to see him.

HEYDLER WILL VOTE AGAINST HERRMANN

Chairman of National Commission Must Be Neutral Party, He Says.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—After a conference with stockholders of the Chicago club, John A. Heydler, President of the National League, tonight left for French Lick, Ind., where, tomorrow, he will join Barney Dreyfuss and Ban Johnson in drawing up the baseball schedules for the coming season. The schedules will be adopted at the joint meeting of the major leagues in New York Jan. 16.

President Heydler said he did not expect any opposition to the proposed 140-game schedule, although he revealed that the Chicago club was not in favor of the short season. He said the seven other clubs agreed by a mail vote to a 140-game schedule.

What President Heydler believed would be the most important question to be considered at the joint meeting was the formation of a new National Baseball Commission. He said the National League would suggest the appointment of a "one-man" commission.

"If this cannot be accomplished, I shall vote for a three-man commission, the chairman of which shall have no connection with baseball, either as a club President or stockholder in any club," President Heydler said. "This, of course, means that the National League does not favor the retention of August Herrmann, the present Chairman."

Veeck on Rules Committee.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—President Heydler of the National League today announced the appointment of William L. Veeck, Vice President of the Chicago Club, as a member of the Rules Committee of the league. President Heydler said that Veeck's long experience as a baseball reporter qualified him for this duty. The other members of the committee are Barney Dreyfuss, President of the Pittsburgh Club, and President Heydler. Veeck, until a month ago, was a baseball reporter on a Chicago newspaper.

DECIDE ON TITLE MEETS.

Senior and Junior Championships to be Held in Brooklyn.

The annual senior national indoor track and field championships will be held at the Thirteenth Regiment Armory in Brooklyn, March 8, and the junior title games at the same place Feb. 15, according to an announcement made yesterday by the Metropolitan A. A. U. These dates and the Thirteenth Regiment Armory have been selected for the two meets as a result of negotiations between the military authorities and the respective committees in charge of the two championship fixtures.

The program for the meets will include twelve events instead of thirteen, as heretofore. The five-mile run has been eliminated. This change was decided upon at the last meeting of the A. A. U. in Philadelphia, when it was decided that two long-distance races could not be promoted successfully. The five-mile run was discarded in favor of the two-mile race.

The events for both meets will include 60-yard dash, 300-yard run, 600-yard run, 1,000-yard run, two-mile run, two-mile walk, 70-yard high hurdles race, running high jump, standing high jump, standing broad jump, putting 16-pound shot, and medley relay race.

INVITE FOREIGN ATHLETES.

Allied and Neutral Nations May Send Teams Here for Meet.

Plans were disclosed yesterday which provide for an extension of the scope of the proposed international athletic meet, suggested in the invitation to the Swedish Athletic Association to have a team of its leading athletes compete in a series of meets here this year. It is understood that negotiations have already been opened between the nation's athletic officials and those of England, France, Italy, Norway, and Denmark, which, if they materialize, will result in athletic teams of all these countries visiting America this Summer in quest of laurels.

Whether the late belligerent European countries would permit representative athletic teams to accompany athletes of the neutral nation's on such a journey still remains a matter of conjecture. It is improbable, however, that the visitors will be seen in the indoor sports, even if the plans go through successfully. If there is materialization it is planned to have the foreign stars tour the country through the outdoor season, participating in the leading meets.

SHARP HOCKEY TILT WON BY BROOKLYN

"All-Collegiate" Seven Is Beaten at Ice Palace in Opening Game of the Season.

The newly formed Brooklyn Hockey Club's ice sextet began its competitive career last night with a victory over the All-Collegiates at the Brooklyn Ice Palace. The score was 3 goals to 1. The two teams were composed of junior players, the All-Collegiates having adopted the name for the occasion. This game marked the opening contest in a series which the Brooklyn Hockey Club team plans for the remainder of the season.

Frank Farah, captain of Poly Prep School's hockey team, with Fred Mohle and Bob Hall, both of Erasmus Hall H. S., were chiefly responsible for the Hockey Club's triumph. Farah registered two of his team's goals, while Mohle scored the other. In two of the tallies Hall's stick played an important rôle. The lone goal of the All-Collegiates was made by Sadler of New Utrecht H. S.

Farah put his team in the lead in the first period. After a lively scrimmage he caught the puck at the end of his stick and nursed it along the ice for a dodging trip. Suddenly he sent the rubber disk on a straight slash into the net. Later, on a rebound from Hall, Farah registered his second marker. Sadler scored All-Collegiates' goal in this period on a straight shot into the net.

After some lively playing in the second period Mohle got the puck on a rebound from Hall and sent it crashing into the net for the Hockey Club's third marker.

The lineup and summary:

Hockey Club, (3.)	Position.	Collegiates, (1.)
Wyckoff	G.	McPhee
Lyle	P.	Huntington
Mohle	C.P.	Adams
Hall	C.	Hetrick
B. Farah	L.W.	Sadler
F. Farah	R.W.	Hancock

Goals—First period: F. Farah, (2.) Sadler. Second period: Mohle. Referee—Thomas Howard. Goal umpires—John Howard and W. Benoit. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

Postpone Golf Finals.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 2.—Finals of the annual midwinter golf tournament, scheduled for today, were postponed on account of rain.

CRESCENT FIVE IS VICTOR.

Keeps Slate Clean by Defeating Central Y. M. C. A. Easily.

The Crescent A. C. basketball team added another victory to its uninterrupted record for the season last night, when it trounced the Central Y. M. C. A. quintet on the Y. M. C. A. court in Brooklyn, by the score of 49 to 28. The New Moon wearers led from the start of the game. At no time was their advantage threatened. The score at the end of the first half favored the ultimate winners by 20 to 11.

Stewart and McTigue, the latter a former Princeton player, scored most of the victorious team's points. McTigue caged six field goals, while Stewart got six field baskets and the same number from foul.

The lineup:

Cresc't A.C., (49.)	Position.	Y. M. C. A., (28.)
Heath	R.F.	Burns
Butler	L.F.	Seaman
McTigue	C.	Dodson
Austin	R.G.	O'Brien
Stewart	L.G.	Griffin

Field goals—Heath, Butler, Herten, (3.) McTigue, (6.) Austin, (4.) Stewart, (6.) Burns, (4.) Seaman, Hedburg, (2.) Griffin, (3.) Goals from foul—Heath, Stewart, (6.) Seaman, O'Brien, (7.) Substitutions: For Crescent A. C.—Herten for Butler. For Central Y. M. C. A.—Hedburg for Dodson. Referee—Lieutenant Brunn, United States Army. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

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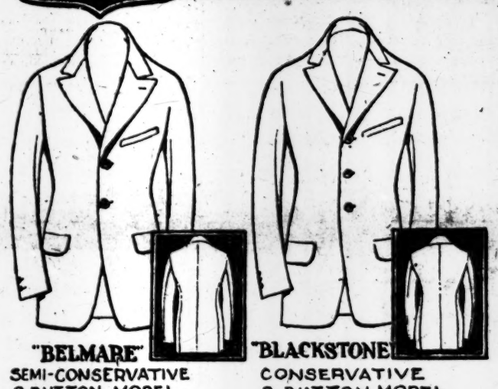

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FEARS CUT IN MILK SUPPLY TO THIS CITY

Health Commissioner Predicts Shortage, but Distributers Say It Won't Be Serious.

HOTELS ASKED TO BAR USE

City to Get 1,000,000 Quarts Less Today, Asserts Copeland—Concern for Babies.

There was a marked divergence of opinion yesterday between Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, and the distributers relative to the extent of the milk shortage the city will face today, as a result of the disagreement between the producers and distributers on the January price.

The distributers asserted that there would be only a slight increase in today's shortage over the estimated 33 1-3 per cent. shortage yesterday, and promised that by tomorrow there would be virtually a normal supply. Notwithstanding this, Dr. Copeland said the milk shortage today would be 1,000,000 quarts under the city's normal consumption.

The distributers' representatives said last night that milk in large quantities will begin arriving in New York today from entirely new sources, all within a short distance of the city, and that in case of necessity they have been offered milk from as far west as Chicago.

Speaking from the office of the New York Milk Conference Board last night, H. A. Cronk, Production Manager of Borden's Farm Products Company, Inc., said there was no occasion for alarm in the situation, and that the actual shortage of milk in the city was not as yet known, but some definite information would be had as soon as the work of tabulating reports, now in progress, is completed today.

He was very optimistic, and said that while there would probably be a shortage for some days yet, there would be almost a normal supply coming into the city by Saturday. L. A. Van Bomel, General Manager of the Sheffield Farms-Slawson-Decker Company, was of the same opinion.

Dr. Copeland's Statement.

Despite these assurances, Health Commissioner Copeland issued a statement in which he said:

"When the city awakens tomorrow morning it will find itself face to face with a milk crisis. The amount of milk delivered in the city today was 640,000 quarts less than yesterday. The amount delivered tomorrow will be 1,000,000 quarts under the normal consumption of the city. This creates a situation that has an important bearing on the health of the community, and, so far as the infants are concerned, their very lives. The baby milk stations were short today 11,000 quarts of milk. This means that 11,000 babies were deprived of their food.

"I have made an appeal tonight to the hotel men, restaurateurs representing public eating places, where approximately 40 per cent. of the city's milk is consumed, to decline voluntarily tomorrow to accept their usual quota of milk and to ask the patrons to refrain from the use of milk as a beverage. The amount of milk thus saved will permit the distributers to supply the baby health stations and families where there are infant children.

"The distributers have promised to supply the hospitals of the city, and particularly the military hospitals where there are large numbers of sick men. Every adult citizen who will refrain from the use of milk and every housewife who will use milk substitutes in the preparations of foods for the next few days will be rendering humanitarian, economic, and patriotic service.

"Should the situation become more desperate than it is at present, it is the intention of the Board of Health to commandeer the milk supply and distribute it to the places where it is most needed. This will be unnecessary if there is as hearty response from the general public as I received tonight from Thomas D. Green, President of the Hotel Men's Association, who said he knew he was speaking for the entire group of hotel operators in stating that he would gladly do anything in his power to uphold the administration in this manner. Similar assurances were received from John Cavanaugh, President of the Society of Restaurateurs, and the Childs Company.

"All of the milk coming into the city, both that from the old sources and that from new sources which are being tapped, will be inspected and pasteurized."

Says Farmers Refuse to Ship.

R. D. Cooper, President of the Dairymen's League, said yesterday that the farmers are standing solidly behind the league and are refusing to ship their milk unless they get 4.01 a hundred pounds, which, he said, is only the cost of production and does not include a profit. It is not an arbitrary price fixed by the farmers, he said, but is based on the sworn testimony collected for years from thousands of sources and from all the evidence to be had on actual milk costs.

Telegrams were received yesterday, he said, from many farmers asserting that they would not ship their milk unless they got the price asked, among the places reporting being Philadelphia, N. Y., Edmeston, Whitehall, Binghamton, and Hubbardsville, N. Y.

At the milk inquiry before Chief Magistrate McAdoo yesterday Dr. Copeland, Dr. Josephine Baker, Director of the Bureau of Child Hygiene, and Albert Manning, secretary of the Dairymen's League, were witnesses. Assistant District Attorney Dooling, who is conducting the inquiry, placed in evidence several telegrams received by the Dairymen's League from branch offices and farmers showing that the farmers are holding out for the price fixed by the league. He also placed in evidence two official bulletins issued by the league. The first put in evidence, under the Dec. 31 date, read:

"Post this bulletin. We have been attacked. The fight is on. They shall not pass. Your main line of defense is cost of production. This has been proved by sworn testimony. The dairymen's liberty, won in 1916, must now be preserved. Our price by Warren formula is $4.01 at 150-mile zone. You will be notified when your milk is sold. Call meetings of every branch. Be prepared to meet the situation. Do not resort to violence."

The other bulletin, dated Jan. 1, was as follows:

"Every member is needed in our trenches. This is no time to hesitate. Success depends on you. Dealers have milk on the road from the West. This promises to be the biggest fight we have ever had. Dealers are pooling their milk. Some companies have already signed contracts. Every member on the job. The dealer refuses to pay what you are asking. Do you propose to accept what he offers? Get every member out to meetings. Do not resort to violence."

Inquiry to Go On.

Just before the hearing was adjourned until this morning Magistrate McAdoo made the following statement:

"When this inquiry was begun, and up to this time, the acute distress among milk consumers, particularly those families having small children, naturally aroused public indignation, and an immediate demand for the facts in connection with the present high prices of this article. The District Attorney, therefore, very properly in my judgment, having regard to the public interests, widened the scope of this inquiry aside from the pursuit of individual guilt into the economic and social questions connected with the milk supply, which is as vitally necessary to the welfare of the community as that of water.

"This was deemed necessary in view of the fact that existing laws, as recently amended, affect the question very seriously. In his message to the Legislature yesterday, Governor Smith has announced that he will appoint a commission to make inquiry and report to him such legislative or other remedies as they may deem necessary.

"This would render a further inquiry on economic and social lines by the District Attorney, in my judgment, a work of supererogation. Such facts as have already been given in evidence before me can, if required, be transmitted to the Governor's Commission.

"In the meantime Mr. Dooling, who on behalf of the District Attorney has conducted this investigation with great zeal for the public interests and with a high order of professional intelligence and unabated industry, assures me that it will be continued on lines not in conflict with the expressed intentions of the Governor."

The New York Milk Conference Board, Inc., in an advertisement appearing in the newspapers this morning, gives the position of the Milk Conference Board in the controversy over the January price.

After pointing out that the distributers have offered the producers a price for January larger than that demanded by and paid to the farmers serving other large cities, such as Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, and Pittsburgh, the Milk Conference Board says that, as a result of the refusal of the Dairymen's League to accept the price, it will be impossible for the dealers to deliver their full supply, and that, while for the next few days there may be varying shortage, the consumers can rest secure in the knowledge that there will be ample for babies, children, invalids, and hospitals.

HOMICIDES DECREASE HERE.

Drop in Suicides Also, Report Shows —Sullivan Law Gets Credit.

Figures showing a comparative decrease in the number of homicides and suicides in New York County over former years were given out yesterday by George P. Le Brun, Secretary of the League for the Conservation of Human Life. Mr. Le Brun pointed out that the efficacy of the Sullivan law was becoming increasingly apparent, and that, had New Jersey a similar law there would be still less shootings in this city.

In 1910, a year prior to the enactment of the law, there were 108 homicides and 133 suicides by shooting in New York County. The first two years of the law's operation did not show any marked decrease.

"A progressive decrease is noted," Mr. Le Brun said, "beginning in 1914. The past year shows a considerable decrease in homicides and suicides by shooting, as well as a corresponding decrease in homicides and suicides by other methods. From investigation we find that most of the pistols used in the commission of the shootings were bought in New Jersey."

The following table, for New York County only, shows the decrease in the number of homicides and suicides by shooting:

	Homicides.	Suicides.		Homicides.	Suicides.
1911	93	165	1915	80	104
1912	114	89	1916	70	84
1913	111	86	1917	94	69
1914	87	80	1918	78	48

Of the 78 homicides, 6 were by police officers in the discharge of their duty. In connection with these figures the total figures of homicides and suicides by other methods, including shooting, show a decrease.

	Homicides.	Suicides.		Homicides.	Suicides.
1910	185	448	1915	176	518
1911	183	440	1916	181	427
1912	198	474	1917	139	350
1913	194	453	1918	130	316
1914	172	494			

BRIDGEPORT PAPERS MERGE

Flicker and Waldo of That City Also Take Over The Hartford Post.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 2.—It was announced here today that the Post Publishing Company, publisher of The Bridgeport Post, Telegram, and Sunday Post, has leased the equipment and good-will of The Bridgeport Standard-American, preliminary to a merger of the two properties, and that Edward Flicker and George C. Waldo, Jr., today became publishers of The Hartford Post.

Mr. Waldo, present publisher of The Standard-American, becomes associated with Edward Flicker, publisher of The Post, Telegram, and Sunday Post. Mr. Flicker will manage all papers represented in the merger, and Mr. Waldo will have the news and editorial management.

Britain Decorates Gen. Thornton.

Brig. Gen. Henry W. Thornton, former General Superintendent of the Long Island Railroad, but for the last five years General Manager of the Great Eastern Railway of England, has been gazetted Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire. This information was received yesterday in a cable message to H. J. Ketchum, general agent here for the Great Eastern. The order was conferred in recognition of the war work of General Thornton. He became a British subject in 1916.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

Russian Symphony Society.

When Franz Liszt stalked about the gardens of Weimar he never opened his umbrella though scolded by his housekeeper, Pauline Apfel, now a venerable person. His abbe's bread-brimmed hat dripped with rain, his rusty soutane was soaked, yet he always smilingly denied that he was wet. His argument, no doubt intended to mollify the irate Pauline, ran like this: "If the weather doesn't bother itself about me, why should I bother about the weather?" So his umbrella was never unfurled. As we watched Modest Altschuler waving his baton over the Russian Symphony Society at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon, the Liszt story related to us by Pauline herself, floated down the corridors of our memory. Mr. Altschuler doesn't seem to bother himself about his men, and his men certainly return the compliment. He blissfully beats time, his band play the notes on their desks. Sometimes they don't reach the winning post together, but what's the odds if all concerned are happy? Penguinlike their conductor walks through a half dozen scores, penguinlike his musicians play them; naturally, penguins after the manner of the adorable Anatole France.

This matinée furnished many dull moments for critical listeners. Mischa Elman was ill with influenza, and the Dvorak concerto was shelved. The concertmaster kindly volunteered. His name is Wassily Bezekirsky, and he played a "Havanaise" by Saint-Saëns, and was so well liked by his hearers that he was forced to respond with an encore. As announced by Conductor Altschuler, it was a Serenade by Arensky, a commonplace trifle with obvious rhythms, though in reality more Spanish than the Frenchman's elaborate piece; again the violinist who had bravely substituted at a few hours' notice was warmly applauded. Mr. Bezekirsky deserved it all.

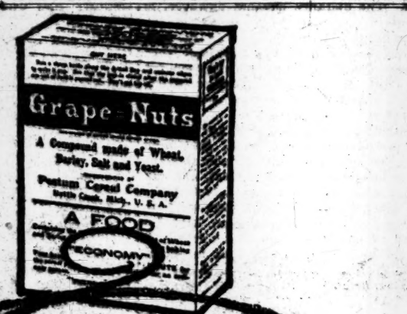
The first symphony of Arensky, which began the afternoon, proved tame stuff, neither fish, flesh nor good red Scriabine. And it was tamely played. The lenten pace of the Andante con Moto suggested an Adagio lugubrioso. To be sure, it was a Pastorale, yet the landscape couldn't have been so sleepy. The devoted metronomist, Maximilian Smith, was not within hailing distance, or we should have asked him for his tempi. Nor did the Scherso go with any elasticity. The finale was livelier. Not worth while resurrecting this early work of a mediocrity. The Elegie and Musette by Jan Sibelius, the Finnish composer, but added to the rapidly gathering gloom. The Musette was so indifferently played that it was promptly encored, and the second time it sounded worse than the first, final squeak and all.

Under a lowering sky a shepherd walks, squeezing his bagpipes. He mutters as he walks around a sullen, sultry pool, wherein the frogs gurgle—the bassoons in the band. The rain falls in harsh upright sheets. The shepherd walks. Mr. Altschuler smiles benignly as he wipes the perspiration from his Slavic brow. He is a sensitive conductor. Hence the association of ideas. That he was out of his bailiwick when he attempted Tschaikowsky's fantaisie, "Francesca da Rimini." That noble and heroic work is for men of greater calibre. Its surging passion, dramatic sweep, demand a Nikisch or a Paur. We longed for the magnetic personality of Leopold Stokowski, who is a sympathetic interpreter of the Russian's music. There was noise and ragged entrances and confusion, but no grasp of essentials. Eloquence was absent, and also energizing rhythms, glow, and ecstasy.

On the spiral blasts of hell, the two lovers, in that memorable canto of the divine Dante, are blown to their doom. Yesterday they might have chewed gum for all they seemed to care. Mr. Altschuler is an amiable conductor, and we owe him a debt for the many interesting novelties he has imported from the land of the Muscovite; but profundity, poetry, passion—that is, poetic passion—are not always at his call, and this Tschaikovsky music cruelly exposed the weaknesses of his band. Thus an abysmal afternoon, with its lame ducks, wet penguins, frogs, and bagpipes, closed on a note of woe. We had hoped for better things, a hope that no doubt will be realized at the next pair of concerts, when a Stravinsky symphony is promised, when Rachmaninoff is to play his first, and newly revised, pianoforte concerto. Avos!

Change of Bill at the Opera.

There were exclamations of disappointment, displeasure, surprises, even rage, made by a large audience when it received the announcement that "Le Coq d'Or" would not be sung at the Metropolitan Opera House last night. Rosina Galli, the mining queen of the operapantomime, couldn't stir from her bed because of an acute rheumatic attack, and "The Golden Cock" without Galli! "Pagliacci" was hurriedly substituted. At 7 P. M. Signor Guardi frantically beat up the bushes for musical partridges, and a cast was soon found; Claudia Muzio, Morgan Kingston, Giuseppi de Luca, Paltrinieri, and Launsuti. De Luca was the Tonio, and his prologue was an artistic bit of acting and singing. "Cavalleria Rusticana" began the evening with Florence Easton, Flora Perini, Althouse, Chalmers, and Margie Mattfeld. Maestro Moranzoni conducted both performances. Rimsky-Korsakoff's work will be seen and heard later in the month.



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"THERE'S A REASON"

AID ONLY DISABLED MEN.

Federal Official Explains Scope of the Vocational Bureau.

In view of a number of applications made to the Federal Board for Vocational Education by soldiers and sailors who have not been disabled and who were in apparent perfect health, A. W. Griffen, Vocational Officer for the Second District, comprising New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, said yesterday:

Men who have not been disabled in the service or who have recovered from their disability are not entitled to the benefits of the board. Those that are entitled are the soldiers, sailors, and nurses who have been injured and suffered from some disease in the line of duty from which they have apparently recovered, but which may from any cause whatsoever recur."

Mr. Griffen said disabled soldiers upon application to the district office would be placed in gainful occupations or sent to schools where they would be instructed in industries, professions, agriculture or commerce and would receive a minimum wage of $65 a month while learning.

Those that have both arms missing are hard to place in employment, but many occupations have been found for the blind. Most of them are sent to Baltimore where they are taught to run a switchboard, to assemble parts, or typewriting. Many of the blinded soldiers have become very proficient in attuning chimes in clock factories.

In the office at 280 Broadway, 3,100 crippled have been cared for since Sept. 16, when the work of the Federal Board was begun.

Caruso Police Reserve Captain.

Nahan Franko, the orchestra leader, himself a Captain in the Police Reserve, presented to Enrico Caruso yesterday a commission as honorary Captain in the reserve and a badge of that office. With them went a letter from Inspector Dwyer, written at the direction of Rodman Wanamaker, Special Deputy Police Commissioner, thanking Mr. Caruso for his interest in police affairs, evidenced by the tenor's performances without charge at police benefits.

Fri., Sat. at 3 P. M.
RECITAL
by the
DUO-ART PIANO
reproducing the playing of
Harold Bauer
Admission without charge
The Aeolian Company
29 West 42nd St. Fourth Floor

AMUSEMENTS.

HIPPODROME ALL AMERICA GALA FESTIVAL
THIS SUNDAY NIGHT
Auspices American Defense Society, Inc.
THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Hon. Chairman.
MME ALDA, MISS MAUDE POWELL, HENRY HADLEY, REGINALD DE KOVEN, ORVILLE HAROLD, JULIA ARTHUR, GEO. HARRIS, JR., THOMAS CHALMERS, VICTOR HERBERT, JOHN POWELL, MARCIA VAN DRESSER, FLORENCE WHITEHILL, AL JOLSON, ELEANOR PAINTER, GEO. M. COHAN.
Big Symphony Orchestra—All American
Seats at Box Office Prices: $5, $2, $1.

—POSTPONEMENT NOTICE—
Piano Recital Aeolian Hall, Jan. 4, at 3 P. M.
By GUIOMAR NOVAES
Postponed to WEDNESDAY AFT., FEBRUARY 19, AT 3.

MANHATTAN Op. Ho., 34th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed.
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in GEO. M. COHAN'S Newest Comedy
THE VOICE OF McCONNELL
25c to $1.50. A few front Orch. Seats at $1.50

IRVING PL. THEA. Mat. Sat., Sun., 2:30. Tel. Stuyvesant 1850.
Director, Maurice Schwartz, presents Peres Hirshbein's comedy-classic of rural Russo-Jewish life.

Burton Holmes CARNEGIE HALL, 57TH ST.
—HIMSELF— SUN. EVES. 8:30. MON. MATS. at 3.
BEGINNING JAN. 12
WITH THE "YANKS"
IN ENGLAND.....Jan. 12-13
IN PARIS.....Jan. 19-20
IN FRANCE.....Jan. 26-27
AT THE FRONT.....Feb. 2-3
IN ITALY.....Feb. 9-10
Course Evs., $5, $4, $3. Mats., $4, $3, $2.50. Sale Now

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Carnegie Hall Tom'w (Sat.) Eve. at 8:15. Thurs. Aft., Jan. 9, at 2.
Soloist JOSEF HOFMANN
Weber, Tschaikowsky, Ravel, Liszt.
Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan. 5, at 3.
Soloist M. GUSTAVE TINLOT
Violin—SAINT-SAENS, BEETHOVEN, BORowski, WEBER.
Tickets at Box Offices. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Tonight at 8:30.
WITH ITALY AT WAR
AND ITALY'S FUTURE
CHARLES UPSON CLARK
OF AMERICAN ACADEMY IN ROME
ILLUSTRATED
New Slides and Motion Pictures.
$1.50 to 25c. Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau.

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan. 12, at 3
ZIMBALIST
Violin Recital. Tickets at Hall.
Aeolian Hall Tonight at 8:15.
ELSHUCO TRIO
SAMUEL GARDNER, Violin; WILLEM WILLEKE, 'Cello; RICH'D EPSTEIN, Piano.

FIFTH BILTMORE
FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Jan. 10, at 11.
MARIE RAPPOLD
GIOVANNI MARTINELLI
JACQUES THIBAUD
Res. Seats, $3. Box Seats, $5, now on sale at R. E. Johnston's office, 1451 B'way. Knabe Piano.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY.....Conductor
Carnegie Hall, This Afternoon at 2:30.
Soloists { ALFRED MEGERLIN.....Violin / J. KOVARIK.....Viola
MOZART DOUBLE CONCERTO
RIMSKY-KORSAKOFF 'SCHEHERAZADE'
Carnegie Hall, Sunday Aft., Jan'y 5, at 3
SOLOIST RAOUL VIDAS
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

LEXINGTON THEATRE 51st St. and Lex. Avenue.
Evenings 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
With the musical soldier comedy sensation
"ATTA BOY" with Capt. FRANK TINNEY
and company of 150 enlisted men.
Tickets 50c to $2. Exempt from War Tax.
Box Office opens 9:30 A. M.

HIPPODROME, SUN. EVE., Jan. 12 At 8:15. CONCERT BY JOHN McCORMACK
SEATS $1, $1.50, $2, NOW AT BOX OFFICE

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE.
NEXT SUNDAY EVE., JAN. 5th, at 8:15
FINAL RECITAL
GUILBERT
Direction Daniel Mayer. (Knabe Piano.)

HIPPODROME NEXT SUNDAY MATINEE
ALL-TSCHAIKOWSKY PROGRAM
PATHETIQUE | The Nut Cracker | Violin Concerto
RUSSIAN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Seats Now on Sale

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BROADWAY Theatre, B'way at 41st St. Cont. 10 A. M. to midnight.
The Heart of Humanity
A GREAT BIG BEAUTIFUL ROMANCE OF THE WAR.

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CHARLES RAY in "STRING BEANS"
RIALTO ORCHESTRA

81 st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
"AFTER THE WAR" Not a War Picture
Also FILMDOM'S 20 GREATEST STARS in "How Stars Twinkle Away from the Studio."—Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

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Adventures Among South Sea Cannibals
Final Experiences of Explorer Martin Johnson and His Intrepid Little Wife.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
RUTH CLIFFORD in "The Cabaret Girl," GLORIA SWANSON in "Wife or Country."

STRAND B'way & 47th St.
ANITA STEWART in "Virtuous Wives"
Soloists, Strand Symphony Orchestra

BROOKLYN.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
"Under Four Flags"
Third Government Motion Picture.
Graphic Portrayal of Final Military Efforts. Thrilling Battle Scenes. Submarine Warfare.
Today at 3:30 and 8:15.
Seats Now—25c, 50c.

REMARKABLE PICTURE.
Twenty thousand men of the Eighteenth Division of the United States Army posed to represent a caste, with all its bristling characteristics, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times, next Sunday.—Advt.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight at 8, "Il Tabarro," "Suor Angelica," "Gianni Schicchi." Farrar, Mundo, Easton, Grisi, De Luca, Montesanto. Cond. Moranzoni.
Sat. at 2, Mason Lescat, Aida; Martinelli, Scotti, Rappold, Van Hoda. Cond. Papi.
Sat. at 8, Special Performance, Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, De Luca, Mardones. Chalmers. Cond. Papi.
Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $2. Tassia Soldai, Russian Violinist. Homer, Mardones. Cond. Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois; Martinelli, Rothier, Cousinou. Cond. Monteux.
Wed. Special Mat. at 2, (1) to (3) Sobeana, Aida, Romalin, Caruso, Montesanto, Didur, Mardones. Cond., Papi.
Wed. 8:15, 1st time, Grisolo e la Cassara, Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi.
Thurs. at 8:15, Gheon, Gentle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky.
Fri. at 8:15, Lodoletta. Easton, Arden; Caruso, Didur, Chalmers, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:30.
MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2.
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in 49th Week in New York.
SINBAD 50th Week in New York
Sunday Night Concert
BEST BILL IN NEW YORK

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NEW CENTURY A SENSATION!
MIDNIGHT WHIRL Phone Col. 8304

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
ALICE BRADY
Personally
FOREVER AFTER
48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
MARY NASH IN
THE BIG CHANCE

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

ELTINGE West 42d Street. Evenings, 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
UNDER ORDERS

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD
in FRIENDLY ENEMIES

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits
New Musical Play—The 100% Show
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL B'way & 47. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
Sun. Eve. Concert: Sailor Rube, Marquard | Harry Carroll, Mabel Withee | & Big Bill
A Merry Musical Romance
SOME TIME with ED. WYNN
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tom'w. 2:15.
WHITESIDE
in LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

PRINCESS Matinees Tomorrow and Wed. Evenings at 8:30.
"OH, MY DEAR" A Sparkling Medley of Fun and Music.

LYRIC 42d St., west of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. Not a War Play
THE UNKNOWN PURPLE
With RICHARD BENNETT. 5th Month.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY
BE CALM, CAMILLA Clare Kummer's New Comedy,
with Lola Fisher and Walter Hampden.
"PURE GOLD."—Corbin, The Times.

NORA BAYES THEA. 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 6:6.
Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. Evs. 8:15.
NORA BAYES | LADIES FIRST
IN HER JOYOUS PLAY
FIRST NORA BAYES CONCERT NEXT SUNDAY NITE

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST.
SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS
Gilbert & Sullivan's Gayest Comic Operas.
Tonight, 8:30.....MIKADO
Sat. Mat. 2:30. Pinafore | Sat. Night, 8:30. The Gondoliers

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"ADORABLE."—Mail.
EAST IS WEST A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30. Sharp.
MATS TODAY & TOM'W, 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' A LITTLE JOURNEY
New Play,
with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley.

LOEW'S 7th Av. at 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Sat., 25c to 75c. "THE MAN WHO CAME BACK"
Next Week—"Seven Days Leave."

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents
"COMPLETE SUCCESS."—World.
H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners | with IRENE BORDONI

FULTON West 46th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY, 2:30.
Kalich Arnold Heeno Baker Bruning "THE RIDDLE: WOMAN"

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NEW CENTURY A SENSATION!
MIDNIGHT WHIRL Phone Col. 8304

WILLIAM COLLIER LONGACRE West 48th St.
in "NOTHING BUT LIES"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30.
FLORENCE NASH 3rd Month
in "REMNANT"
With ORRIN JOHNSON and GREAT CAST.

SHUBERT West 44th St. Tel. Bryant 8458. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
SPECIAL POP. PRICE MAT. TODAY
BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, author of "The Blue Bird."

SELWYN THEATRE
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Wed.
Jane Cowl IN The Crowded Hour
Extra Matinee Today 2:30.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Wed.
THE COMEDY HIT
Tea for 3
Extra Matinee Today 2:30.

MATS. TODAY & TOMORROW, 2:15.
LITTLE SIMPLICITY
at the 44TH STREET THEATRE Evenings 8:15.
The Holiday Show of New York

BROADHURST Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:15.
Matinees Tomorrow & Thursday, 2:15.
"UPROARIOUSLY WELCOMED MODERN MUSICAL COMEDY IN THE MOST APPROVED SHUBERT MANNER. WILL ENJOY EXCEPTIONAL POPULARITY FOR A LONG TIME TO COME."—American.
The Melting of Molly
With CHARLES PURCELL
"A CHORUS WITH A KICK."—World.
"A HARMING STORY, FINE CHORUS, YOUTHFUL CHARM."—Journal of Commerce.
"THEATREGOERS WILL FIND IT A JOY."—Herald.

PLYMOUTH West 45th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's "REDEMPTION"

PLYMOUTH THEATRE—SPECIAL TOMORROW MORNING AT 10:30
WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
"Chorus of approval from New York newspaper writers."—Literary Digest.

COMEDY, Evs. 8:30. Matinee Tom'w, 2:30.
Norman Trevor, Cyril Harcourt, Peggy Hopkins Joyce
A PLACE in the SUN

French Thea., 59 Columbus Circle. 65W. 55. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tm'w, Thurs., 2:15.
This Week | L'ENIGME and Double Bill | BOUBOUROCHE
Seats 50c. to $2. Saturday Night Pop. Prices.

39TH ST. THEATRE Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tomorrow, 2:30.
It's naughty; but it's nice! But SH!
KEEP IT TO YOURSELF
"Snappy and daring enough to make the audience gasp!"—Mail.

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tomorrow at 2:15.
Highest Price Orchestra Seats, $1 Evenings.
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"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
William Gillette | "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY"—Herald | Dear Brutus
"To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

GEO. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. M. Mats. Sat. & Wed.
A thousand hearty laughs in the new American comedy "A PRINCE THERE WAS," the funniest play ever written by GEO. M. COHAN

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER
"Is well worth looking at and listening to."—Eve. World.

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 West 43d St. Evs. 8:45. MATINEE TOMORROW, 2:30.
Back to Earth
A New Comedy by William Le Baron.
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT—Seats Now.
PATRICIA COLLINGE in a new character comedy, "TILLIE"
By Helen R. Martin & Frank Howe, Jr.

EXTRA MATINEE TODAY, 2:30.
LIGHTNIN Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. and
GAIETY, B'way & 46th. Wed., 2:30.
3 WISE FOOLS Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30
CRITERION, B'way, 44th St.

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies
GLORIANNA

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COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON
THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN
THE REAL LAUGHING MUSICAL
KLAW & ERLANGER'S TIMELY GEM OF JOY AND MELODY
ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
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EMILY STEVENS in GENTILE WIFE

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DADDIES

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THE INVISIBLE FOE
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Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written.
THREE FACES EAST

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FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Sat., Mon., & Wed., 2:20.
"'ULLO 'ERE'S A 'IT!" The Better 'Ole
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SPECIAL MATINEE NEXT MONDAY

STANDARD B'way, 99 St. Evs. 25c to $1.00. Booth "PENROD"
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JULIA Sanderson | JOSEPH Cawthorn | IN "THE Canary"
Sam Hardy and Davis & Dixon.

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WM. S. HART in "Branding All Seats Broadway," Robert Henry Hodge & Reserved Co., Alft. Grant, Hall & O'Brien, Oth., 35, 35, 50

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ICE SKATING TOD

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1919.

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THE CITY'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Discussion of the street railway fare question in this city must start with the fact that the city is partner with the subway companies under a contract which pledges the good faith of the city. That distinguishes New York from other cities where the partnership between the tractions and the cities is merely a community of interest, such as exists in New York also respecting the surface lines. The argument that there can be no real separation between the prosperity of the cities and their transportation companies applies to both the surface and subway lines, wherever both exist, but is especially strong respecting the formal partnership of New York with the companies jointly interested with it in their common half-billion-dollar subway enterprise.

The city recognizes this in its application for a joint receiver of the Brooklyn company, and in the Mayor's statement yesterday that the city's interest in both companies exceeds the larger contribution of either company in its share of the contract. There would have been no dual subway contract if the city had had the funds to build the subways alone. The inducement of the two systems to enter into the contract was to preserve their previous investment. But on the faith of the contract they have made many millions of further investment of funds contributed by themselves and solicited from the public. The good faith of the city is thus peculiarly pledged to the fulfillment of expectations based upon the city's contract. The city cannot afford to have its good faith impugned in any degree, apart from the credit of the companies. In fact, it may be said that there is little distinction between the solvency of the companies and the solvency of the city. The dual subway contract was devised to enable the city to benefit by the expenditure of private capital which, if made by the city, would have carried it over the constitutional debt limit. That situation is even more acute today. If the city by default of its partners is compelled to carry the contract alone, and the deficit of the partnership becomes the deficit of the city alone, the constitutional limit must be passed.

The point is made with regret, for unfortunately it will not strengthen the city's situation, unless it sobers those who are proceeding with a policy of desperation in defiance of it. The dual subway contract was put under dual control from distrust of the influence now dominant in city affairs. It was thought undesirable to intrust the city alone with the expenditure of all that money, even if it was its own money, spent in its own affairs. So the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission were yoked in uncongenial alliance which has rarely worked well, and which has at last precipitated the present situation. The companies are charged with causing the trouble in order that their fares might be increased. The increase of fares is more the concern of the city than of the companies. The city guarantees the income of the companies much as the nation guarantees the "standard return" of the steam railways. The increase of fares can add nothing to the profit of the companies until their guarantee is exceeded, and there is no immediate prospect of that. With better reason it might be said that the situation was caused by the desire of the city's administration to enter into larger control of the subway situation than the contract allows. If the present Board of Estimate had cooperated more fully with the Public Service Commission, the dual subway would be a better earner now and with a clearer future. If the prospect of Government ownership under Tammany auspices is a weight on the dual subway, the city's administration cannot charge that against the companies.

Apart from the dual contract the city's tractions, both subway and surface, were embarrassed by the limit of fares while costs rose without limit, largely because of the exercise of war powers. In a single day more than twenty companies were ordered by the War Labor Board to increase wages. The War Board gave an opinion that the President had power to take over the companies embarrassed by the increase of wages, but the President declined to act upon the hint. The Mayor and some other members of the Board of Estimate made a special visit to Washington to protest against the increase of fares, which now will be larger than would have been accepted then. The New York situation is only a part of the national situation, in which increased costs halved the net income of 1917, compared with 1916, and in the earlier months of 1918 left less than 7 per cent. of the net of 1916. At the same time gross earnings increased, but the increase in gross was less than the increase in costs, so that the public was served out of profits previously none too large. Months ago the War Labor Board recommended to the President Federal legislation for relief of the "very perilous" condition of the local tractions. The United States Chamber of Commerce made similar recommendations. So did our own Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Association and Board of Trade. Actual relief was granted in 364 cities some months ago, and the number is now larger. Yet now it is said that the companies are "accelerating" a situation which is universal and which has been relieved almost everywhere else. The remedy of increased fares which has averted bankruptcies in so many other cities is the one indicated here. Receiverships are a bad beginning for the new year.

THE BILL TO CRIPPLE BUSINESS.

The threatened increase of Federal tax exactions approaches the danger point. There are hopes of good profits on smaller business for the year just begun. That hope will be disappointed if it is necessary to reduce profits by increased payments to Federal tax gatherers, for lack of prudence in reservation of tax dues on the business which has passed the wheel. Not many corporations, we imagine, have laid aside last year's taxes out of last year's profits. The business of 1919 will have to bear the burden of the taxes incurred in 1918, and they will be, if not crushing, at least heavy enough to lessen materially the vitality of trade. What will be the condition of the hundreds of firms to whom $2,000,000,000 of payments from Government are due and whose contracts have been canceled? A great deal more than the Federal tax is included in those cancellations. How can those firms calculate either their profits, their losses, or their taxes? How can they and most others pay either their creditors or the tax collector if the Government increases their taxes at a time when their capital is in swollen inventories, like most other people's, and can be liquidated quickly only at ruinous sacrifice?

It is not possible that the views of Secretary GLASS differ from those of his predecessor, who months ago publicly declared his anxiety under conditions not so bad as those now obtaining. It is hardly possible that he has not been consulted by Internal Revenue Commissioner ROPER in his perplexity under the situation Congress has created, and regarding which his complaint has been registered. None of these things move Congressmen, wedded to their issues and fads more than ever, since they have nothing to lose which they did not lose at the last election. If enactment of the pending tax bill is much further delayed the Treasury may be forced to foreclose the situation by proceeding to collect taxes for 1918 under the present law, which Congress so admires that it has allowed it to stand. Returns for such taxes should now be calculated, and must be filed under penalty within two months. That is a short interval even under a familiar law. It is too short a time for an amended law not yet passed, or even printed, which contains innumerable pitfalls for both Treasury and taxpayers.

THE WAR'S LOSSES.

The latest available table of casualties in the great war is necessarily incomplete, and it may be doubted whether the whole truth will ever be known about the sacrifice of life, the maiming of men doomed to be remnants of humanity, and the many lost to view and never to be accounted for. The casualties of the Russians can only be conjectured; records were loosely kept during the imperial régime now gone, and such records as existed have been engulfed in chaos. It is estimated—perhaps guessed would be the fitter word—that 1,700,000 Russians were killed in the war, 3,500,000 wounded, and that the sum of the "missing or prisoners" was 2,500,000, the grand total being 7,700,000. If these figures were approximately correct and those given for the German forces are trustworthy, Russia's losses would be the greater by nearly 1,700,000.

It is to be supposed that the French casualties have been registered with some care, but during the war not a figure was published, and now that the war is over admitted losses are limited to the dead, of which the number is 1,071,300. How many French soldiers and sailors were wounded, and how many were captured or "missing," has not been divulged, leaving gaps in any table that can be constructed. The Austrian casualty list also leaves a good deal to be desired. The dead are given as 800,000; nothing is said about the wounded and "missing or prisoners." Can anything be definitely known about Austrian losses of any kind in the war, even in Austria, where the military system broke down long before the armistice was granted? The Italian figures have the color of truth—460,000 dead, 947,000 wounded, and 500,000 "missing or prisoners," most of whom the disaster following Caporetto accounts for.

It is when we come to the casualties of the British Empire, Germany, and the United States that the ground to stand on has stability, but this should be qualified by saying that vanquished Germany is not interested at present in revising her records, if they have been brought down to date. The German dead are given as 1,600,000, wounded as 3,683,143, and the "missing or prisoners" as 772,512; total, 6,055,655. Records have probably been well kept, but there is danger of impairment in the confusion now widespread in Germany. Great Britain has published her losses by the month regularly, and the work seems to have been well done. Her dead are given as 706,726, wounded as 2,032,142, and "missing or prisoners" as 359,145; total, 3,008,013. It has been intimated that the "dead" do not include a considerable number of losses by accidents, from disease, and from unexplained causes. American totals are comprehensive in the sense that all deaths overseas from whatever cause are counted. The list of Jan. 1 given out by the War Department makes the army casualties (the naval have not been numerous) 59,111 dead, 126,435 wounded, and "missing" 19,899, exclusive of the marines, which body has had 2,042 deaths, 3,014 wounded, 423 "missing," and 54 taken prisoners.

The latest available table, one of a series that will extend through months, until the last word is said, gives a total of 6,396,504 dead, but that total does not include the Serbians, Greeks, Montenegrins, Rumanians, Bulgarians, and Turks. When all the returns that can be gathered are in, it will be found, doubtless, that 10,000,000 men laid down their lives in the great war.

PROHIBITION AND SOCIALISM.

Mr. THADDEUS C. SWEET, once more Speaker of the Assembly, surpassed himself in the ingenious paradox, mystification, or ethereal humor wherewith he recommended that body to ratify the Prohibition Amendment:

> With the evils of intemperance abolished, it is the opinion of sociologists that advocates of socialistic and paternalistic legislation would get little hearing from the people.

An observer with a binocle would probably have seen a distinct flicker of Mr. SWEET'S left eyelid as he uttered this decision of the Sanhedrin of Sociologists. Mr. SWEET was entitled to enjoy himself. Prohibition itself is paternalistic. Stop paternalism by paternalism—that is good homeopathy. Mr. SWEET must have thought, and grinned to himself, of the prohibition of vodka and the abatement of socialism in Russia. Perhaps he thought of Mr. BURLESON, in whose State "the evils of intemperance have been abolished," and whose consequent weaning from socialistic and paternalistic legislation and socialism and paternalism without legislation we all know.

It is too bad that there is no psychotelephone by which to "poll" the opinion of KARL MARX, FERDINAND LASSALLE, and the rest of the Socialist grandees deceased, on Mr. SWEET'S engaging theory. The Superintendent of the State Anti-Saloon League will probably be more firmly than ever convinced that the Speaker is not the most serious and rock-bound of Republican political Drys.

ALL-AMERICAN NEWS.

More extensive trade relations, a closer friendship, between the Latin-American Republics and the United States are among the hopes of enlightened men in both the American continents. During the war, in spite of a virulent German propaganda, a better feeling, the perception of an essential community of interests as well as of political institutions, has come into being. The ancient distrust of the intentions of Uncle Sam has largely melted before the North American idealistic purpose in the war, a purpose sure to awaken sympathy in the Latin-American mind, where by the side of sobriety of judgment and a certain intellectual skepticism lives a keenly chivalrous spirit. It is not through episodes and occasional contacts, however, that peoples come to know one another. They must learn one another's character by long and constant experience. The United States, which has been educating itself about Europe and Asia in the last four years, has yet to learn Latin America, that great congeries of nations, each with its splendid and romantic history, its people differing from its neighbors by marked or subtle differentiations, each with its various resources, its needs, its gradations of policy, its wealth of jurists, statesmen, historians, novelists, orators, poets, each a rich field for the student of men and women, of politics, of Latin cultivation continuing the secular Latin tradition and bringing to it worthy contributions.

The United States is much more ignorant of Latin America than Latin America of the United States. The study of Spanish and Portuguese is going to do much to relieve that ignorance, and South America, with its marvelous wealth and contrasts of scenery, is destined more and more to attract North American tourists. But the people of both regions need to hear from each other day by day, to follow each other's history day by day, to have the life of each revealed to the other every day as that of Europe is to both the Americas. To this purpose, of the utmost importance to the broadening of all-American sympathies and intercourses, the daily exchange of cable news begun by The Associated Press on New Year's Day, between a number of the chief newspapers in Panama, Ecuador, Peru, Chile, and Argentina and the United States is a notable and most welcome help.

The Associated Press has members in Cuba and Mexico. It is to be hoped that its service will soon be extended to Uruguay and Brazil, and every Latin-American Republic. As Mr. NOYES, President of The Associated Press, said in his greeting to the new members, "with a freer flow of "news between the two continents we "shall grow to know each other better, and a better acquaintance, a "more thorough and sympathetic "common understanding of the characteristics, the merits and the "weaknesses of the countries of the "Western Hemisphere will be a thousandfold more effective in maintaining friendship than the most "extensive and subtle propaganda "work."

In scope and potentiality this all-American news exchange is one of the most valuable services ever planned by The Associated Press.

LIEBKNECHT LEFT BEHIND.

Who would have thought to see Dr. LIEBKNECHT so soon becoming a conservative? Not that he has changed, but that his following has passed him by. He seems to have become a Kerensky, without having had the pleasure of being a Premier first. The Ebert Government resembles the Lvoff Government in its last days, and the Bolsheviki or Spartacans overturn their Kerensky before they overturn their Lvoff.

LIEBKNECHT was willing to allow the Constituent Assembly to meet. He wanted the Spartacans to participate in its election, so that they could influence the composition of the assembly. Since their representatives would certainly be in a minority, the only way they could influence it would be by terrorism, and LIEBKNECHT presumably meant to follow the Russian example. In that case the Bolsheviki bedeviled the Constituent Assembly by "influencing its composition," and then, tiring of the sport, sent armed sailors into its venerable hall and made its members jump out of the windows at the point of the bayonet.

But ROSA LUXEMBURG regarded this as mere paltering. She would improve on the Russian example. "The meeting of the National Assembly," she declared to the Spartacan Congress, "must be prevented at all costs." The Spartacans were with her, and seem to have been right. What is the use of going through the rigmarole of letting the National Assembly meet and then taking the trouble to disperse it with bayonets? Surely, it is much more workmanlike to prevent the birth of the National Assembly. So the congress rejected, by a vote of 63 to 23, the resolution of the reactionary LIEBKNECHT for participation in the election. He seems to be officially branded as a Girondin, and when the Spartacans rule Germany we may read of his being brought before a revolutionary tribunal and tried for his life. Why not? It was what would have happened to SAVINKOV, for instance, if he had not fled for his life and organized a rebellion against the Bolsheviki. It was what happened to DANTON; not that this screaming bird of prey is worthy of being mentioned in the same breath with DANTON.

THE SUNDAY MAGAZINE AGAIN.

When the conditions of war limited the supply of newsprint paper at the end of last Summer, THE NEW YORK TIMES met the situation by a reduction of consumption. Among the changes found necessary was the suspension of the Sunday Magazine Section on Sept. 1. While that part of the Sunday edition had won a high place in the esteem of our readers, especially in the period during which it had been printed and illustrated by the decorative rotogravure process, it had to give way temporarily; the wartime allowance of paper was not sufficient for the urgent news of the day and the full quota of Sunday special features at the same time. The paper scarcity has been relieved with the ending of war conditions, and after a lapse of four months the Magazine Section will reappear next Sunday.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Grounding Hard to Explain.

Fortunately the apprehensions felt when news of the Northern Pacific's going ashore first came have been proved, not exactly unwarranted, indeed, but not confirmed by the loss of life that seemed at first to be something more than a possibility. The safety of the ship, however, still depends on the caprice of Winter storms, and that in itself is sufficiently serious to justify the careful investigation which the accident in due and regular course will receive.

Where, or rather on whom, the responsibility for the grounding lies it is now too soon to discuss, but it is a grave one, and its nature is hinted by the wonder why the steamer was so far out of her course and why she went ashore that has been expressed by the fishermen and other seafaring folk who know the nature of the bottom off Fire Island. The fog was the immediate cause, but it is not an adequate explanation, for several other vessels successfully found their way through it and into port.

The first thought of all the experts will be to ask if soundings were taken with sufficient frequency on approaching the coast, and if they were intelligently interpreted. If these questions are answered in the affirmative, it is hard to understand why the Commander of the Northern Pacific did not know his nearness to the land long before he struck, for the so-called continental shelf inclines slowly toward deep water with wonderful regularity for many miles in both directions from Fire Island, and the only important break in the shelf hereabout is the trough through which the Hudson reaches the sea.

Theoretically, no ship should ever go ashore on such a coast, or at any rate no steamer. But, as a matter of fact, many have done so, and it would be absurd and unjust to accuse all their Captains of incompetence or carelessness. Few of their class are characterized by either of those faults, but in their incessant conflict with waves and winds every one of them now and then makes a mistake that seems inexplicable till all the circumstances are known—and sometimes seems so after they are known.

Well Begun, But Most Ill-Ended.

Governor SMITH'S reference to the State Police in his message to the Legislature begins with a statement of belief the truth of which all will admit. "I believe," he says, "that you can abolish the Department of State Police." The possession by the Legislature of that power is indeed unquestionable, and why the Governor should have mentioned it is beyond comprehension. The distance beyond, however, is minute compared with that created when a man as intelligent as he proceeded to express the opinions that "there seems to be no justification for its (this department's) further existence," and that "the return is not commensurate with the cost."

Assuming, as in courtesy and respect for the Governor one must, that both opinions are the result of such thought as he has given to this subject, one can only regret that he has not given it the not much more thought necessary to convince any intelligent man that instead of abolishing the State Police it should be increased, and that its existence is magnificently justified by its achievements.

Evidently Not Well Instructed.

Perhaps it is lack of knowledge, not of thought, that made the Governor go lamentably astray in regard to our State Police. Can it be that what he, distinctly a city dweller, knows about the force he condemns is only that its members have been called "Cossacks"? If so, it is his duty immediately to study the records which the State Police in both New York and Pennsylvania have made. So doing, inevitably he will discover how undeserved is that name, and inevitably he will be obliged, as an honest as well as intelligent man, to contradict his own statements as to the value of the department's work and the desirability of its perpetuation and enlargement.

The State Police have not been, and are as far as possible from aspiring or threatening to be, the enemies of "labor." Their one and admirably executed purpose is to do for the rural districts what ordinary policemen do for the cities—to suppress disorder, to apprehend criminals, and to make life and property safe to a degree that is quite beyond the power of village constables.

Governor SMITH will have much to do for some time to come, but really, before he says anything more about the State Police, he should read at least one of the books written by KATHERINE MAYO about the little army that has done so much for Pennsylvania. Those books are at once accurate history and high romance, and he can trust every word they say.

Systematic Saving Necessary.

If the United States is expected—if, as high authorities say, it ought—to continue this year the sacrifices of food it made in the twelve months past, then why were the rules and regulations to which it then submitted declared, only the other day, to be no longer necessary? Those rules and regulations were not liked, but their necessity and their propriety and their moral obligation had next to unanimous recognition, and the cutting down of our normal wheat consumption by 121,000,000 bushels was achieved cheerfully and easily enough to make the prospect of its repetition by no means alarming. But there will be difficulty in getting anybody to be inconveniently economical in the use of food unless it is known that everybody is doing it because everybody must. Mere academic discussion will not suffice, and the incentive to pinch and pare is gone when suspicion arises that one, and perhaps the chief, effect of the pinching and paring is to enable bad or careless neighbors to be wasteful and extravagant.

Unless explicit notification is given as to just what we can virtuously eat, with incidental warning of penalties to be suffered for infraction of a law, not many of us are likely to keep on our marketing any more rigorous tabs than our purses dictate in inexorable tones.

THE LITTLE TOWNS.

Oh, little town in Arkansas and little town in Maine,
And little sheltered valley town and hamlet on the plain,
Salem, Jackson, Waukesha, and Brookville, and Peru,
San Mateo, and Irontown, and Lake, and Waterloo,
Little town we smiled upon and loved for simple ways,
Quiet streets and garden beds and friendly sunlit days,
Out of you the soldiers came,
Little town of homely name.
Young and strong and brave with laughter
They saw truth and followed after.

Little town, the birth of them
Makes you kin to Bethlehem!

Little town where Jimmy Brown ran the grocery store,
Little town where Manuel fished along the shore,
Where Russian Steve was carpenter, and sandy Pat McQuade
Worked all day in overalls at his mechanic's trade,
Where Allen Perkins practiced law, and John, Judge Harper's son,
Planned a little house for two that never shall be done—
Little town, you gave them all,
Rich and poor and great and small,
Bred them clean and straight and strong,
Sent them forth to right the wrong.

Little town, their glorious death
Makes you kin to Nazareth!

HILDA MORRIS.

COMPLAIN OF CAMPS IN THIS COUNTRY

Brest Also Shares in Allegations That Wounded Are Not Properly Cared For.

INVESTIGATION BEING MADE

In Some Instances It Discloses That Complaints Are Not Based Upon Facts.

The announcement that Secretary Baker had ordered an investigation of conditions at the embarkation camp, near Brest, France, known as Camp Pontenazen, occasioned no surprise among medical officers on duty in the New York district, where most of the officers and enlisted men from Pontenazen are disembarked on their arrival. The complaint upon which Secretary Baker acted is only one of numerous ones that have been made regarding conditions in the Brest camp. Furthermore, it is the opinion of officers familiar with conditions that the Pontenazen investigation is the forerunner of many other investigations, which will include not only camps and institutions in France, but many in America also.

Investigation has already shown that in some instances the complaints are not based on facts, while in others the sources of the information are such as to merit the attention of the authorities. The complaints range from poor conditions in hospitals to failure on the part of the Government to pay the wounded and ill money that is due them, in many instances the pay due being anywhere from one to six months in arrears. That the situation as regards pay amounts almost to scandal is not denied in responsible army circles. That sanitary and other conditions can be improved is also admitted, while it is maintained that the improvement is steady and conditions are being rectified as fast as it is humanly possible to do so.

One complaint about Camp Pontenazen is contained in a letter from an officer of the army, which says:

"In October Captain X was wounded in France. He had been slightly gassed in July. While in a base hospital near Toul his wound healed, but he came down with other patients with influenza. At the end of the second week in November he with other wounded officers and enlisted men were loaded on a hospital train at 8 A. M. The day was cold and the train was without heat. The engine to draw the train away or furnish heat did not arrive until noon. It was shortly after this that the journey to the coast began. After thirty-six hours of travel this train arrived at Brest at 6 P. M. No information was given as to the eventual destination of invalids, but an order that no one should leave the train was issued. There was no food on the train and during the day coffee was the only nourishment.

Waited for Four Weeks.

"At 4 o'clock in the afternoon ambulances arrived and took these 450 wounded officers and enlisted men to Pontenazen Barracks, three miles outside the walls of Brest. For four weeks these men lived under most rigorous and unsanitary conditions; wretched food, little or no medical care, miserably housed, and with no sustaining hope or information that they would be given a transport and taken home. They heard of plenty of transports in the harbor, but none for them. The following boats were all there during this interval: the De Kalb, Martha Washington, Mongolia, Leviathan, George Washington, Aeolus. Whatever place there was on these ships was filled by casuals, officers, and soldiers.

"Pontenazen Barracks, holding 5,000 men, was only one of several barracks in or near Brest where invalids were loaded. The inmates of the others had the same story to tell, leaky roofs, camps in two inches of mud, no heat, scarcity of hospital equipment, wretched food, (many had to use wooden tongue depressors, there being neither knives, forks, nor spoons.)

"On Dec. 16 the steamship France took about 4,000 of these invalids aboard. Just before sailing casuals were sent on and many invalids had to give up good quarters assigned to them to make room for casual officers higher up who were unwounded.

"The France arrived in New York Harbor early Dec. 24, at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The officers and men (not litter cases) were placed on board at large. At 7:30 P. M. they were placed on board a train that was to take them to Dumont (Camp Merritt, N. J.) Two trains carried them. The last train arrived at 11:30 P. M. Many whose lungs had been weakened by gas contracted new inflammation from having to stand in the drizzling rain to get on their trains and the long subsequent journey in unheated cars.

"None were allowed to leave this camp for more than twenty-four hours no matter how good their physical condition. Most of these men had outlived their usefulness to the service owing to maimed conditions, and they but begged to be allowed to return to their own families. Why is it?"

This complaint was submitted to one of the highest ranking officers of the Medical Corps assigned to duty in the New York District. This officer had no information that would confirm or disprove the charges regarding conditions at Pontenazen. He pointed out, however, that the writer was in error regarding the kind of passengers brought to this country on the Leviathan and other ships named in his letter. The records show that each of the ships named came across with large numbers of wounded or ill soldiers on board. The charges regarding the alleged treatment of the men who came over in the France, on their arrival, was a matter, it was stated, for Washington to take cognisance of.

Says Unfit Food Was Served.

Another complaint concerns conditions at the army hospital at Secaucus, N. J. This is a New Jersey institution under Government control, used principally for the treatment of contagious cases. The complainant against Secaucus is a man from the Middle West who went there to see a boy who had been invalided home from France. The charge is that the food served was not of the kind or quality that ill men should have and that sanitary conditions could be greatly improved. The patient, it was further stated, had received only two weeks' pay during a service of more than one year. The complainant states that he talked with several other patients and that all had the same complaint to make as regarded food conditions and failure to pay.

Still another complaint is lodged against conditions at Camp Dix, N. J. This complaint was made by a well known New York lawyer, who vouches for the complainant as a "young woman of good judgment, keen perception, and decidedly unusual discretion and self-restraint in her statements." The statement, which the lawyer inclosed, reads as follows:

> As the wife of an officer, now overseas with the A. E. F., who has tried to do her bit here in various camp activities, I wish to call your attention to conditions which came to my notice in a recent stay at one of the clubs for soldiers at Camp Dix, N. J. While there I met and talked to scores of our boys recently returned from active duty at the front. I found that after a most unpleasant trip home, on one of our largest transports, inadequately provisioned and unprepared for such numbers of troops, they are now living in badly-heated, and in many cases absolutely unheated barracks, and a great number of them are sleeping on bare springs, having no mattresses at all. Most of them have bad colds, and a number have contracted pneumonia since arriving in this country.
>
> It seems a shocking thing to me, and a disgrace to the people at large, that our boys should be received in this way, and that, having lived through months at the front, any of them should die because of improper care and attention when they arrive back home. Of what use is a noisy and glorious reception, when, from their point of view, no one seems to care whether they are properly housed or fed afterward? The feeling, as expressed to me, by man after man seems to be that now the war is over neither the Government nor the people cares what becomes of them, and they feel hurt.
>
> I consider this a mighty poor way of showing our gratitude to the boys, and I think it should be corrected, and that whoever is responsible for such a condition should be punished severely. The home troops who have been stationed at Camp Dix are comfortable, having food, fuel, and bedding. But the boys who have returned from the front seem to have been just dumped there, and left without fuel and to sleep on springs without mattresses, and without bedding sufficient to keep them warm in the middle of Winter.

The War Department has already taken steps to rectify the pay situation which has been, perhaps, the cause of more discontent and complaint than any other single phase of the situation. The men are now being paid off on the submission of their own affidavits to the pay officers as to the amount of money due them. The paying of the men in Base Hospital at Eighteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, which is the old Greenhut Building, began Wednesday. The failure to pay the wounded was due in nearly every instance, it was said yesterday, to the failure of company commanders to forward to the proper hospital authorities a statement as to the amount due to wounded and ill men from their commands.

ASSAILS CASUALTY LISTS.

Weeks Deplores "Inefficiency" in Communicating with Relatives.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The War Department was assailed by Senator Weeks of Massachusetts in a speech in the Senate today for having inefficiently handled the work of getting out the casualty lists of American soldiers in France, and for having failed to establish an adequate mail system between here and the fighting forces. He charged that the War Department had declined to co-operate with the Red Cross in expediting the mail service to France.

Senator Weeks asserted that the Adjutant's General Office was particularly to blame for the inefficient mail service. He said that Major General McCain, the Adjutant General, who was retired last Summer and assigned to a division, should have been retained.

As to the casualty lists, Senator Weeks said that for months there had been an increasing number of complaints over the delay in publishing them in this country. Many of the complaints, he said, were of a "most distressing character," but it had seemed impossible to move the War Department to remedy the delay. The trouble, he declared, had been that the system put into effect by the War Department was cumbersome. He said there was long delay in getting reports from the base hospitals in France to American headquarters and delay again in getting the lists upon the cables.

Not only has the War Department delayed getting word to wounded men's relatives at home, the Senator said, but many times its information has been wrong, causing distress to families. As an instance of this, Senator Weeks mentioned a report issued by the War Department last August in which 200 men, reported as missing, were found to be alive, the Red Cross having previously sent on word to their relatives.

"These men were all in hospitals in France," the Senator said. "They had never been missing, and the reports to that effect were all errors. It is almost incomprehensible that this could be true, when a complete weekly list of the inmates of all hospitals in France is supplied the Adjutant General's office, and that this has been going on for months."

The War Department, until the latter part of November, Senator Weeks said, refused to furnish the Red Cross with its official lists of wounded men in the hospitals, although co-operation with the Red Cross, would, he said, have worked a tremendous advantage in checking up.

In answer to Senator Weeks's charges of inefficiency, Senator Lewis of Illinois said that cable conditions were partly to blame for the delay in the casualty lists, and that a detailed report would be made public soon, explaining the matter.

BAKER'S AIDS UNDER FIRE.

Mann Would "Wring Their Necks" for Delaying Soldiers' Pay.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—James R. Mann, Republican leader in the House today criticised the War Department for delay in paying soldiers and in dispensing allotments to dependents. Without naming any one, Mr. Mann said much of the trouble was due to the ignorance of department officials and employes, and that "Secretary Baker ought to wring the necks of some until they find out how to work."

The War Risk Insurance Bureau also was attacked by Representative Madden of Illinois, Republican, who declared the bureau "is a stench for every man who has had anything to do with it." Expressing the hope that the new Director would remedy conditions, Mr. Madden said he had written him urging the discharge of employes "so they will not be in each other's way and can work."

FEW SHIPS COMPLETED.

Three from Hog Island, One by Port Newark, and None by Bristol.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Only four ships have been delivered by the three great Government Fabricated-Shipbuilding plants, Charles Piez, Director General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, said today before the Senate Commerce Committee. Difficulties in constructing the yards and in obtaining material were largely responsible for the delays, he said.

Three of the ships came from the Hog Island Yard, Mr. Piez testified, and the fourth from the Submarine Boat Corporation plant at Port Newark, N. J., which should have delivered 124 vessels by last Dec. 7. The Merchants Shipbuilding Corporation at Bristol, Penn., has not yet delivered a ship, he said, although under its contract twenty-four should have been completed by Dec. 7. The Hog Island yard delivered its third ship today and has launched twelve others, the committee was told.

Mr. Piez told the committee that, because of the change in the management of the American International Shipbuilding Corporation, contractors on the Hog Island project, the Fleet Corporation had decided that it would be unwise for the Government to take over management of the Hog Island yard at this time. Under the new arrangement, Matt Brush, formerly a Vice President of the American International Corporation, heads the American International Shipbuilding Corporation, and other changes in the executive officers have been made. He spoke of a marked improvement in condition at Hog Island.

Mr. Piez said he believed the Government eventually should exercise its option on the Hog Island site and take over management of the plant. The Hog Island yard, he declared, has been the mecca for representatives of all nations visiting the United States, and generally they have expressed admiration for it. He said the plant eventually would become a big producer.

"I feel most distinctly that it was a great asset to have the Hog Island yard in reserve, just as it is a great asset to have a large army in reserve," said Mr. Piez. "It has been a very great moral factor in our successful prosecution of the war."

In response to questions, Mr. Piez said it cost the Government $38,000 to stage a celebration at the Hog Island Shipyard on the occasion of launching the yard's first ship last Summer, when the President and Mrs. Wilson were guests of honor.

Before resuming its inquiry today, the committee adopted a resolution by Senator Nelson of Minnesota, extending its investigation to include a survey of the progress of all Government merchant shipbuilding.

ELECTRICAL DRIVE IN FUTURE WARSHIPS

All Capital Vessels Will Be Equipped with It, Says Secretary Daniels.

TESTED ON NEW MEXICO

Greater Speed on Less Fuel Shown —Department to Hasten Discharge of Men Who Desire.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—All new capital ships of the American Navy will be equipped with electric propelling machinery, according to disclosures made to the House Committee on Naval Affairs today by Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy. He said that the new electrical engine had been installed and thoroughly tested on the dreadnought New Mexico, and that it was a wonderful success, furnishing American fighting craft with an engine superior to that in any other navy in the world.

It is contended that the new engine is more economical of fuel, develops greater power, is more mobile, and is less easily put out of commission by torpedo explosions than other naval engines. It is approved, the Secretary said, by all the great naval experts and advisers, including the General Board of the Navy.

The Secretary furnished to the committee a formal statement regarding the new engine, as follows:

"I recently paid a visit to the battleship New Mexico, which is the latest dreadnought to join the fleet and the first and only one of any nation to have electrically operated propelling machinery. On this account she has been an object of surpassing interest to the officers of our own navy, and to those of foreign navies as well, and to electrical engineers in general.

"You will remember that when we decided to equip the capital ships of the 1916 program with electric drive it was represented to this committee and to the Navy Department that we were making a great mistake and that we should think twice before embarking on such an unprecedented experiment. I did not regard it as an experiment, for we were in the fortunate position of being the only nation that had had any experience with this system of propulsion, and that experience was of such a satisfactory character that it would have been unpardonable if we had not profited by it to the fullest extent possible.

"The General Board was unanimous in advocating its adoption because of the superior military advantages that its use would secure, and Rear Admiral Griffin, Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, not only saw no objection to it from a technical standpoint, but was strong in his advocacy of it. Added to this, the best advice that I could get outside the Navy Department was so convincing of the efficiency of electric drive that I had no hesitation in giving my approval to its adoption.

"Under the circumstances it was but natural that I should have awaited the trial of the New Mexico with interest to learn how well her machinery had functioned—I never doubted that it would prove a success. The result was satisfactory from every point of view and confirmed the judgment of all who were in any way concerned in its design and adoption. There was not the slightest mishap with any part of it; everything worked to perfection, and the crew was as enthusiastic over the performance of the machinery as is the department, proud in the possession of such an efficient dreadnought.

"The machinery was designed to develop 26,500 horse power at full speed, which it was expected would give the ship a speed of 21 knots. She actually developed more than 31,000 horsepower, and maintained on a trial run a speed of 21½ knots—and this when running at a displacement 1,000 tons greater than her design called for. If she had been tried at her designed displacement, as is customary with all new ships, she would have made 21.5 knots, without any trouble whatever; and, what is still better, she could have kept up this speed as long as her fuel lasted, for, like all our later dreadnoughts, she is an oil burner, and there would be no reduction in speed due to the necessity of cleaning fires, which must be done in coal-burning ships after a run of four hours at top speed.

"When we entered into contract for the machinery of the New Mexico, we stipulated that, in addition to being capable of developing the maximum power, it should also give an economy at cruising speed very much superior to that obtainable with the turbine installations that are now previously used, and I am happy to say that this stringent requirement also was met. As a matter of fact, the New Mexico will steam at 10 knots on about 25 per cent. less fuel than the best turbine-driven ship that preceded her.

Discussing the problem of discharging men from the navy who have submitted requests for discharge since the signing of the armistice, Secretary Daniels characterized this question as one of the most vexatious with which he had to deal.

"As soon as the armistice was signed," he said, "I recommended a discharge of 20 per cent. Of course we must not cripple the navy by wholesale discharges.

"As fast as we can we are arranging to discharge men who have requested discharge. I have instructed all Captains to expedite this as much as possible. In granting discharges, we consider need first. I am giving preference, first, to those with dependents, and, second, to those who wish to re-enter schools or colleges to complete their education.

"In the meantime we are recruiting to fill the places of those discharged. In the past week we have recruited about 600 men. We are not granting discharges for men now in foreign service, because their places c

CUT IN P. S. C. FUNDS HITS 90 MEN IN WAR

Half of Those Who Must Lose Jobs Due to Estimate Board's Act Are Still in France.

$67 EMPLOYES ARE TO GO

Commissioner Whitney Cites Cases of Those Who Must Be Dropped —Assails Hylan Again.

It was learned yesterday that the cut made by the Board of Estimate in the appropriation asked by the Public Service Commission will compel the commission to dismiss 367 employes, instead of 323, as was stated, and that under the rules it will be necessary to drop from the rolls ninety men in military service, half of whom are still in France. Commissioner Whitney explained that the men dropped are those subject to dismissal under civil service rules.

"It is true," said Mr. Whitney, "that the Board of Estimate provided money to pay military men under the Fenner law, but this is applicable only to men in military service and runs only until they are discharged from the army or navy and return to their service with the commission. But because the Board of Estimate has abolished the places of these men, they cannot be reinstated."

Mr. Whitney said that among the men whose places have been wiped out are the following:

Major C. Hulsart, one of the heroes of Cambrai, the officer in command of the American railway engineers who, more than a year ago, threw down picks and shovels, grabbed rifles, and aided in holding back the advancing Germans. He received the Military Cross from England and the Distinguished Service Cross from the United States. He is now in this country, and recently the commission urged him to procure his discharge, so that the tunnel work for the commission might have the advantage of his skill.

E. J. Fitzgerald, who served with the navy and was later placed in command of naval aeroplane work in the United States, with the rank of Captain. He is near the top of the list for promotion to Rear Admiral.

David Robinson, a negro porter, now ill of pneumonia in France.

"These are three cases," said Mr. Whitney, "among the ninety employes who are in military service, and who, under civil service regulations, are to be dropped to comply with the schedules prescribed by the Board of Estimate. I am aware that Mayor Hylan attaches great personal importance to returning soldiers.

"I do not overlook the fact that these soldiers, as they return to unemployment, are entitled to receive free service of stevedore and free movies at the hands of the Mayor's Committee to Welcome Returning Soldiers."

MRS. MEIER TO WED BANKER

Will Be Married to Jason Nielson In Philadelphia Tomorrow.

Jason Nielson, Vice President of the Mercantile Bank of America of this city, and Mrs. E. C. Meier of Philadelphia will be married tomorrow at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Philadelphia. After a trip to the Pacific Coast, Mr. Nielson and his bride will live at the San Remo Hotel.

Mrs. Meier is the widow of E. C. Meier, who was a well known engineer of Philadelphia, and whose father founded the Engineers' Club of New York.

Patterson-Moore.

William K. Patterson of Greenwich and Miss Pearl Violet Moore, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George R. Moore of Rye, were married yesterday afternoon at the bride's home. Miss Edna L. Moore was her sister's attendant and Charles Raphael was the best man.

Miss Bowne to Wed Aviator.

Captain and Mrs. Francis D. Bowne of 105 Jaggar Avenue, Flushing, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Harriet Van Corlandt Bowne, to Lieut. Col. Douglas B. Netherwood, commanding the aviation repair depot at Dallas, Tex. Miss Bowne is a granddaughter of Mrs. Robert S. Bowne of Flushing, and her parents' Summer home is at Huntington, L. I.

Aid Cathedral Auxiliary.

Alfred Noyes, the English poet, and Joseph Bonnet, the Freneh organist, appeared in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon at the annual benefit for the Diocesan Auxiliary mission work of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. Mr. Noyes gave a reading from his recent poems, and M. Bonnet followed in a recital on the great organ. There was a large attendance of persons interested in the work of the Cathedral.

Society to Assist at Benefit.

The National Woman's Committee of the American Defense Society, will hold an all-American benefit on Sunday night at the Hippodrome, assisted by Miss Maud Powell, the violinist, and a long program of musical celebrities. Many persons prominent in society, have taken boxes, and among those assisting as program girls will be the Misses Melissa Yuille, Rene Carhart, Margaret Flint, Margaret Schroeder, Marianne McKeever, Leila Burden, Mary Lorillard, Margaret Warren, Geraldine Adee, and Virginia Alexandre.

Medvedieff, Russian Tenor, Dies.

Jacov Medvedieff, Russian tenor and composer, died yesterday at Lincoln Hospital of appendicitis. He was born in Kiev, Russia, in 1878, and came to this country with his wife, Rosalie, also a singer, five years ago. It was said at that time that they had come from the Imperial Opera at Petrograd. They toured the country singing Jewish and Russian folk songs, and were heard often in this city. The pair became associated with several recent plans to start a Russian opera in New York. Mr. Medvedieff lived at 809 Freeman Street.

Eliza Putnam Heaton, Writer, Dies.

Mrs. Eliza Osborn Putnam Heaton, wife of John Langdon Heaton, died yesterday at her home, 131 Westminster Road, Brooklyn. Mrs. Heaton was born at Danvers, Mass., and at the time of her marriage to Mr. Heaton, in 1882, they both were writers on The Brooklyn Times, and later on The New York Recorder. Of late years Mrs. Heaton spent most of the Winter seasons in Taormina, Sicily. Besides her husband she leaves a son, James P. Heaton.

Dr. Sinclair.

Dr. Angus Sinclair, publisher of the Railway and Locomotive Engineering Magazine, died suddenly Wednesday night at his home in Marion Avenue, Milburn, N. J. Dr. Sinclair, who was 77 years old, had been for the last eight years special instructor in the mechanical department of the Erie Railroad.

Himebaugh & Browne
Offer To-day
HALF-PRICE REDUCTIONS
Hurt Box Sale
of
CHOICE WRITING PAPERS
Remaining from Holiday Sale
471 Fifth Ave, Opp. Library.
Also Military Writing Papers
Half Price

DAVID LUBIN DIES IN ITALY.

Founder of Agricultural Institute Was Active In War.

ROME, Wednesday, Jan. 1.—David Lubin of San Francisco, founder of the International Institute of Agriculture and the American representative on its permanent board, died here today of pneumonia. His fatal illness followed an attack of grippe.

David Lubin, formerly a merchant in Sacramento, conceived the idea of the International Institute of Agriculture, and it was through his efforts that the institute was founded. The institute issues reports and other data on world crops and imports and exports. The treaty providing for the institute was ratified by fifty-three nations, and the institute has an annual income of $60,000 from the Italian Government.

On the occasion of the general assembly of the International Institute of Agriculture in Rome in 1913, Mr. Lubin received a silver cup in appreciation of his efforts in organizing the institute. Since then he had spent most of his time in Rome, engaged in the work of the institute. In one of his last public utterances, on Oct. 21, he urged the Allies to organize to meet a German "industrial war" after the war.

The introduction of the rural credits system in this country was in part his work and he also offered improvements which were adopted in the parcel post. He began business life in Attleboro, Mass., where his mother brought him after the death in England of his father, who had emigrated from Poland.

Mr. Lubin was born in 1841 and was a former President of the California Museum Association of Sacramento, and author of a book, "Let There Be Light." He is survived by his widow now in Rome, and four daughters and three sons.

Of his daughters, Mrs. Maurice Saqui lives at 650 West End Avenue, this city, and the Misses Dorothy and Grace Lubin are attending the Bramhall School. Another daughter, Mrs. W. Silenzo, wife of an Italian diplomat, lives in Alexandria. The sons are Jess Lubin of Sacramento; Simon Lubin, on a Government commission in Europe, and Theodore Lubin, a student in England.

Obituary Notes.

Mme. NOVAES, mother of Guiomar Novaes, the musician, died suddenly yesterday at her apartment near Prospect Park, Brooklyn, where she and her daughter made their home since coming from Brazil.

SAMUEL ATLIN, field representative of the Jewish Welfare Board at Camp Merritt, died Wednesday at the camp of influenza. He was born in Philadelphia twenty-four years ago, the son of Abraham and Sarah Gitlin. His home was at 899 East 169th Street, this city.

WILSON H. ELDER, Controller of the National City Company of New York, died Wednesday night of pneumonia. He was 35 years old.

Captain LEMUEL C. BRISTOW, 48 years old, commander of a yacht owned by S. R. Guggenheim, died Wednesday night at his home in West Caldwell, N. J.

FRANK A. WILLARD, Principal of Public School 64, East New York, died at his home, 210 Maple Street, Flatbush, on Wednesday of pneumonia and heart disease. Mr. Willard was born in Fairfield, N. Y., sixty-seven years ago, and was educated at Hamilton College. His son, Charles Bunnell Willard, died in June, 1917, while training at Plattsburg.

JAMES RYAN of 456 Marion Street, Brooklyn, a retired Police Sergeant, died in St. Catherine's Hospital on Tuesday. He was 71 years old, a member of the Honor Legion and held a medal for the capture of a burglar who had shot at him three times and wounded him twice. He was retired in 1913.

REUBEN L. BRIDGHAM, at one time employed in the Department of Sewers, died on Tuesday at his home, 6,107 Nineteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, in his seventy-eighth year.

JOSEPH L. HART, 60 years old, a Brooklyn undertaker, died at his home, 39 Third Place, on Wednesday. He was a member of the Society of Old Brooklynites, Catholic Knights of America, Catholic Benevolent Legion, and Knights of Columbus.

JEREMUS VANDERVEER, for forty-two years a farmer at Forest Hills, is dead at his home there at the age of 87 years. Since his retirement from active work several years ago the farm has been conducted by his four sons.

FRANCIS O'KANE, 62 years old, a retired policeman, died on Tuesday at his home, 460 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn. He leaves a widow and a son, the Rev. John F. O'Kane, curate of the Church of St. Thomas Aquinas.

DANIEL J. O'SULLIVAN, who as Charles Sanford appeared in light opera and in drama with Sir Herbert Tree, died yesterday at Seton Hospital, in his thirty-ninth year.

ALEANDER A. McFARLAN, a retired New York commission merchant, died yesterday at his home in Bayonne, in his eightieth year.

JOHN E. WILLIAMS, late Fuel Administrator for his State, died yesterday at Streator, Ill., aged 65 years.

SANDFORD NORTHRUP WALKER, 18 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter N. Walker of Greenwich, Conn., died at his home in that place Wednesday.

ANDREW BRUCE, a commercial traveler, died yesterday at his home, 370 Wadsworth Avenue. He was born in Scotland thirty-two years ago.

Mrs. ELEANOR S. WILCOX, widow of a New York merchant, died Wednesday at her apartment in the Hotel Berkeley. She was born in Porto Rico fifty-six years ago.

ABRAM ANHALT, insurance broker, who died at Flower Hospital on Tuesday, will be buried today from the Masonic Temple. He was one of the governing board of the B'nai Brith and a veteran of the 71st Regiment.

Miss KATHERINE DEVINE, who was selected in 1916 to represent the City of Boston as its prettiest girl at the National Preparedness Bazaar in New York, died at her home in Boston yesterday of influenza at the age of 18 years.

FRANK MARSH, 76 years old, Deputy State Treasurer of Connecticut, died yesterday in Hartford, Conn., from injuries received in an automobile accident. He was a civil war veteran and a native of Dayton, Ohio.

HENRY WILSON, City Commissioner of Bayonne, died yesterday of influenza at the age of 52 years. Mr. Wilson was Director of Public Safety, in charge of fire and police.

D. D. WILLIAMS, 60 years old, Field Clerk of the Arizona District, died of pneumonia in Douglas, Ariz., yesterday. He was at one time body guard to President Garfield.

Rear Admiral A. V. ZANE, U. S. N., retired, died yesterday at his residence in Washington. Admiral Zane had been recalled to active duty and had served in the Reserve Corps during the war.

EDWIN T. EARL, owner and publisher of The Los Angeles Evening and Sunday Express, died yesterday at his California home.

Mrs. EDA SICKLES CRACKANTHORPE, daughter of the late General Daniel E. Sickles, died on Dec. 8 last, at her villa at Nice, France, according to reports received yesterday by friends in New York.

Born.

COHEN.—To Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Cohen at the home of Mrs. Cohen's parents, 1,854 82d St., Brooklyn, on New Year's Eve, a daughter. Mrs. Cohen is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Greenfield.

VAN RAALTE.—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin T. Van Raalte announce the birth of a son Jan. 2.

Engaged.

DANIELS — McDOUGALL. — Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester F. Gascoigne of 2,647 Broadway, New York City, announce the engagement of their niece, Anna McDougall, to Major Roy A. Daniels of Andover, Mass.

McLAUGHLIN — AHEARN. — Patrick McLaughlin announces the engagement of his son, Edward, to Miss Molly Ahearn.

SOONS—AYERS.—Mr. and Mrs. McKenna, 101 Powers St., Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their niece, Mabel Ayers, to William Soons, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Soons of New Hampton, N. Y.

Married.

VER PLANCK — PATTISON. — On Tuesday, Dec. 31, at St. Luke's Church, Montclair, N. J., by the Rev. Luke M. White, Adele Blackmar, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Pattison, to Philip Ver Planck 2d of Brookline, Mass.

NICHOLS—CRAVEN.—On Tuesday, Dec. 31, at St. Peter's Church, Springfield, Mass., by the Rev. Richard Cobden, Lynette Craven, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Braddock Craven, to Herman Armour Nichols.

Died.

ADAMS.—In this city on Dec. 31, of pneumonia, Edith Temple Gracie, beloved wife of Dunbar B. Adams, now in service in France, and daughter of Constance Shack Gracie and the late Archibald Gracie. Funeral from St. James's Church, Madison Av. and 71st St., on Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Washington, D. C., papers please copy.

Died.

ADAMS.—On Dec. 31, 1918, Calista Weaver Adams, beloved wife of Dr. John Perry Adams and most devoted mother of Mabel Adams von Derschau. Funeral services at her late residence, 449 Riverside Drive, Friday evening, at 8:30 o'clock.

ADLER.—In this city, on Jan. 2, Estelle M. Adler, beloved wife of Fred M. Adler, daughter of Lucretia and James Perry, after a lingering illness. Funeral will take place from her late residence, 200 West 54th St., on Sunday morning, Jan. 5, at 9:30 o'clock. Interment Salem Field. Washington, Philadelphia, and Fredericksburg papers please copy.

ANHALT.—Of 208 West 119th St., on Dec. 31, aged 72 years, Abraham, beloved husband of Sarah (nee Phillips) and devoted father of Jack L. and Mrs. Henry Stern. Relatives, friends, and members of Centennial Lodge, F. and A. M.; Henry Jones Lebanon Lodge, No. 79, I. O. B. B., and Board of Governors of I. O. B. B. Home are invited to attend the funeral from the Masonic Temple, (Grand Lodge Room,) 24th St. and 6th Av., on Friday, Jan. 3, at 10 A. M.

ANHALT.—Brethren of Centennial Lodge 763, F. and A. M., are requested to attend the funeral of our late Brother Abraham Anhalt, on Friday morning, Jan. 3, at 10 o'clock, at Masonic Temple, 24th St. and 6th Av. By order,
CHARLES S. BRAND, Master.
HENRY LIPPMANN, Secretary.

ANTON-SMITH.—On Thursday morning, Jan. 2, Hilda Anton-Smith, daughter of Emily H. Anton-Smith. Services and interment in Washington. Washington papers please copy.

AUSBUETTEL.—Jan. 1, Henry G. R., beloved husband of Maude Ausbuettel, aged 46 years. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Saturday evening, 8 o'clock.

BAILEY.—On Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1919, after a short illness, Adolphus G., beloved husband of Margaret E. Bailey, in his 85th year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 74 Hancock St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Jan. 4, at 2 P. M.

BAKER.—Chas. H., husband of Margaret Renwick and brother of Halsted Baker, at Boston, Mass. Funeral services Friday afternoon 2 o'clock, Jan. 3, at Fred Herbst undertaker's parlors, 697 3d Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BARNEY.—At Healdsburg, Cal., on Dec. 31, 1918, Walter Stephenson Barney, youngest son of Mary A. and the late Nathan Barney, sweet brother.

BAVIER.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., on Tuesday, Dec. 31, 1918, Grace Madeleine, beloved wife of Robert N. Bavier and daughter of Sarah A. and the late Charles P. Pearson. Funeral services at Saint Gabriel's Church, New Rochelle, N. Y., at 10 A. M. on Saturday, Jan. 4, 1919. Interment private.

BEEBE.—On Jan. 1, 1919, at Phoenix, Ariz., in his 38th year, William Wade Beebe. Notice of funeral service hereafter. Portland (Ore.) papers please copy.

BERNHEIM.—Hannah, beloved wife of Matthew Bernheim, devoted mother of Hugo and Emma, and sister of Albert Behrend, Rebecca Nathanson, Augusta Hoffa, Bertha Rosenzweig, Isabelle Behrend. Funeral at convenience of family. Washington and Baltimore papers please copy.

BERNHEIM. — The Ray of Sunshine Club, Senior Branch, announces with deep regret the death of their beloved directress, Mrs. Matthew Bernheim. Funeral on Friday at 2 P. M. from Saul Rothschild's Chapel, 2,003 7th Av., New York City.

BERNHEIM.—Ray of Sunshine Club Chap. No. 2 announces with deepest sorrow the death of Mrs. Matthew Bernheim, dearly beloved mother of our ex-President, Anna Bernheim.
SADIE JOSEPHSON, President.
HORTENSE SIMON, Secretary.

BIRCH.—At Weehawken, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1919, Mary Aspell, beloved wife of Edward O. Birch, aged 33 years. Funeral services will be held Saturday, Jan. 4, at 8 P. M., at her late home, 86 Hauxhurst Av., Weehawken. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited. Interment Sunday, private.

BODINE.—Also known as Bardin, Jacob, funeral 11 A. M., Jan. 3, from his late residence, 217 Morningstar Road, Elm Park, Staten Island.

BRADLEY.—Samuel, Jr., Jan. 2, at 1:30 A. M., of consumption. Rochester (N. Y.) papers please copy.

BRAUNSTEIN.—Morris, beloved brother of Mary and Molly, passed away Jan. 1 with pneumonia. Funeral from Pick's funeral parlor, 122d St. and Lenox Av., 2 P. M.

BREWSTER.—Ella Tuthill, daughter of the late Charles Henry and Cora Tuthill Brewster, at 136 West 78th St., New York City, on Dec. 31, 1918. Services at Washingtonville, N. Y., Friday, Jan. 3, 1919. Funeral private.

BRUCE.—On Dec. 31, Andrew Middlemas, beloved husband of Daisey Bruce. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Building,) Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

BURNETT.—George Rure, son of Harry C. and Bertha Burnett. A memorial service for First Lieutenant Burnett, killed in action in the service of his country in France, will be held at St. Paul's Church, Broadway and 18th St., Paterson, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 5, at 4 P. M.

Died.

CLAYTON.—On Thursday, Jan. 2, of pneumonia, Ethel Chandler, daughter of Clarence H. and Julia Chandler Clayton. Funeral private.

COOK.—On Jan. 1, 1919, at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, of pneumonia, Major Charles H. Cook, Ordnance Department, U. S. A., Washington, D. C. Funeral services on Governors Island on Friday at 11 A. M. Interment at Richmond Hill, Long Island.

CROSBY.—On Jan. 1, at residence of her son, George R. Crosby, Caldwell, N. J., Mary R., beloved wife of John J. Crosby of 76 Gates Av., Brooklyn. Services at M. E. Church, Caldwell, Saturday, Jan. 4, at 2 P. M. Interment Rosedale Cemetery, Orange, N. J.

DAY.—On Jan. 1, 1919, J. Berthe, daughter of the late William and Mme. Day. Services at her late home, 115 Essex Av., Orange, N. J., Saturday, Jan. 4, 2 P. M.

DARBY.—Suddenly, on Jan. 1, 1919, Marcia Pitt Darby, in her 77th year. Funeral service at the Chapel of St. Luke's Hospital, Amsterdam Av. and 113th St., Friday, Jan. 3, at 8:15 P. M. Interment private.

DUNKLE.—At the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles W. Demarest, 191 Elm St., New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 1, 1919, Charles W. Dunkle, aged 83 years. Funeral services at the home on Friday, at 5:15 P. M. Chicago papers please copy.

DUNPHY.—James J., 30 years a retail butcher, located on 10th Av. and 27th St.; 1909 was Alderman in the old 9th Assembly District; survived by a widow, two sons and two daughters. Member of the Seymour Tammany Club. Burial from St. Michael's Church, 34th St., near 9th Av., Saturday at 10 A. M.

DUNPHY.—Jan. 2, 1919, James J., beloved husband of Margaret M. Dunphy. Funeral from his late residence, 324 West 30th, Saturday, 9:30 A. M., solemn mass of requiem St. Michael's Church, West 34th, 10 A. M.

DUSSELDORF. — On Wednesday morning, Jan. 1, 1919, Louis Alexander Dusseldorf, son of Dr. Louis M. and Madeline Dusseldorf, in his twenty-eighth year. Funeral from his late residence, 392 Union St., Brooklyn, Saturday morning, 9:30. Solemn requiem mass at St. Agnes's Church, Hoyt and Sackett Sts., Brooklyn. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

EMANUEL.—On Jan. 1, Benjamin Emanuel, beloved son of the late Moritz and Henrietta and devoted brother of David, Oscar, Isaac, and Dora Salomon. Funeral service at the Harlem Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., Friday, Jan. 4, at 1 P. M.

ENGLISH.—At New Haven, Conn., Jan. 1, 1919, Teresa Henrietta Farren, widow of Benjamin R. English. Funeral services will be held at the home of her son, Benjamin F. English, 834 Edwards St., New Haven, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

EVERETT.—Peter J., on Jan. 2, 1919, beloved son of the late John and Ellen Everett. Funeral from his late residence, 3,200 White Plains Av., Saturday, Jan. 4, 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Mary's Church. Interment St. Raymond's.

FELDHUSEN.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Dec. 31, 1918, Christyne Louise Feldhusen, (nee Daley Schumacher,) beloved wife of Herman Feldhusen. Funeral services from her late residence, 2,072 Homecrest Av., Brooklyn, on Friday at 2 P. M. Interment private. Charleston, S. C., papers please copy.

FIELD.—At Lakewood, N. J., on Tuesday, Dec. 31, 1918, Anna Horton, widow of Alfred E. and mother of Harriet V. R. Field. Funeral services at her late residence, 191 West 121st St., New York City, Saturday, 2 P. M.

FOOTE.—On Jan. 2, of pneumonia, at her residence, 987 Madison Av., Sara Randolph de Puy, wife of the late Frederick William Foote. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FRIED.—Mrs. Rosa, aged 68, mother of William M. Engel, Bertha Schwartz, Mrs. S. Gross, John, Harry, and Regina Fried. Funeral from late residence, 548 West 164th St., Friday, Jan. 3, 1919, 10 A. M. Interment Mount Judah Cemetery, Akron (Ohio) papers please copy.

GIBERT.—Suddenly, on Jan. 1, at her residence, 44 East 82d St., Clara Magdalen, daughter of the late James Therigny and Anna M. Gibert. Funeral services at the Church of Loyola, Park Av. and 83d St., Friday morning, 10 o'clock.

GOSLER.—Henry, on Jan 1, in his 73d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 3,268 Hull Av., Bronx, on Friday evening, Jan. 3, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

HARRISON.—Mrs. Sarah F., at her home in Mountain Lakes, N. J., Jan. 1. Services at her late residence, 2:30 P. M., Jan. 3. Interment at Philadelphia.

HOCHBAUM.—Jacob, (Jack,) brother of Fannie Abrahamer, Gussie Gersman, Milton, and Will Hochbaum, on Jan. 1, in his 37th year. Services at Pick's Funeral Chapel, 239 Lenox Av., Friday, Jan. 3, at 10 A. M. Friends and relatives, also Elks Lodge No. 1, Consistory of New York City 32d Degree Masonic, Mystic Shrine, Mecca Temple and Justice Lodge, No. 753, F. and A. M., invited to attend. Interment at Little Rock, Ark.

Died.

HOYT.—On Dec. 31, 1918, Emily Jane, beloved wife of Henry F. Hoyt. Services at her late residence, 27 Rutland Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn, Friday, Jan. 3, 1919, at 8:30 P. M. Interment private.

HUTNER.—Jan. 2, 1919, Jeanette C. Hutner, (nee Rogen.) Funeral from her late residence, 2,120 Jerome Av., Jan. 3, at 11 o'clock. Survived by her beloved husband, Benjamin, and their daughter, Florence Ruth.

JUNG.—On Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1919, after a brief illness, Minnie Jung, beloved daughter of Martin and Olga Jung, in her 31st year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Saturday, Jan. 4 at 8 P. M., at her late home, 364 Park Place, near Underhill Av., Brooklyn.

KAUFFMAN.—Gertrude, wife of David, sister of Frances and Gustav Bowaki. Funeral Friday, 10 A. M., from Meyer's Chapel, 228 Lenox Av. Hartford papers please copy.

KERN.—After a brief illness, on Jan. 1, 1919, George J. Kern, in his 32d year, dearly beloved husband of Joanna Moller and son of Lena Kern Lehmann and the late Julius Kern. Funeral service at his late residence, 2,015 Grand Concourse, Friday evening, at 8:30 o'clock. Funeral Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

KERN.—Level Lodge No. 914, F. and A. M. Brethren, it is with sincere regret that I notify you of the death of our late brother, George J. Kern. You are requested to attend the funeral services to be held at his late residence, 2,015 Grand Concourse, Bronx, Friday, Jan. 3, 1919, at 8 o'clock. Fraternally,
GEORGE HOPP, Master.
JOSEPH BRAND, Secretary.

LEMMON.—Jan. 1, 1919, Henrietta Lemmon. Services 33 West 63d St., 1:30 P. M., Jan. 4. Interment private.

LYONS.—Suddenly, Jan. 1, Philip Lyons, son of the late Hyman and Theresa Lyons. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 5, at 2 P. M. from his late residence, 310 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

McHUCHEON. — Charles. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Saturday, 8:30 P. M.

McKALLEN.—On Dec. 31, at her residence, 33 Morningside Av. (117th St.,) Jane A. Campbell, beloved wife of the late John J. McKallen and mother of Rev. John J., Francis J., Hugh J., Edward E., May A., Jane M., and Isabella V. McKallen, and niece of the late Hugh E. O'Reilly. Solemn mass of requiem at Church of St. Francis Xavier, West 16th St., Friday, Jan. 3, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

MARSH.—Suddenly, at Lyme, Conn., Jan. 2, Roberta Wolcott, widow of the late Charles Mercer Marsh, in the 74th year of her age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

NOWAK.—Fred. Services at Meyers & Co. funeral parlor, 228 Lenox Av., Friday at 2 P. M.

O'BRIEN.—On Jan. 1, Catherine C., beloved daughter of Mathew M. and Catherine O'Brien, (nee Dorgan.) Funeral from her late residence, 28 West 127th St., Saturday, 9:30 A. M. Solemn high mass of requiem at All Saints' Church, Madison Av., 129th St., at 10 A. M. Auto cortege. Interment Calvary.

PLATT.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1919, Walter R. B. Platt, beloved brother of Mrs. H. S. Peck. Funeral service from his late residence, 1,242 Dean St., Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 3, 1919, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

PRIME.—At Yonkers Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1919, Annie Richards-Wolcott Prime, beloved wife of Ralph E. Prime. Funeral service at her late residence, 63 Hawthorne Av., Yonkers, Saturday, Jan. 4, at 10:30 A. M.

RAYMOND.—Suddenly, of heart failure, Dec. 31, 1918, at his residence, 123 Henry St., Brooklyn, Dr. Rossiter W. Raymond, in the 79th year of his age. Services will be held at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, Friday, Jan. 3, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

RICCIO.—J., beloved wife of Michael Riccio, at her residence, 337 Pleasant Av. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 4, 10 A. M. Services at Holy Rosary Church, East 119th St.

ROBERTS.—Entered into rest at her home, Jan. 1, 1919, Mary M., daughter of the late Marshall O. Roberts. Funeral service Friday, 2:30 P. M., at her late residence, 4 West 51st St.

ROHRBACH.—Bertha, on Dec. 30, 1918, daughter of the late Henry Rohrbach of Hicksville, L. I. Funeral services at Reeves's chapel, corner of Sumner Av. and Monroe St., Brooklyn, on Jan. 4, 1919, at 1 P. M. Hicksville (L. I.) papers kindly copy.

ROOT.—On Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1919, Frances R., beloved wife of Dr. Arthur L. Root. Funeral services at her late residence, 114 West 81st St., New York, on Saturday morning, Jan. 4, at 11 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of family.

SHEPARD.—In France, on Dec. 16, Captain Francis B. Shepard, 313th Field Artillery, 80th Division, U. S. A., beloved husband of Ethel Guernsey Shepard of South Orange, N. J., and son of Mrs. Vogel, Tuxedo Park, N. Y. Philadelphia and Boston papers please copy.

Died.

SINCLAIR.—On Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1919, Angus Sinclair, D. E., beloved husband of Medora Head Mullin. Funeral services private, at his home, Marion Av., Millburn, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 4, 1919, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

STERN.—Isaac, after a prolonged illness, beloved husband of Hattie Stern (nee Solinger) and devoted father of David I. and Charles H. Stern. Funeral from his late residence, 19 East 93d St., on Friday, Jan. 3, 1919, at 9:30 A. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

STERN.—King Solomon's Lodge, 279, F. and A. M., Brethren: With deep regret we announce that our beloved Brother Isaac Stern has been called from his earthly labors. The funeral will take place from his late residence, 19 East 93d St., on Friday, Jan. 3, 1919, at 9:30 A. M. You are hereby requested to attend.
DAVID A. MOCK, Master.
OTTO OCHS, Secretary.

SULLIVAN.—Daniel. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Saturday, 1 P. M.

SURRELL.—Margaret. Services at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Friday, 10 A. M.

SVENSON.—Mena, on Jan. 2. Notice of funeral hereafter.

TERHUNE.—Dec. 31, Charles E. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 8 P. M.

WALKER.—At Cos Cob, Conn., Jan. 1, in the 19th year of his age, Sandford Northrop, son of Walter N. and Mary G. N. Walker. Funeral at convenience of family.

WARD.—Galbraith, son of Henry Galbraith and the late Mabel Marquand Ward, Sergeant Co. M, 306th Regiment Infantry, of pneumonia, in France, Dec. 17, 1918, in the 27th year of his age.

WEBER.—On Dec. 31, Henry C., first-class fireman, U. S. N., beloved husband of Margaret, (nee Rennaman,) at his residence, 2,066 Mohegan Av. Funeral service at St. Thomas's Church, Southern Boulevard, Bronx, Friday, 2 P. M.

WIENER.—Jan. 1, 1919, Howard, beloved son of Edward and Hannah, brother of Mortimer Wiener, aged 18 months and 14 years. Funeral from residence, 2,117 Foster Av., Brooklyn, Jan. 3, at 10 A. M. sharp.

WHITE.—At Freehold, N. J., Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1919, Anna Margaret Carman, wife of Dr. Augustus B. White. Funeral from the Episcopal Church, Freehold, N. J., Saturday, Jan. 4, 1919, at 2 P. M. Interment at Rose Hill Cemetery, Matawan, N. J.

In Memoriam.

ALBERS.—In loving memory of my beloved daughter, Viola Marion Albers, who departed this life Jan. 3, 1914. Louisa Brandt, (nee Klein,) mother.

BERLS.—In loving memory of our beloved husband and father, William L. Berls, who passed away Jan. 3, 1912.

BERKMAN.—In memory of loving mother, devoted wife, Gussie Berkman. Gone but not forgotten. Jan. 3, 1917, entered into rest eternal.

DE MELLO.—Capt. Cesar Augusto de Mello. The commander, officers, and crew of the Brazilian warship Sao Paulo, very deeply affected by the death of Capt. Cesar de Mello, who died last Saturday, Dec. 28, would appreciate having his friends and acquaintances attend the mass which will be said for the repose of the late Captain's soul on Saturday, Jan. 4, at 10:30 A. M., in St. Peter's Church, corner of Barclay and Church Sts.

FERRIS.—A memorial service for Frank A. Ferris will be held in the First Congregational Church, Montclair, N. J., on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 5, at 4 o'clock.

KENT.—A memorial service for Stewart Kent, died from wounds received in battle, will be held on Sunday, Jan. 5, at Grace Church, White Plains, on the arrival of train leaving Grand Central Terminal, 2:35 P. M.

RHINELANDER.—A memorial service will be held in loving memory of Private T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, 2d, on Saturday, Jan. 4, at Trinity Church, Broadway and Wall St., at 12 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited. Kindly omit flowers.

JACOB HERRLICH'S SONS, Inc.
Funeral Directors—Chapel
332 East 86th St., N. Y. Lenox 6652.
CIRCLE **J. WINTERBOTTOM** SIXTH AV. at 53d St.
104

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ADVERTISEMENT.

THE MILK SITUATION

The New York Milk Conference Board makes this announcement for the purpose of informing the milk consumers of New York City and vicinity of the situation now confronting the milk industry.

For some time past it has been the practice to adjust the price of milk, between the dealer and the farmer, on a monthly basis. For fifteen months past these adjustments have been made by the Federal Food Administration, whose recommendations were accepted by dealers and farmers alike.

The January price, however, had to be approached without the assistance of the Food Administration by reason of the Administration having discontinued its functions.

The Dairymen's League demanded a price of 9.3c per quart for milk delivered in the country or substantially the same as paid for December milk. The dealers, believing that the market conditions existing at this time justified the consumer in expecting a reduction, offered the producers 8.4c per quart, a price which would enable the dealer to make a reduction of 1c per quart to the consumer. The dealers have acted in recognition of what they conceive to be the rights of the consumer in view of the present market conditions, and have offered the farmer a price for January larger than that demanded by and paid to the farmers serving other large cities, such as Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Pittsburg, etc.

As a result of this difference in price demanded and offered, the Dairymen's League has refused to sell any milk.

For the time being this action on the part of the Dairymen's League will make it impossible for the dealers to deliver their full supply. For the next few days there may be a varying shortage, but the consumers can rest secure in the knowledge that there will be ample for babies, children, invalids and hospitals.

Large supplies of milk hitherto not utilized by this market are now being received and will be available within the next forty-eight hours, after which time conditions, it is believed, will be rapidly restored to normal.

It is important that the consumers win this fight for the reason that if it is lost it leaves the price fixing power in the hands of a few men who, as officers of the Dairymen's League, act without legal liability.

We are assured by Dr. Copeland, Commissioner of Health of New York City, that if the situation becomes acute he may commandeer all milk coming to the city and supervise its distribution. The Dealers represented in the New York Milk Conference Board have offered their earnest co-operation in any plan he may decide upon.

NEW YORK MILK CONFERENCE BOARD, Inc.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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Municipal Bonds....4¼% " 5¾%
Short Term Notes....6% " 7%

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Irregular, with Declines in Traction Issues a Feature.

The outstanding feature of the initial stock market session of the year, was its resumption to comparative dullness. In contrast with the closing markets of 1918, business showed a reduction of about 50 per cent. in volume of trading, in both stocks and bonds. During the first hour prices rather generally moved forward, but offerings increased, and reactions occurred before noon. Later in the day the tendency was toward irregularity, strength being apparent in the oil stocks, and in some of the specialties. Liberty bonds gained ground and all the way along were free from the unusual features which had been marking business in this department.

As was to be expected Brooklyn Rapid Transit shares broke down sharply and the receivership proceedings had an adverse sentimental effect on the other traction issues. The situation of the local transit concerns was emphasized, in respect to current adverse factors, through the November income statement of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. Gross receipts declined only $19,000, but increased expenses found a reflection in a falling off of not less than $464,000 for net revenue after taxes were reserved. The surplus, after interest charges had been met, fell away $445,000 from the total of the same month last year. The company reported that net income had declined $2,176,000, and surplus $2,325,000, in the five months ended Nov. 30. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit receivership, while highly unfortunate for investors and the credit of public utility concerns in this vicinity, may prove of benefit from one point of view, in that remedial measures will be sought with urgency. Various theories are held in banking and political quarters in regard to means for aiding street railways and other allied corporations. It is to be expected that a vast amount of study and labor will be required to rectify the position of many concerns, not only in New York, but in other cities.

The return flow of round amounts of money to the banks after dividend checks and coupons had been deposited by security owners was evidenced in somewhat easier call money rates. The quotation was 6% to 6 per cent. for the greater part of the day, with the ruling rate 6 per cent. Time money was quiet and practically unchanged. Foreign exchange remained steady all day with slight advances in Spain and the Scandinavian countries.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 6	High —@—
Low 5¾	Low —@—
Renewals 6	Renewals —@—
Last 5¾	Last —@—

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....6¼

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days....5¼@5¾	Sixty days....5½
Ninety days....5¼@5¾	Ninety days....5½@5¾
Four months....5¼	Four months....5½@5¾
Five months....5¼	Five months....5½@5¾
Six months....5¼	Six months....5½@5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days....5¼@5¾
4 to 6 months....5¼@5¾

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5¾@6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.7585	$4.7555	$4.7585	..
Cables	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655	..
France—				
Demand	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼	..
Cables	5.44¾	5.44¾	5.44¾	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8865 London	$4.7585	$4.7655
5.1813 Paris	5.45¼	5.44¾
China—		
Hongkong	81.00	81.25
Peking	131.50	131.75
Shanghai	123.00	123.25
40.29 Holland	42.50	42.75
19.30 Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44 India—		
Bombay	35.43	*35.73
Calcutta	35.43	*35.78
5.1813 Italy	6.36	6.35
Japan—		
Kobe	53.25	53.50
Yokohama	53.25	53.50
19.30 Spain	20.07	20.15
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	29.10	29.35
Copenhagen	26.875	27.125
Christiania	27.95	28.20
South America—		
42.64 Buenos Aires	45.15	45.25
34.42 Rio	28.35	29.50
5.1813 Switzerland	4.85	4.82
51.46 Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	13.60	13.80
500 rubles	13.50	13.70

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¾	$4.71¾	$4.72¾	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $1,121,194,729; balance, $104,064,929; United States Treasury debit balance, $1,404,279; Federal Reserve credit balance, $60,249,710.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $15.9375 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48¾d; in New York, $1.01¾ official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$9,892,000	$76,162,331
Internal Revenue:		
Income and excess profits taxes	59,877,483	683,434,497
Miscellaneous	119,088,167	585,848,941
Miscellaneous rev.	13,897,045	257,445,309
Total receipts	197,250,352	1,602,891,140
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	1,305,111,404	6,878,330,240
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	255,780,626	426,079,711
Expenditures	1,562,308,757	8,481,230,599

German Bank Statement.

BERLIN, (via London,) Jan. 2.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany for the week ended Dec. 12 shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Total gold and bullion decreased.	42,011,000
Gold decreased	41,848,000
Treasury notes increased	415,341,000
Notes of other banks decreased	570,000
Bills discounted increased	187,730,000
Advances increased	2,624,000
Investments decreased	1,174,000
Other securities increased	486,000,000
Notes in circulation increased	1,118,512,000
Deposits increased	77,942,000
Other liabilities decreased	151,854,000
Total gold holdings, 2,262,629,000 marks.	

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£982,000
Circulation decreased	117,000
Bullion increased	865,878
Other securities increased	14,382,000
Public deposits increased	2,663,000
Other deposits increased	85,857,000
Notes reserve increased	1,922,000
Government securities increased	53,198,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 11.70 per cent.; last week it was 16.78 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	8,524,000
Silver in hand decreased	184,000
Notes in circulation increased	805,425,000
Treasury deposits decreased	77,406,000
General deposits increased	25,812,000
Bills discounted increased	214,247,000
Advances increased	56,661,000

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 2, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	487,849	1,342,628	1,367,082
Year to date	487,849	2,471,143	3,425,520

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
46	49	100	Adams Express	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾	+ ¾
1¾	1¾	900	Ajax Rubber rights	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	..
3¾	4	1,000	Alaska Gold Mines	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+ ¾
1¾	1¾	1,500	Alaska Juneau	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	+ ¾
22	32½	2,300	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	32½	32½	32	32½	— ¼
100¾	101¼	100	Am. Ag. Chemical	101	101	101	101	..
41	45	100	Am. Bank Note pf	42	42	42	42	— ½
63½	63¾	600	Am. Beet Sugar	65	65	63¾	63¾	+ ¾
..	..	100	Am. Br. Shoe & F	160	160	160	160	..
48¼	48¾	$0,700	Am. Can	47	49	46¾	48¼	+ ¾
92¾	92¾	6,000	Am. Car & Found	93¾	93¾	92	92¾	— 1
40	41	200	Am. Cotton Oil	39¾	40¾	39¾	40¾	+ ¾
84	90	114	Am. Express	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	— 1½
71¾	72¼	500	Am. Hide & L. pf	72¾	72¾	71¾	72	..
39½	46	300	Am. Ice	40	40¼	40	40	— ¼
55½	55¾	600	Am. International	55¾	55¾	55½	55¾	— ¾
..	..	700	Am. Linseed	47	47¾	47	47	+ ¼
..	..	100	Am. Linseed pf	91¼	93¼	91¼	93¼	+ ¼
61	62	300	Am. Locomotive	61	61	61	61	..
77	77¼	9,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	76¾	77¾	75¾	77½	+ ⅝
85	85¾	300	Am. Steel Found	85	85	85	85	+ ½
97	97¾	600	Am. Sumatra Tob	97¾	97¾	97	97¾	+ ½
100¼	100¾	1,600	Am. Tel. & Tel	100¾	100¾	100¼	100¾	+ ¼
196	197½	170	Am. Tobacco	195¼	196¾	195¼	196¾	+ 1½
101	103	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	101¼	101¾	101¾	101¾	+ ¼
51½	51¾	500	Am. Woolen	51	51¾	51	51¾	+ ¼
94¾	95¼	200	Am. Woolen pf	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	..
28	30	400	Am. Writ. Paper pf	27¾	28½	27¾	28½	..
42	45½	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S.pf	42	42	42	42	— 1
60¾	61	7,400	Anaconda Copper	60¼	61	59¾	61	+ ¾
1	1½	100	Assets Realization	1	1	1	1	..
69	70	900	Associated Oil	68	70	68	69¾	+ 1¾
92	93	500	At., Top. & S. F	93½	93½	92½	92½	— ½
88½	89	100	At., Top. & S. F. pf	88¾	88¾	88½	88½	..
106	107	1,100	At., Gulf & W. I	107¾	107¾	107	107¾	— ½
66	67¼	300	At. Gulf & W. I. pf	67	67	67	67	..
74½	75¾	3,600	Baldwin Locomot	74½	75¾	74	75¾	+ ¾
49¾	50	2,300	Baltimore & Ohio	50	50	49¾	49¾	+ ¼
54¼	56	100	Baltimore & O. pf	55½	55½	55½	55½	+ ½
102	104	100	Barrett Co	103	103	103	103	+ ¼
61	62¼	500	Bethlehem Steel	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼	..
61½	61¾	2,400	Beth. Steel, Class B	61¾	61¾	61	61¼	— ¼
104¾	104¾	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	104½	104¾	104¼	104¾	+ ¼
21¾	22¼	300	Booth Fisheries	22¾	23	22	22	— ¾
21¼	22¼	37,200	Brook. Rapid Tran	22	23¾	20¾	21¼	— 6½
154	155	700	Burns Brothers	152	155	152	155	+ 2¾
6	6¾	100	Butte Copper & Z	6	6	6	6	+ ¼
19¼	19¾	1,100	Butte & Superior	19	19¾	19	19¼	+ ¼
17	17¾	100	Butterick Co	17½	17½	17½	17½	— ½
48	48¾	100	Cala. Packing	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	— ½
22	22¾	900	Cala. Petroleum	22¾	22¾	22	22	— ½
65	65½	300	Cala. Petroleum pf	64¾	65¼	64¾	65¼	+ 1¼
160	161	2,800	Canadian Pacific	160	161¼	158½	160¼	+ 1
92	92¾	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	92½	92½	92½	92½	..
80¼	80¾	8,000	Central Leather Co	80¾	80¾	80	80½	..
33½	34	200	Cerro de Pasco Cop	34	34	33½	33¾	+ ¼
104½	106	100	Chandler Motor	106	106	106	106	+ 2
57¾	57¾	500	Chesapeake & Ohio	56¼	57¾	56¼	57¼	+ ½
25	25½	500	Chi. Great West. pf	25¼	25¾	25¼	25¼	+ ¼
25¾	25¾	2,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P	30½	30¾	28¾	28¾	..
72¼	72¾	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	72¾	73	72¾	72¾	— ⅝
96¼	96¼	1,800	Chi. & Northwest	96	96	95¾	96	+ 1¼
25¼	25¾	800	Chi., R. I. & Pac	25¼	25¾	25¼	25¾	— ½
79	80¼	200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	79½	79½	78¾	78¾	— 1½
66	67	100	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	66	66	66	66	— 1
15¼	15½	1,700	Chile Copper	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ¼
34½	34¾	1,400	Chino Copper	33¾	34¼	33¾	34¼	+ 1
36¾	37	400	Colorado Fuel & I	36¾	37	36¾	36¾	..
42¾	42¾	1,200	Columbia Gas & El	42¾	43	42¾	42¾	— ¾
96	97	600	Consolidated Gas	97	97½	97	97	+ ¼
69	70	200	Continental Can	69½	69¾	69½	69¾	+ ¾
48¾	49	4,700	Corn Prod. Ref	48¾	49¼	47¾	48¾	— ¾
103½	104	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	104	104	104	104	..
57¾	58¼	1,200	Crucible Steel	58	58	57	58	+ ⅝
91	91½	100	Crucible Steel pf	91	91	91	91	..
29¼	30¾	800	Cuba Cane Sugar	29¼	29½	29¼	29½	— ¼
19¼	19¾	100	Cuba Cane S. pf	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ¼
95	96	100	Deere & Co. pf	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	+ ¾
180	183	100	Del., Lack. & West	182¾	182¾	182¾	182¾	+ 2¾
6¾	7	800	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	7¼	7¼	6¾	6¾	— ¼
51	51½	10,400	Dist. Sec., ex div	49¾	51¾	49	51	+ ¾
12	12½	700	Dome Mines	11¾	12¾	11¾	12¾	+ ¾
16¾	17	1,300	Erie 1st pf	16¾	17¼	16¾	16¾	— ½
27¾	28	300	Erie 1st pf.	28¼	28¼	27¾	27¾	— ½
30¾	30¾	1,500	Gast., Wm. & Wig	30¾	30¾	30	30	..
170	170	25	General Chemical	170	170	170	170	..
48	48	100	General Cigar	48	48	48	48	— ½
151	151½	600	General Electric	151	151½	151	151½	+ 1½
133	134½	6,900	General Motors	133	134½	131½	132¾	+ ½
57	57½	1,100	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	57	57½	56¾	57¼	+ ½
79	79	700	Granby Consol	79	79	79	79	+ ½
93¼	93¼	2,900	Great Northern pf	93¼	93½	92¾	93¼	+ ¾
31¾	32¼	3,200	Gt. No.cts.,ore props	31¾	32¼	31¾	31¾	+ ¾
44	46	600	Greene-Can. Cop	44	46	43¾	43¾	— 1¼
92	98	100	Homestake Mining	94	94	94	94	— ¼
46¾	46½	3,600	Inspiration Copper	46¾	46¾	45¾	46½	— ¼
6¾	6¾	4,800	Interboro Con	6¾	6¾	4¾	5	..
17¾	18	2,900	Interboro Con. pf	17¾	18	17¾	18	— ⅛
10½	10¾	200	Internat. Agricult	10½	10½	10½	10½	— ¾
115	115	100	Int. Harvester, new	115	115	115	115	..
28¾	28¾	1,400	Int. Mer. Marine	28¾	28¾	28½	28½	..
112¾	113¾	6,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	112¾	113¾	111¾	111¾	— ⅛
32	32¼	1,000	Int. Nickel	32¼	32¼	32	32	— ⅛
30¾	30¾	1,300	Int. Paper	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	— ¼
62¾	63	100	Int. Paper pf., sta	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	+ ¾
29½	30½	1,900	Jewel Tea	30	30¾	30	30	..
69¾	71	1,200	Kelly Spring. Tire	69¾	71½	69¾	71½	+ 2½
32¾	33¼	8,900	Kennecott Copper	32¾	33¼	32¾	33¼	+ 1½
67	67¼	1,300	Lackawanna Steel	67¾	68	67¾	67¾	..
8¾	9	400	Lake Erie & West	9	9	8¾	8¾	+ ¼
21¾	22	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	..
54	54½	2,900	Lehigh Valley	54	54	54	54	— 1½
44¾	45¼	300	Loose-Wiles Bis	45¾	45¾	45	45	— ⅝
81	82½	100	Manhattan Elev	81	81	81	81	..
27¾	28¼	300	Maxwell Motors	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	..
19¼	19¾	200	Max. Motors 2d pf	19¼	19¾	19¼	19¾	+ ¼
60	61½	100	May Dept. Stores	60	60	60	60	+ ¼
104	104	100	May Dept. St. pf	104	104	104	104	+ ¼
179½	180¾	58,900	Mexican Petroleum	179½	180¾	175¾	180¼	+ 10¼
23½	23¾	1,400	Miami Copper	23½	23¾	23½	23¾	+ ¼
44	44¾	2,900	Midvale Steel	44	44¾	43¾	43¾	+ ⅛
5	5½	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5	5	5	5	+ ⅛
25	25½	1,500	Missouri Pacific	25	25½	24¾	25½	+ ⅝
53½	53¾	100	Missouri Pacific pf	53½	53¾	53½	53½	..
29½	29½	100	Nat. Acme	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ 1½
16	16	700	Nat. Cond. & Cable	16	16	15½	16	..
53½	53½	100	Nat. Enam. & St	53½	53½	53½	53½	+ ½
47¾	47¾	300	Nat. Lead	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	+ ½
65¾	65¾	200	Nat. Lead pf	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	+ ¼
75	75¾	1,700	N. Y. Central	75	75¾	74½	75	+ ¼
31¾	32	2,000	N. Y., N. H. & H	31¾	32	31¾	32	+ ⅛
20	20	300	N. Y., Ont. & West	20	20	19½	19¾	+ ⅛
18	18	100	Norfolk Southern	18	18	18	18	— 1
107½	108¼	1,100	Norfolk & Western	107½	108¼	107½	108¼	+ ¾
½	¾	2,700	Nort. Pac. rights	½	¾	½	¾	..
94¼	94¾	2,500	Northern Pacific	94½	94¾	93¾	94¼	+ ¼
44½	44½	2,900	Ohio Cities Gas	44½	44½	43¾	44¼	+ ¼
46	46	300	Ohio Fuel Supply	46	46	45¾	45¾	+ ¼
7¾	7¾	100	Ontario Mining	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ¼
69¾	72¼	23,800	Pan-Am. P. & T	69¾	72¼	68¾	72	+ 2¾
120¼	121	3,700	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	120¼	121	119	120¾	— ¾
45½	45½	200	Penn. R. R. rights	45½	45½	45½	45½	+ ⅝
49	49	200	People's Gas, Chi	49	49	48¾	48¾	+ ⅛
5½	5½	100	Peoria & Eastern	5½	5½	5½	5½	— ¼
13	13¼	700	Pere Marquette	13	13¼	13	13	— ¼
31	31	40	Philadelphia Co	31	31	31	31	— ¼
43	43	900	Pierce-Arrow	43	43	42	42¾	— ¾
102	102	100	Pierce-Arrow pf	102	102	102	102	+ ¼
16¼	17	7,400	Pierce Oil	16¼	17	16	17	— 1
38¾	38¾	2,600	Pitts. & West Va	38¾	38¾	37¾	38¼	+ ½
62½	62½	2,600	Pressed Steel Car	62½	62½	62½	62½	+ 1½
101	101	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	101	101	101	101	+ 1
120	120	75	Pullman Co	120	120	120	120	+ 1
76	76	400	Railway Steel Sp	76	76	75	75½	— ¾
21¼	21¼	1,000	Ray Con. Copper	21¼	21¼	20¾	21¼	+ ½
82¾	82¾	4,600	Reading	82¾	82¾	81¾	82¾	+ ½
100	100	100	Reading 2d pf	100	100	100	100	+ ¼
74¾	75½	700	Rep. Iron & Steel	74¾	75½	74¾	75½	+ ½
78	78½	6,600	Royal Dutch t r	77	78	74	78	— 2
13½	13¾	100	St. Louis-San Fran	13½	13½	13½	13½	..
30½	31¾	400	St. L. San Fran. pf	30½	30½	30½	30½	+ 2½
7¾	8	400	Saxon Motor	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	..
18	18½	100	Seab. Air Line pf	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	— ½
172	175	400	Sears, Roeb. & Co	176	176	175	176	— 1½
13	14	100	Shattuck-Arizona	13	13	13	13	..
34¼	34¾	6,000	Sinclair Oil Refin	34	34¾	33¼	34¾	+ ½
49	51	200	Sloss-S. Steel & I	50	50	49¾	49¾	— ¼
102¾	102½	15,200	Southern Pacific	102	102½	100¾	102¾	+ ¾
125	140	100	So. Porto Rico Sug	132	132	132	132	+ 2
29¾	29¾	4,800	Southern Railway	29¼	29¼	29	29¾	— ½
69	70	100	Southern Ry. pf	70	70	70	70	— ⅝
85½	90	100	Standard Milling pf	85½	85½	85½	85½	— 1
51½	52	8,100	Studebaker Co	52	52½	50½	51½	+ ¾
92½	97	100	Studebaker Co. pf	92½	92½	92½	92½	+ ½
..	..	200	Stutz Motor	49¾	50	49¾	50	+ ½
18¾	18¾	9,200	Texas Co	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	+ ¼
..	..	4,000	Texas Co. rights	16¾	17¾	16¼	17¼	+ ¼
31¾	32	9,400	Texas & Pacific	29½	32	28	31¾	+ 3
73¾	74¼	2,500	Tobacco Prod. x d	74¼	74¼	73¼	73½	+ 2¼
102½	103¾	300	Tobacco Prod. pf	102½	103½	102½	103½	— 1¼
129	129¼	2,700	Union Pacific	128¾	128¾	128¼	128¾	— 1
72	72¼	300	Union Pacific pf	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	+ ⅝
38¾	38¾	200	United Alloy Steel	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾	+ ½
107¾	108	1,900	United Cigar Stores	107¾	108	107¼	108	..
164	165	200	United Fruit	167¾	167¾	167¼	167¼	+ ¾
43¾	43¾	100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	..
102¼	104	2,300	U. S. Indus. Alco	102¼	104	102¼	103	+ ⅝
96¼	96¼	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	+ ¼
80¾	80¾	5,900	U. S. Rubber	80¾	80¾	78¼	79¼	— 1½
45¾	46¼	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M	45¾	46	45¾	46	+ ½
95¼	95¾	46,200	U. S. Steel	95¾	95¾	94¾	95¾	+ ¾
113¾	113¾	200	U. S. Steel pf	113¾	113¾	113¼	113½	+ ⅝
78¾	74	3,200	Utah Copper	74¼	73¼	73¼	..	..
..	..	200	Utah Securities	13¼	•13¼	13	13	..
53	54	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	53	53	52½	53	+ 1½
8	8¼	600	Wabash	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
32¼	32¾	1,700	Wabash pf.	32¾	32½	32	32½	+ ¼
11¼	11½	1,600	Western Maryland	11½	11½	11	11¼	+ ¼
41¾	41¾	1,500	Westingh. E. & M	41½	41¾	41¼	41¾	..
70	73½	700	Wilson & Co	73	73	73	73	— ½
26¼	26¼	3,100	Willys-Overland	26¾	26¾	25¾	26	— ¼
54	55	100	Worthington Pump	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼	+ 1¼
66	67¼	200	Worth. Pump pf. B	67	67	66½	66½	..

BANK SEES GOOD OUTLOOK.

Expects Wages and Prices to Continue High for Some Time.

The National City Bank, in a statement issued yesterday, describes the outlook as "auspicious" and remarks that the war has not impaired the resources of the country. Instead of a state of exhaustion being apparent, the future is looked forward to with ambition and confidence. Referring to the question of prices and wages the statement says:

"The indications are that wages and prices are going to stay up, for a time at least, all over the world, which will do much to simplify the situation in every country. The general state of credit expansion over the world will sustain, and naturally cause, a higher level of prices than prevailed before the war, and there will not be the same pressure to lower wages and prices in this country that there would be if the level were falling in other countries. It does not follow, of course, that wages and prices at the higher level will yield any better net results to producers and wage earners than at the old level, or that the new level will be permanent, but business is favored by stable conditions, and, with all the world subject to the same general influence, changes are likely to be gradual rather than abrupt. If all wages and prices in this country could be brought back at one stroke to the old level, it doubtless would be advantageous to have it done, but it is impossible, and if accomplished there is no probability that they could be held there with the present stock of gold in the country and the existing state of inflation abroad."

Trading Dull on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—Trading on the Bourse was dull today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 61 francs 55 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 25 francs 98 centimes. New five per cent. loan, 88 francs 65 centimes.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.97	62.41	62.73	+ .08

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FURS AND WOOLENS HIT BY NEW TAX BILL

Firms That Based 1918 Payment on Stock Cost See Hardship in Its Provisions.

WAR PROFITS SET HIGH

Furriers Complain That Comparisons Are to be Based on Their Very Lean Years.

Two lines of trade that will be seriously affected, it was said yesterday, by provisions of the Revenue bill now in conference are the fur trade and the woolen goods trade. Max I. Schallek, of the law firm of Strasbourger & Schallek, has been retained to represent several concerns dealing in woolens used in men's outer clothing.

In making their returns for the tax paid in 1918, Mr. Schallek said that practically all of his clients had fixed the values of their stocks on a basis of cost. There is a provision of the existing law that permits the taxpayer to fix the value of his stock of merchandise on a cost basis or an inventory basis, but whichever he used in paying his tax in 1918 he must use in making his return for this year's taxes under the pending bill. Under the existing revenue law he could choose the method which would be the more advantageous to him.

"Such a provision as that should be inserted in the pending bill," said Mr. Schallek. "The framers of the existing law realized that all taxation is for the purpose of raising needed revenue and not for the purpose of taking unfair advantage of the taxpayer. The individuals, firms, and corporations which we represent, naturally chose the basis of stock valuation which would keep their taxes down as low as possible. And the existing law under which last year's taxes were levied gave them a perfect right to do it.

"But trade conditions now are vastly different from what they were last year. The price of the woolens we use has fallen off so much that, I had almost said, there is no market price. Therefore, to compel this class of revenue payers to stick to the basis of stock valuation which they used in estimating last year's taxes is not only a hardship, but it is an absolute repudiation of the theory on which the existing law was based. The taxes that will be levied under the new law, in whatever form it is finally adopted, will be of the general nature of personal taxes, because they will be taxes on incomes of one kind or another.

"In the case of the ordinary personal tax budgets, a man's personal taxes, from year to year, differ as the quantity and value of his personal property differs. The basis of levying the personal tax this year is not, of necessity, last year's basis or the basis of the year before, or the year before that. Why, then, should revenue payers be compelled, under the pending bill, to make use of the same method of stock valuation that they used in making their returns under the existing law? Unless a certain class of these taxpayers are permitted to change from the cost basis to the inventory basis—from what they paid for their stocks to what they are worth now—many of them will face insolvency. This the framers of the proposed measure never intended, and, I believe, if the attention of the conferees is called to this matter, they will find a way to amend the bill so as to make such unfairness and injustice impossible.

"Of course, I well understand that the new bill provides for redetermination of taxes imposed under it, but that will be small remedy for the cases to which I refer. Suppose an individual or firm or company shall pay, under this bill, a tax of $100,000, and suppose it shall have been demonstrated, to the satisfaction of some internal revenue commissioner, that the taxpayer paid $50,000 too much. That demonstration will have been made away off in the future. Meantime, $50,000 of the taxpayer's money has been tied up for an indefinite length of time. My people will have to call on their banks for loans. But the values of theri stocks have been so diminished that the value of their commercial paper, as collateral, also will be reduced. Where shall they get the capital with which to pay taxes and do business?"

The furriers are going to be hit, according to Stephen Brooks Rosenthal, general counsel for the New York Fur Trade Association, when it comes to paying their war profits tax. That, according to the pending bill, is based on the profits of any business for the prewar period, fixed as the years 1911, 1912, and 1913. Those years were about the worst known to the fur trade of this country. The pending bill provides that, in no case, shall a greater deduction, or credit, for the account of war taxes be made than 10 per cent. of the capital. Therefore, if a concern has a capital of $100,000, it may claim only an exemption from taxation of $10,000, paying a war profits tax of 80 per cent. on the balance of $90,000.

For the last two years, according to Mr. Rosenthal, the furriers have been very prosperous. They will be able to pay the tax levied under the proposed bill, but, Mr. Rosenthal said, because of the exceedingly lean years on which comparison of income for the war tax is based, its payment will tie up an inordinate amount of the furriers' capital.

Robert R. Reed of the law firm of Reed, McCook and Hoyt, general counsel for the Investment Bankers' Association, yesterday made the following comment on the bill:

"I have been reading with interest the discussions on income and war excess profits taxes. It is very necessary not to lose sight of the fact that the pending bill marks a great advance over prior laws in many important respects. It falls down, so to speak, and falls down very badly, in the effort to perpetuate an excess profits tax exclusively on corporations. It also, of course, as now drawn raises a very important question of constitutionality in its application to 1918 income.

"This question cannot safely be ignored. Having followed the situation from the beginning, I believe that it is entirely possible for Congress to cover this situation adequately. There are, of course, limitations on the powers of the conferees, but especially as to the open points of war and excess profits taxes and other corporation taxes. I believe it is possible to reach a compromise that will tax war profits fairly and constitutionally and, at least for the future, establish a substantial equality between corporate and non-corporate business. This, as the matter now stands, is the crux of the problem presented by the Senate bill."

F. W. Richardson, a certified public accountant, suggests the following formula for computing the tax on corporations under the proposed law:

	Invested Capital.	Net Income.
1918	$1,500,000	$326,000
Pre-war period	1,200,000	100,000
Increased capital	$250,000	

WAR TAX COMPUTATION.

Net income 1918		$375,000
Deductions:		
Net income pre-war	$100,000	
10% increased capital	25,000	
Specific exemption	3,000	
		128,000
		$247,000
		80%
Excess profits tax		$197,600

INCOME TAX COMPUTATION.

Net income 1918		$375,000
Deductions:		
Excess profits tax	$197,600	
Specific exemption	2,000	
		199,600
		$175,400
		12%
Income tax		$21,048
Excess profits tax		197,600
Total tax (as per formula referred to)		$218,648

As the excess profits tax may always be ascertained by the war tax computation, regardless of the amount of capital or net income, providing the latter is sufficient to be subject to such tax, all other computations are superfluous and confusing for this purpose.

Several individual taxpayers and representatives of corporations and partnerships called upon William H. Edwards, Internal Revenue Collector, yesterday and asked for return blanks. It was the first business day of the new year, and Collector Edwards had to tell his callers that owing to the uncertainty of revenue legislation in Washington his office was not in a position to help applicants.

WAR RISK BUREAU TO CLOSE

With the discontinuance of the Government's Bureau of War Risk Insurance tomorrow, the New York office of the bureau will likewise wind up its business. Deputy Collector Stephen W. Hamilton, who, with William R. Lott as assistant, has handled the war risk insurance for the New York district in the Custom House, gave out figures yesterday showing the amount of business done here.

Mr. Hamilton's records showed that since the bureau was established under the act of Sept. 2, 1914, as amended, 1,759 applications for cargo, vessel, and seamen's insurance had been handled by the Marine Division of the Custom House, acting as representative of the bureau in Washington. Policies issued totaled $106,137,364, while premiums collected reached $946,063.

In 1914, the first year of operation, the applications numbered only 67, representing policies for $6,544,417, while in 1915 applications numbered 80 and policies issued had a value of $10,179,730. The 1916 applications numbered 90, with policies valued at $3,766,444. Five hundred applications were recorded in 1917, calling for policies worth $26,946,464. In 1918, the final year of the war, applications reached 1,018, covering policies valued at $58,700,300.

Mr. Hamilton said the Government started the War Risk Insurance plan for the purpose of stabilizing the insurance market, and that the bureau had proved successful. "There was no attempt to underwrite the market, nor did the bureau really encroach upon the regular business of the private companies," he added.

Word was received here yesterday that William C. Rader, Acting Commissioner of the Marine and Seamen's Division, Bureau of War Risk Insurance, had tendered his resignation to the Secretary of the Treasury, effective on Feb. 1. During Mr. Rader's tenure, it was said, he had written almost $2,000,000,000 insurance on hulls, cargo, and freight to all ports in the world, taken in $46,700,000 in premiums, and paid out a trifle less than $30,000,000 in losses. The operating expenses for the four years were only $100,000.

Changes in Wall Street Firms.

A number of changes in firms doing business in stocks and bonds were announced yesterday. Wood, Gundy & Co. have admitted Arthur W. Scripture and William E. Wilder as partners. H. A. Kahler & Co. having been dissolved by mutual consent, T. F. Sherwood and P. G. Merrifield have formed a partnership to take over the business. J. Wood Rutter and Rutherford Hopkins have formed the firm of Rutter & Co. to deal in investment securities, with offices at 2 Wall Street. H. I. Losee and B. P. Levey have been admitted as general partners to the discount house of Salomon Brothers & Hutzler. The firm of Lawrence Chamberlin & Co. has been formed to transact business in securities at 36 Wall Street.

200% FORD DIVIDEND.

Motor Company Provides for $4,000,000 Disbursement of Profits.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 3.—A 200 per cent. dividend on the capital stock of $2,000,000 has been declared by the Ford Motor Company. In the meeting of the Board of Directors Tuesday it was decided to pay 100 per cent. of this dividend on Jan. 1 and the other 100 per cent. on Feb. 1. Further dividends are expected to be declared within a short time.

Charles Brownell, Director of Publicity for the company, said today that more of the profits would be turned back to the stockholders in a few months.

Henry Ford, retired President, holding the majority of the stock, will realize most heavily on the dividend. The Ford family together has 58½ per cent., Edsel Ford, newly elected head of the company, holding a small block of the stock.

There are seven stockholders, including the Dodge brothers, who started suit against the company a year ago for a share of the undivided profits of the company, which were being turned into the construction of new plants in Dearborn. The decision in this suit is now up to the Supreme Court.

The amounts to be realized by the principal stockholders are, approximately:

Ford family, $2,225,000; James Couzens, $800,000; Dodge brothers, $400,000; Gray estate, $400,000; J. W. Anderson, $200,000, and H. H. Rackham, $200,000.

Send Revenue Bill to Conference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—House leaders resorted to a special rule today to force the War Revenue bill to conference without holding it up for debate on demands for votes on certain Senate amendments. The rule reported by the Rules Committee was adopted without a roll call.

Representative Kitchin announced that meetings of the conferees would begin tomorrow.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.75
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.75	5.25
C., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
C., S. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	6.00	5.50
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.25	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1919-'23	4½	6.00	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.75	5.25
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.75	5.25
Michigan Central	1919-'30	5	6.15	5.80
Minn. & St. L.	1919-'27	5	6.50	6.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'28	4½@5	6.50	6.00
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	6.00	5.75
Norfolk & West.	1919-'24	4½	5.75	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.25	6.00
Penn. Gen. Prt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.75	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.80	5.30
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	7.00	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.25	7.00
Southern Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.50
Southern Rail.	1919-'24	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Union Tank Line	1919-'20	5	6.50	6.00

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer. Oil	5½	6	Houghton	.30	60
Bay S Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	.28	29
Boston Ariz.	...	1¼	Iron Bloss	.45	55
Boston Ely	.85	99	Iron Cap	15½	16¼
Boston Mont.	.53	55	Jer Verde	.46	50
Begole	...	50	La Rose	.24	29
Black Hawk	.25	50	Majestic	.20	22
Bohemia	.75	85	Mex Metals	.30	33
Butte Lon.	.14	17	Moj Tung.	4	6
Calaveras	1½	1¾	New Baltic	1	1¼
Champ. old	4	5	Nat Z & L	.12	14
Chief Cons.	3⅝	3¼	New Corn	.16	16¼
Cons Ariz.	1½	1¾	Nixon New	.40	43
Cons Cop.	6¼	6¾	Nev Doug.	.35	40
Cortez	.12	20	Oneco	.20	40
Crown Res.	.24	33	Onondaga	.10	20
Crystal	.23	24	Seven Mets.	.50	53
Denbigh	.55	57	S W Miami.		
Earl Eagle	...	2	full paid	.90	1¼
Eagle B B.	2¼	2½	Un Ver Ext.	34	35½
Fortuna	3	5	Vic Mines	...	80
Gold Lake	2	4	Yukon Gold.	.85	95

Bonds for Investment

Yielding from 4.10% to 6.25%

We own and offer at all times an extensive list of bonds yielding as high a return as is consistent with safety. The bonds mentioned below are selected from our January Investment Circular, a copy of which we shall be pleased to send to investors upon request.

Municipal Bonds

Under the Federal Statute and rulings of the Treasury Department, the interest on bonds issued by States, municipalities and other political sub-divisions, is exempt from the Federal Income Tax; interest on Federal Land Bank bonds and obligations of the United States is also exempt, except that interest on United States (Liberty Loan) bonds and certificates issued subsequent to September 23, 1917, is subject to the surtax when held in excess of the limits prescribed by law. Certificates of ownership are not required and such income need not be reported to the Government.

$100,000	State of Massachusetts 4s (Tax Exempt in Mass.)	4.10%
200,000	Bridgeport, Conn. 5s (Tax Free in Conn.)	4.25%
50,000	Yonkers, N. Y. 4½s (Tax Exempt in N. Y.)	4.30%
100,000	State of California Highway 4½s (Tax Exempt in Cal.)	4.37%
70,000	Cleveland, Ohio 4½s	4.40%
500,000	State of South Dakota, Rural Credit 4½s	4.62%
160,000	Los Angeles Co. Flood Control Dist. Cal. 5s	4.65%
150,000	King County, Wash. 4s	4.70%
40,000	Memphis, Tenn. 4½s	4.75%
100,000	Greenville, S. C. (Tax Exempt in S. C.)	4.80%

Railroad Bonds

100,000	Lake Shore and Michigan Southern First 3½s (Tax Free in Pa.)	4.65%
100,000	Chic. Burlington and Quincy R. R. (Ill. Div.) First 4s	4.75%
100,000	New York Central and Hudson River R. R. First 3½s (Tax Exempt in New York and Pa.)	4.80%
100,000	Louisville and Nashville R. R. Unified 4s	4.80%
100,000	Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie R. R. Cons. 4s	4.90%
250,000	Chicago and North Western Ry. Gen. 5s	4.95%
100,000	Terminal R. R. Association of St. Louis First 4½s	5.10%
100,000	Illinois Central R. R. Coll. Trust 4s	5.10%
50,000	New York Central Debenture 4s	5.30%
100,000	Pere Marquette Ry. First Mtge. 5s	5.70%

Public Utility Bonds

40,000	Philadelphia Electric Co. First 5s (Tax Free in Pa.)	5.28%
75,000	Utica Gas & Electric Co. Ref. and Ext. (Tax Ex. in N.Y.)	5.50%
100,000	Utah Power & Light Company First 5s	5.80%
50,000	Consumers Power Co. First and Ref. (Tax Ex. in Mich.)	5.90%
100,000	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. Gen. and Ref. 5s	6.00%
75,000	Texas Electric Ry. First and Ref. 5s	6.00%
100,000	Texas Power and Light Co. First 5s	6.00%
75,000	Wisconsin-Minnesota Light and Power Co. First and Ref. 5s	6.00%
75,000	Montreal Tramways Co. First and Ref. 5s	6.02%
75,000	Union Electric Light and Power Co. Ref. Ext. 5s	6.25%

We invite correspondence and suggest you ask for Circular "A-1"

Harris, Forbes & Company
Pine Street, Corner William, New York

$25,000,000

Anaconda Copper Mining Company

Series A, 6% Ten-Year Secured Gold Bonds

Dated January 1, 1919 — Due January 1, 1929

Authorized $50,000,000 — **To be presently issued Series A, $25,000,000**

Interest payable January 1 and July 1 without deduction for any taxes, except Federal income taxes now or hereafter deductible at the source in excess of 2%. Coupon Bonds in denomination of $1,000 each. Registerable as to principal only. Principal and interest payable in United States gold coin at The Nationals City Bank of New York and Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

We call your attention to a letter from Mr. John D. Ryan, Chairman of the Board, addressed to the undersigned, which is summarized as follows:

These Bonds will be the direct obligations of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company and will be additionally secured by specific pledge with the Trustee of stocks of constituent companies valued in excess of $100,000,000. The Series A Bonds constitute the only funded debt of the Company and will not be subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The Company will covenant, among other things, in accordance with the terms of the Trust Agreement, substantially as follows:

It will not mortgage, pledge, or suffer any mortgage or other charge to be imposed upon any of its fixed assets without providing prior security for the Bonds and for their payment in priority to all other obligations secured by such mortgage or pledge, and will not permit constituent companies to mortgage or pledge their fixed assets unless the obligations secured thereby (other than those issued in renewal of existing obligations) are pledged under the Trust Agreement.

The earned surplus of the Company (including any amount which may have been employed in the payment of any future stock dividend) shall always be maintained at an amount at least equal to the amount of the outstanding Bonds.

In case the Company or any constituent company shall sell any substantial or essential part of its fixed assets, the proceeds or their equivalent shall in due course be applied to the purchase of other fixed assets, or to the purchase of Ten-Year Secured Gold Bonds for cancellation.

The Company will not consolidate with or permit itself to be merged into any corporation other than a constituent company if 25% of the holders of the outstanding Bonds shall object, unless all the Bonds are secured by a closed first mortgage and pledge on and of all its fixed assets and other properties.

The proceeds of the Series A Bonds are to be used toward the equipment of the properties of the Andes Copper Mining Company and the Santiago Mining Company and to replace in current account part of the earnings which have been heretofore invested.

The Anaconda Copper Mining Company is the largest producer of copper in the world and its mines are located in one of the greatest known mineral belts, the Butte District in Montana. During the past 35 years the group of mines now owned by the Company has produced and is now producing more copper and more silver than any other district in the world.

During the period from January 1, 1913, to September 30, 1918, the Company and its constituent companies earned, after paying interest and all taxes, but before depreciation charges, an annual average of $28,700,000, or well over the entire face amount of the Series A Bonds.

The Anaconda Copper Mining Company has outstanding $116,562,500 capital stock, which, at recent market quotations, indicates an equity of over $139,000,000 behind these Bonds.

We offer these bonds for subscription subject to allotment when, as and if issued and received by us, and approved by our counsel,

at 98¼ and interest, netting close to 6¼%

Subscription books will be opened in New York at the offices of the undersigned on the morning of January 3, 1919, and may be closed at any time at the discretion of the undersigned without notice. The right is reserved to reject any subscription, in whole or in part, and to allot less than the amount applied for.

It is expected that Temporary Bonds or Trust Receipts will be ready for delivery about January 15, 1919, against confirmed sales.

All legal matters pertaining to this issue will be passed upon by our counsel, Messrs. Shearman & Sterling, New York City.

The above statements and statistics are derived from official sources or those which we regard as reliable. We do not guarantee but believe them to be correct.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York

The National City Company New York

BUY LIBERTY BONDS
At Present Prices

We recommend the purchase of Liberty bonds at present prices.

Several issues are now selling to return an income on the cost of about 4.60% and in addition all issues are entirely free from the normal income tax. The following table shows the actual income return on the different issues of Liberty 4s and 4¼s at current prices and the yields necessary to produce the same net income of bonds subject to a normal income tax of 4%.

This rate was in force in 1917 and may well be in force after the present high war taxes. Any increase of the normal rate during 1919 will work still more in favor of Liberty bonds.

Issues	Present price	Approximate yield	Yields of Bonds subject to a normal tax of 4% necessary to produce same income
First 4s, 1947	93.08	4.45	4.65
Second 4s, 1942	93.02	4.50	4.70
First 4¼s, 1947	96.50	4.45	4.65
Second 4¼s, 1942	94.90	4.60	4.80
Third 4¼s, 1928	96.30	4.70	4.90
Fourth 4¼s, 1938	95.38	4.60	4.80

We call the attention of investors to the above, as we believe that Liberty bonds are now at bargain prices. We have prepared a pamphlet giving detailed information on the various issues, including data on the supertaxes.

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO
43 Exchange Place
BOSTON — NEW YORK — CHICAGO
HIGGINSON & CO—LONDON

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the ESSEX MACHINE SUPPLY CO., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 16th day of December, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

(Signed) C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT THE FIRM of ADELMAN & LUCHS has this day dissolved by mutual consent and that from and after this date any credit extended to either Samuel C. Adelman or Joseph Luchs is to be extended to each in his individual capacity.

ADELMAN & LUCHS.

Trust Means Confidence
We act in any capacity having to do with finances where reliance on integrity is the chief requisite.
Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York
60 Wall Street — 716 Fifth Avenue

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

SUPERIOR WAIST CO.—NOTICE IS HEREby given to creditors of Superior Waist Co., formerly at 114-120 West 26th St., that the undersigned, all members thereof, have dissolved their partnership this day.

Dated, N. Y., Dec. 31, 1918.

ELIAS JACOBY,
BENJAMIN PRONIN,
JOSEPH JACOBY.

Amer. Gas & Elec. Pfd.
Northern Ohio Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Todd Shipyards
Western Pr. Com. & Pfd.
Kiely & Horton
40 Wall St., N. Y. Phone John 6330

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER COMPANY
New York, December 26, 1918.

The Board of Directors have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the preferred capital stock of this Company, payable January 15th, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business January 6th, 1919.

OWEN SHEPHERD, Treasurer.

We have issued a comprehensive analysis of the

Oklahoma Producing & Refining Co.

This analysis includes a map and financial statements. Copies may be obtained upon request for Circular C-1.

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Interborough Rapid Transit
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Lima Locomotive
Lone Star Gas
Midland Securities
Mohawk Valley Co.
N. Y. State Rys. Com.
Penn. Coal & Coke
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UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	98½	99¼	3s, Panama, '61, reg	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	98½	99¼	3s, Panama, '61, coup	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg	97¼	98¼	3s, Fed Land Bk, '58	103	104
2s, Panama, '38, coup	97¼	98¼	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	101
3s, registered, 1940	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, coupon, 1940	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day's Bid.	Yester-day's Ask.	Tues-day Bid.
4½s, July, 1967	101¾	102	100¾
4½s June, 1965	100¾	102	100¾
4½s Mar., 1963	100¾	102	100¾
4½s Nov., 1957	101¼	102	100¾
4½s May, 1957	101¼	102	100¾
4½s Mar., 1960-30	97¾	98½	97
4½s Mar., 1964	97½	98½	97
4½s Apr., 1958	97¾	98	97
4½s Mar., 1963	97¾	98½	97
4½s Sept., 1960	97¾	98½	97
4s May, 1958	93¾	93¾	92¾
4s Nov., 1958	93¾	93¾	92¾
4s May, 1957	93¾	93¾	92¾
4s Nov., 1956	91	92½	91
4s Nov., 1955	91	92½	91
4s Nov., 1936	91		94½
4s May, 1919	100¼		99¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Bid.	Ask.	Bid.
4½s 1924-1931	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1921-1923	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1919-1920	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4½s 1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
4½s 1940-1952	4.60	4.40	4.50
4½s 1930-1938	4.60	4.40	4.50
4½s 1925-1929	4.60	4.40	4.50
4½s Trinity	4.60	4.40	4.50
4½s 1918-1921	4.60	4.40	4.50
4½s 1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.50
4½s 1925-1930	4.60	4.40	4.50
4½s 1919-1923	4.60	4.40	4.50

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		Bid.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
810	Cities Service	300	297	297	300
1,190	Do pf	81	80½	80½	81
$96,500	Do deb. 7s	120	119	119	121

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	17	Miss River Power	10¼	12¼
Adiron Elec Power pf	73	75	Miss River Power pf	38	41
Am Gas & Electric	98	103	Northern Ohio Electric	15	18
Am Gas & Electric pf	44	47	Northern Ohio Elec pf	58	63
Am Light & Trac	244	247	Northern Ont L. & P	11	15
Am Light & Trac pf	99	101	Northern Ont L. & P pf	53	56
Am Power & Light	50	55	Northern States Power	59	63
Am Power & Light pf	75	80	North States Power pf	89	91
Am Public Utilities		25	Northern Texas Elec	57	62
Am Public Utilities pf	36	39	Northern Texas Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & Elec	6¼	7¼	Pacific Gas & Electric	44	46
Am W W & E 1st pf	69	72	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	85	88
Am W W & E partic	15	16	Puget S Trac, L & P	15	18
Carolina Power & Light	33	38	Puget S T, L & P pf	49	53
Colorado Power	27	30	Ry & L Sec pf	77	83
Colorado Power pf	96	100	Republic Ry & Light	18	19
Columbus Electric pf	70	74	Republic Ry & Lt pf	54	55
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	20	23	Southern Cal Edison	82	85
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	41	43	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Conn Power pf	70	75	Standard Gas & Elec	11	13
Consumers' Power pf	80	86	Standard Gas & Elec pf	32	34
Eastern Texas Elec	50	53	Tampa Electric	107	110
Eastern Texas Elec pf	70	74	Tenn Ry, L & P Power	2	3
El Paso Electric	76	80	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	15	18
Electric B & S pf	92	96	United Light & Rys	38	40
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	United Light & Rys pf	71	72
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	Wash I W L & P pf	81	84
Federal Light & Trac pf	40	45	Western Power pf	13	15
Galveston-Houston Elec	22½	27½	Western Power pf	83	85
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	64	West, Church & Kerr	64	67
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West, Church & K pf	80	86
Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85			

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼		Gt West Pow 6s, '25	88		88	92
Am W W & El col 5s	70	73	Int M Ry, L & P 6s	95½		95½	97½
Appalach Power 1st 5s	73	76	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	75		75	77
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95	Nor States Pow 5s, '26	92		92	93
Cities Pwr & P 7s, '16	99	100	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	90		90	91
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	79		79	84
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	96½	100	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	80		80	85
Conn Power 6s, 1963	80	88	Puget Sd Trac, L & P 7s	97½		98½	99½
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	98	Roanoke W W 5s, '10	97½		97½	98
East Tex Elec col 5s	82	88	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88		88	92
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97½	99	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70		70	78
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un L & R 1st 5s, '52	88		88	88
Empire G & F 6s, '23	98	100	Un L & R deb 6s, '23	98		98	98
Empire ref 6s, '27	94	97	Un Util ev 6s, '42	90		90	96
Gt West Pow 5s, '46	83	87	Utah Securities 6s	89		90	96
			Wash I W L & P 6s	94½		95	96

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
35	Arundel S & G	35	35	35	30	Mt Ver M pf	74½	74½	74½
650	Atlantic Pet.	2	2	2	25	Merch Trust	185	185	185
513	Consden	7	6¾	7	20	Md Casualty	35	35	35
30	Con Coal	82	82	82	25	Nat Bk Com	23	23	23
10	Con Power	106	106	106	32	Penn W P	78	78	78
794	Davison Chem	34	32	32	50	United Rys	20½	20½	20½
103	Elkhorn	29	29	29	45	W, B & A	26½	26½	26½
52	Hous Oil pf	72½	73¼	72¾					

Bonds.

$1,000	Con Coal 6s	100	100	100	$1,000	Charleston Cons 5s	90	90	90
3,000	Do 5s	92½	92½	92½	2,000	Elkhorn 6s	92¾	92¾	92¾
1,000	Consden 6s, A	85½	85½	85½	1,000	U Rys 7dg 5s	76	76	76
1,000	Do, B	85¾	85¾	85¾	3,000	Do 1st 4s	76¾	76¾	76¾
1,000	City & Sub 5s	67	67	67	1,000	W, B & A 5s	83½	83½	83½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am Zinc	12	12	12	55	Mohawk	53	52½	53
10	Anaconda	60½	60¼	60¼	445	North Butte	11	10¾	11
50	Bingham	9	9	9	5	Old Dominion	34¾	34¾	34¾
50	Cal & Arizona	61¼	61¼	61¼	50	Osceola	46	46¾	46¾
4	Cal K Hecla	435	430	435	200	Pond Creek	13¾	13	13¾
100	Chino	33½	33½	33½	110	Quincy	90	90	90
491	Cop Range	42	41¼	41¾	440	Seneca	15¾	15	15¾
10	Daly West	2¾	2¾	2¾	120	Shannon	3	3	3
25	Davis-Daly	1¾	1¾	1¾	100	Trinity	2¼	2¼	2¼
40	East Butte	9¾	9¾	9¾	80	U S Smelt	46	45¾	45¾
70	Greene-Can	45¾	45¾	45¾	35	Do pf	47¾	46½	47
23	Hancock	5½	5	5	200	Utah Apex	3	2¾	3
20	Island Creek	46½	46½	46½	30	Utah Con	8¾	8¾	8¾
20	Isle Royale	24	24	24	10	Utah Cop	73¼	73¼	73¼
100	Kerr Lake	5½	5½	5½	800	Utah Metal	1¾	1½	1½
50	Lake Copper	4½	4½	4½	550	Victoria	2¼	2¼	2¼
60	Mass Cons	4¾	4¾	4¾	25	Winona	95c	90c	95c
525	May-Old C	2¾	2¾	2¾					

Railroads.

26	Bost & Alb	135	135	135	100	Mass Elec	2¾	2¾	2¾
430	Boston Elev	68	67½	67¾	290	Do pf	12¾	12	12
135	Bost. & Me	31	30½	31	95	NY, NH & H	31¾	31¼	31½
8	Fitchb'g pf	58	58	58	63	W E S R R	45	45	45

Miscellaneous.

80	Am Ag Ch	101¾	101¼	101½	220	Int Por Cem	5½	4¾	5½
20	Do pf	98	98	98	415	Do pf	18¾	18½	18½
200	Am Pn Ser. 55c.	55c.	55c.	55c.	25	Mass Gas	52½	52	52½
50	Do 2d pf	5¾	5¾	5¾	1	Do pf	69½	69½	69½
5	Am Sugar	111	111	111	3	Merg'thaler	133½	133½	133½
10	Do pf	114	113	113	103	N E T & T	93¼	91½	93¼
437	Am Tel	101	100¼	101	110	Stewart	34½	34½	34½
2	Am Wool	51½	51½	51½	361	Swift & Co	125	123½	125
220	Do pf	94¼	94¼	95¾	10	Torrington	54	54	54
50	Booth	22½	22	22	30	United Drug	90	89	90
1,225	Cen Steel	14¾	14¼	14¾	145	United Fruit	166½	164¼	166½
493	Cu Por Cem	14	13	14	736	United Shoe	45¾	45	45
30	East Boston	4¾	4¾	4¾	31	Do pf	28¾	28¾	28¾
16	Edison	172	170	172	925	Ventura Oil	8¼	8	8
60	Fairbanks	61¼	60¾	60¾	50	Walworth	17½	17½	17¾
71	Gen Elec	154½	150	151	13	Warren Bros 1st pf	38	37	38
23	Gorton	23¾	23¼	23¾	15	Western Un	87	87	87
915	Island Oil	6¾	6	6¼					

Bonds.

$2,000	Am Ag C 5s	90	90	90	$9,000	N E Tel 5s	93¾	93¾	93¾
18,000	A G & W I 5s	83½	83½	83½	1,000	New Riv 5s	75¾	75¾	75¾
2,000	C J & S Y 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼	9,000	U Fruit 4½s	100	100	100

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Am Shipb'g pf	89	89	89	35	Sears-Roe	175	175	175
130	Armour pf	101¼	100¾	101¼	280	Shaw	90	90¾	90
480	Booth Fish	22¼	22¼	22¼	45	Do pf	100	100	100
20	Chi C & C pf	9¾	9¾	9¾	2,240	Stewart-W	65	70½	65¾
20	Chi Ry, Ser 2	8	8	8	2,722	Swift Int'l	44½	44	44¼
150	Cudahy rts	¾	½	½	1,045	Swift	124¾	123½	124½
115	Com Edison	115	114¾	115	1,875	Union Carb	57	56	56
50	Deere pf	96½	96	96¾	10,480	Do rights	3¾	3¼	3¼
15	Dia Match	111	111	111	200	U Paperb'd	20	20	20
1,696	Libby	23¾	22¾	23	185	West Stone	6¼	5¼	5¾
125	Lindsay Lt	14¾	14	14	25	Wilson pf	98	98	98

Bonds.

$5,000	Met El Ry ext 4s					50¾	50½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am Milling	10½	10½	10½	10	Lehigh Val	54½	54½	54½
28	Buff & Susq	73	73	73	270	Phila Elec	25½	25	25½
40	Cramp	80	80	80	250	Phila R T	26¾	26¾	26¾
60	Elec Storage	53¾	53	53	300	Tono Mining	3	3	3
30	Ins of N A	27½	27	27	1,141	Unit Gas Imp	71	70½	71
1,120	Gen Asphalt	39	38	39	50	Union Trac	39	39	39
110	Lehigh Nav	71¾	71½	71¾					

Bonds.

$4,000	Penn con 4½s	96	96	96	$8,000	Read gen 4s	86	85¾	86
7,000	Phila Elec 5s	94¾	94½	94¾					

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Am Cigar	104	110	104
Do pf	84	88	84
Conley Foil	190	205	190
J S Young	125	145	125
Do pf	98	105	98
MacA & Forbes	185	196	185
P R-Am Tobacco	134	140	134
R J Reynolds, A	365	390	365
Do, B	265	285	265
Do pf	105	107	105
Weyman-Bruton	175	200	175
Do pf	106	110	105

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday closed strong and active. Final quotations were about the highest for the session, and represented substantial net gains in the active issues. The buying extended to the rails, in which Reading, Southern Pacific, and Texas Pacific were especially strong. Mexican Petroleum was the particular feature of strength among the industrials.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Allis-Chalm	33¾	33	33¼	40	Leh Val	54¾	54½	54½
1,090	Am Can	49	47	48¾	5,500	Mex Pet	180¾	177¾	180¾
420	Am C & F	60¾	60¾	60¾	20	Miami Cop	24	23¾	24
10	Am Cot Oil	40	40	40	420	Midvale S	44	43¾	43¾
70	Am Linseed	46¾	46¾	46¾	420	Mo Pacific	25	24¾	25
20	Am Loco	81¾	81	81¾	80	N Y Cent	74¼	74¼	73¾
800	Am Sm & R	77¾	76¾	77¾	40	NY, NH & H	31¾	31¾	31¾
10	Am Steel F	84¾	84¾	84¾	10	North Pac	94¾	94¾	94¾
10	Am Sum Tob	96¾	96¾	96¾	40	Ohio Cities G	44¾	44¾	44¾
20	Am T & T	101	100¾	100¾	50	PanAmP&T	72¾	69½	72¾
690	Anacon Cop	30¾	29¾	30¾	30	Pennsylvania	45½	44¾	45¾
10	A, G & W I	108	108	108	20	Pierce-Arrow	45¾	45¾	45¾
440	Bald Loco	75	74¼	75	200	Pierce Oil	16½	16¾	16¾
180	Balt & Ohio	50¼	48¾	49¾	10	Pressed S C	62¾	62¾	62¾
150	Bath Steel B	61¾	61	61¾	20	Ray Copper	21	21	21
3,450	B'klyn R T	23¾	20¾	21¼	285	Reading	83½	81¾	83¾
70	Cen Leather	50¾	50¾	50¾	355	Sinclair Oil	34¾	33¾	34½
5	Ches & Ohio	56¾	56¾	56¾	780	South Pac	102¾	100¾	102¾
90	C, M & St P	39¾	39¾	39¾	110	Southern Ry	30	29¾	29¾
30	C, R I & P	25¾	25¾	25¾	10	Studebaker	70¾	70¾	70¾
460	Chile Cop	18¾	18	18¾	650	Studebaker	52¾	51¾	51¾
10	Chino Cop	33¾	33¾	33¾	20	Texas Co	186½	184½	186½
20	Con Gas	97¾	97¾	97¾	160	Tex & Pac	31	29¾	31
20	Corn Prod	48¾	48	48¾	280	Reading	74½	74½	74½
120	Crucible S	57¾	57	57¾	130	Union Pac	128¾	128¾	128¾
20	Cuba Cane S	30¾	30¾	30¾	10	Un Cig S	107¼	107¼	107¼
140	Distill Sec	51	49	50¾	40	U S Ind Ale	104	103¼	103¼
70	Erie	17	17	17	140	U S Rubber	80¾	78¾	79¾
10	Erie 1st pf	27¾	27¾	27¾	7,985	U S Steel	95¾	94¾	95¾
20	Gas, W & W	30¾	30¾	30¾	20	Utah Copper	74	73½	73½
130	Gen Motors	184½	183¾	184½	10	Va-Car Ch	53¾	53¾	53¾
30	Gt Nor pf	93¾	93¾	93¾	70	West Elec	41¾	41¾	41¾
10	Gt Nor Ore	31¾	31¾	31¾	235	Willys-O	26¾	25¾	26
230	Insp Cop	46¾	46¼	46½		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
110	Int Mer-Mar	26¾	26¾	26¾	$2,300	Lib 3½s	99.60	99.50	99.50
110	Int M M pf	113¾	113¾	113¾	1,300	1st 4½s	96.72	96.66	96.72
60	Int Nickel	23¾	23¾	23¾	1,450	2d 4½s	95.48	95.48	95.48
10	Interb Con	4¾	4¾	4¾	5,950	3d 4½s	97.68	97.46	97.50
80	Interb Con pf	17¾	16¼	16¼	7,400	4th 4½s	96.22	96.02	96.04
20	Kenn Cop	33¾	32¾	32¾					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,900	†Aetna Expl	7¼	6¼	7	3,000	Marc of Am	4½	4	4
300	B-Am Tob cp	25	24¾	25	300	N Am P & P	2¾	2½	2¾
1,400	Chev Motor	135	132	135	4,700	Perfect Tire	¾	¾	¾
2,400	†Dicto Prod	8¼	8¼	8¼	3,000	†Smith M T	¼	¼	¼
300	†GenMsdbwi	79	79	79	4,500	Sub B v t c	11¾	10½	11¾
7,400	†Gen m rts	2¼	1¾	2	3,500	†Un Motors	35	33¾	35
650	†Gil Safety Rlld	109	103	103	3,500	U S B Co	6	4¾	5
900	Hupp M Car	4¾	4¾	4¾	1,500	Wayne Coal	4½	4¼	4¼
300	Intercon Rub	10¾	10¾	10¾	800	†W-Martin A	4	3¾	3¾
14,300	Key T & R	45¾	43¾	45					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

350	†Ohio Oil Co	335	320	330	200	†S O, (Cal)	280	268	268
700	Penn-Mex Oil	85	83	83	275	†S O, (N J)	705	690	690
300	†PrairieOil	690	650	650	300	†S O, (N Y)	320	313	319

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

700	†Barn O 'd G	¾	¾	¾	5,000	†N W Oil	53	49	52
3,000	†Cos & Co	7¾	6¾	6¾	6,900	Okla P & R	10¾	9¾	10¾
400	†Elk B Pet	6	6	6	2,000	†Omar O & G	23	22	22
12,600	†Esmer Oil	6	5	6¼	4,800	†Queen Oil	18	17	18
2,300	†Federal Oil	21¼	19¾	19¾	5,000	†Roy D, new	72¾	70¾	72¾
7,500	†Glenrock Oil	4¼	4	4¼	1,000	†Sap O & R	7¾	7	7¾
900	†Houston Oil	73	70	70¾	4,500	Sec P & R	½	½	½
1,100	†Inter Pet	17¾	16¾	17½	300	Seg O & R	½	½	½
13,500	†Isl'd O & T	6¾	6¾	6¾	2,500	†Simi 'Guil	21	22	22¾
5,100	†Kinnova Oil	15	13	15	700	†Southw Oil	39	39	39
500	†Merritt Oil	24	23¼	23¾	1,200	†Stanton Oil	1¾	1½	1¾
6,000	Met Petrol	3¾	3¼	3¾	900	†Tex O & R	22	20	21
2,500	†Midw Oil	116	113	115	400	†Victoria Oil, new stock	3½	2½	2½
4,500	‡ Do pf	1½	1¼	1¼					

MINING STOCKS.

2,600	†Alaska-Brit Col Metals	50	50	50	2,500	†Kewanaa	7½	7	7½
100	††America	90	90	90	1,000	†Liberty Sil (a proe)	56	50	51
3,300	††Atlanta	5½	5	5½	15,000	†Lone Star	8½	7½	8
1,100	Big Ledge	½	½	½	300	Mason Val	2¾	2¾	2¾
200	††Booth	18	16	16	700	††Moth Lode	34	34	34
1,200	†Bos & Mon	54	53	54	3,300	†Nixon Nev	42	40	40
800	Butte-N Y	¾	¾	¾	500	†Onondaga	3½	3½	3½
3,600	††Caledonia	28	28	28	300	†Ray Hercu	3½	3	3
2,000	Canada Cop	2	2	2	100	Seneca Cop	15¼	15¼	15¼
1,500	††Candelaria	53	53	53	2,300	†SilverCanon	70	60	60
2,500	†Cashboy	8	7¼	8	4,500	†Stewart	16	16	16
600	†Cerbat Sil	1¾	1¼	1¼	5,700	Ton Exten	2½	2	2¼
1,800	Con Copper	6¾	6	6¾	836	Un Eastern	4½	4¼	4¾
1,200	Cresson Con	5	4¾	5	4,000	†W M & M	26	25	26
700	††Eureka-Croe	1¼	1¼	1¼	600	†W E Cons	1¼	1¼	1¼
675	First Nat Cop	1¾	1¾	2	6,000	†W U Ext. (a pros.)	17	14	15
375	Hecla Mining	4¾	4¾	4¾	3,800	†Wh Caps M	11	10	10¾
500	Howe Sound v t cffs	4	4	4	300	†W K Cp pf	¾	¾	¾
600	††Jim Butler	35	35	35					

BONDS.

$8,000	‡Am Tob 7s, 1922	102¼	102¼	102¾	$5,000	‡Ligg & M 6s, 1

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ANACONDA BONDS OFFERED.

$25,000,000 Issue of Ten-Year 6 Per Cents on Market.

An offering of $25,000,000 Anaconda Copper Mining Company Series A 6 per cent. ten-year secured gold bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1919, and due Jan. 1, 1929, has been announced by the National City Company and the Guaranty Trust Company as joint managers of the syndicate which purchased the bonds. They are being offered at 98¼ and interest, netting close to 6¼ per cent. This is half of an authorized issue of $50,000,000. The bonds are a direct obligation of the company and are additionally secured by specific pledge with the trustee of stocks of constituent companies, valued in excess of $100,000,000. They also are the only funded debt of the company and will not be subject to redemption before their maturity.

The announcement that such a substantial offering of bonds of an industrial concern came as a complete surprise to the financial district yesterday as there have been no intimations that the Anaconda Copper Mining Company desired to obtain new funds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used to further equip the properties of the Andes Copper Mining Company and the Santiago Mining Company and to replace in the company's treasury part of earnings which have already been invested.

In his letter to stockholders John D. Ryan, Chairman of the Board of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, in commenting on the new issue said that the method of financing decided upon was adopted for two reasons, first, because it was considered more advisable to raise the funds by loan which could be largely repaid from the earnings of the property than to add permanently to the capitalization, and, secondly, because to continue to finance from earnings, the requirements of the Andes and Santiago companies, properly chargeable to capital account, would place too heavy a burden on the shareholders.

For the last five years, and nine months of 1918 estimated, earnings of the Anaconda Company, after payment of interest, but before depreciation charges, were $165,000,981, while in the same period the company has declared dividends amounting to $82,373,481, thereby showing that about half of the earnings have been declared in dividends. Fixed assets of the company show an increase of $39,209,457 during the last five and a part years. The company has outstanding, in addition to the bonds, $116,562,500 capital stock which at recent market quotations would show an equity of more than $139,000,000 over and above the new issue.

To Operate Bosch Magneto Co.

Hornblower & Weeks are preparing to underwrite a new concern which will take over the assets and property of the Bosch Magneto Company of Springfield, Mass. This property was sold recently by order of Alien Property Custodian Palmer, and was bid in by Hornblower & Weeks, who were acting for a client, the identity of whom has not thus far been disclosed.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Hale & Norcross	.01
Alta	.02	Jacket	.03
Andes	.02	Mexican	.01
Best & Belcher	.04	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.02
Caledonia	.01	Overman	.01
Challenge Con.	.12	Savage	.03
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.08
Con. Virginia	.06	Union Con.	.03
Gould & Curry	.03	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.		Booth	.12
Belmont	2.50	Florence	.14
Cash Boy	.07	Goldfield Cons.	.25
Gold Zone	.18	Goldfield Merger	.06
Halifax	.18	Great Bend	.04
Jim Butler	.38	Jumbo Exten.	.18
McNamara	.38	Kewanaa	.07
Midway	.12	Lone Star	.07
Mizpah	.68	Silver Pick	.06
Monarch Pitts	.07	Spearhead	.18
Montana	.18	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.06	Manhattan Cons.	.04
Rescue	.68	Nevada Hills	.44
Tonopah Divide	2.60	Packard	.12
Tonopah Exten.	2.00	Rochester	.37
West End	2.25	Round Mountain	.24
West Tonopah	.17	United Eastern	4.25
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.10
Atlanta	.06		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid	Asked.		Bid	Asked.
Cresson	5	5½	Isabella	6¾	7¼
Dr. Pepot	4¼	5	McKinney	9	9½
Elkton	5¼	7	Portland	100	110
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	15	16
Golden Cr.	122	125	Vindicator	42	50
Gravlite	12¾	23	Rose Nicol	12¾	13¾

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	1.43	1.40¾	1.41¼	1.42¾	1.27
March	1.38	1.34½	1.35¼	1.35¾	
May	1.35¾	1.34½	1.35¼	1.35¾	1.25¾

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	.69	.68	.68¾	.68¾	
March	.69¾	.69¼	.69¾	.69¾	.78¾
May	.70¾	.69¾	.69¾	.70¾	.76¾

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 78½c: No. 2 white, 78½c; No. 3 white, 78c; No. 4 white, 77@77½c; ordinary slipped, 78@79c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	23.85	23.60	23.62	23.50	23.65
May	24.42	24.00	24.00	24.02	24.05
Ribs—					
January	25.87	25.50	25.87	25.87	23.50
May	24.25	23.85	23.87	23.85	24.00
Pork—					
January	48.00	47.25	47.25	47.75	45.30
May	43.40	43.15	43.32	43.50	44.87

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	16.05	15.75	16.00	15.75
July	16.00	15.65	15.95	16.05
September	15.80	15.55	15.80	15.55
December	15.60	15.25	15.60	15.15

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	1.61	1.61	1.61

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts, two days: 7,315 pkgs. Light offerings of the finer grades of fresh creamery and a somewhat stronger market for such. Medium qualities moving out pretty well and sympathize a little in the improvement. Deliveries were very slow today owing to the freight handlers' strike. Other kinds unchanged. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 69¼@70c; extras, 92 score, 69c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 64@68c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 59@63c; lower grades, 53@58c; unsalted, higher than extras, 71¼@72c; extras, 70¼@71c; firsts, 69¼@70c; seconds, 66@68c; State dairy tubs, good to prime, 63@66c; common to fair, 52@62c; renovated, extras, 53@54c; firsts, 50@52c; lower grades, 43@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 47@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 44@45c; seconds, 43c; lower grades, 41@42½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 42½@43c; No. 2, 41½c; lower grades, 36@40½c.

EGGS.—Receipts, two days: 10,259 cases, not including 753 cases for export. A strike of freight handlers is interfering with the delivery of stock coming in today, but most receivers have an ample supply on hand. A good deal of the stock in store, however, is held off the market under shippers' limits and a cold wave in the West is increasing the speculative disposition to some extent. There is a fair trade in progress and on the sales reported some advance in quotations is necessary, but the tone of the market, while firm at the moment, would be very sensitive to a freer offering of stock on hand and the outlook is uncertain. Storage eggs still wanted beyond the supply available at moderate price, such as generally can be obtained under Food Administration regulations. Nearby white eggs are quiet, and, most of the offerings being of mixed quality, are moving very slowly at a wide range of prices. Strictly fancy, selected, large, new laid stock is comparatively scarce, and for such values are sustained. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 68c; extra, firsts, 66@67c; firsts, 64@65c; seconds and poorer, 60@63c; dirties, No. 1, 53@57c; No. 2 and poorer, 50@55c; checks, good to choice, dry, 47@49c; under grades, 42@46c; refrigerator, 40@54c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 82@85c; ordinary to prime, 70@80c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 70@82c; pullet whites, 69@72c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 85c; lower grades, 75@80c; pullets, 69@70c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 68@78c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery browns, 70@72c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 64@68c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Rain or snow Fri.; fair and colder Sat.

Fla.—Rain and colder Fri.; fair and colder Sat.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair and cold Fri. and Sat.

Tenn.—Snow Fri.; fair and cold Sat.

Ky. and Ind.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Ohio—Fair Fri.; snow and colder Sat.

Mich.—Snow flurries and colder Fri. and Sat.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Rec.
Am. Cigar	2	—	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
General Motors	3	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do. pf.	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do. deb.	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Harriman Nat. Bk.	5	SA	Jan. 2	...
Gt. Lakes T. Com.pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 31

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Nov. gross	$176,888	$168,053	$8,836
Def. aft. tax	74,809	†39,448	114,239
Net oper. def.	77,124	†71,107	148,231
11 mos. gross	2,039,788	1,623,933	429,875
Def. aft. tax	25,382	†254,493	221,490
Net. oper. inc.	106,262	717,197	*830,937

DETROIT & MACKINAC—

Nov. gross	108,396	106,422	2,074
Def. aft. tax	39,715	†1,715	37,493
Net oper. def.	90,290	72,896	90,128
11 mos. gross	1,397,198	1,237,311	159,883
Def. aft. tax	41,045	†169,957	210,912
Net oper. inc.	24,194	†233,699	*228,795

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

Nov. gross	326,846	231,348	95,698
Def. aft. tax	91,298	39,817	54,479
Net oper. def.	116,802	47,784	69,018
11 mos. gross	3,090,747	2,702,639	388,087
Def. aft. tax	411,869	†208,927	618,797
Net oper. def.	609,461	†47,413	656,874

GULF, MOBILE & NORTHERN—

Nov. gross	211,219	199,673	11,546
Def. aft. tax	33,453	†46,666	*82,106
Net oper. def.	30,967	†96,622	*96,989
11 mos. gross	2,198,940	2,142,442	56,498
Bal. aft. tax	190,528	592,311	*401,783
Net oper. inc.	27,704	†48,278	*515,577

MAINE CENTRAL—

Nov. gross	1,447,229	1,130,226	317,003
Def. aft. tax	21,527	†158,648	177,175
Net oper. def.	19,281	†163,320	182,701
11 mos. gross	14,983,764	13,000,393	1,983,371
Def. aft. tax	52,158	†2,667,982	2,720,090
Net oper. def.	234,128	2,683,751	2,917,879

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—

Nov. gross	1,006,803	939,570	67,233
Def. aft. tax	27,551	†151,663	179,214
Net op. def.	27,907	†180,770	208,727
11 mos. gross	10,960,075	9,971,366	989,209
Bal. aft. tax	64,359	2,293,494	*2,109,235
Net op. inc.	282,861	2,177,013	*1,894,153

NEW ORLEANS, TEXAS & MEXICO—

Nov. gross	148,980	171,806	*22,726
Def. aft. tax	4,854	†72,480	†77,334
Net op. inc.	2,855	†7,499	*†4,644
11 mos. gross	1,787,589	1,331,180	456,710
Bal. aft. tax	339,803	418,480	*78,677
Net op. inc.	473,786	670,984	*92,198

TEXAS & PACIFIC—

Nov. gross	2,602,890	2,174,886	428,003
Bal. aft. tax	384,220	607,483	*223,263
Net op. inc.	295,057	558,177	*263,120
11 mos. gross	24,241,738	20,272,236	3,969,502
Bal. aft. tax	3,897,162	5,231,132	*1,333,970
Net op. inc.	3,424,335	4,915,637	*1,491,302

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL—

Nov. gross	730,464	700,950	*29,486
Def. aft. tax	70,811	†107,976	178,787
Net op. def.	85,323	†76,685	162,008
11 mos. gross	9,050,777	7,504,984	1,545,793
Bal. aft. tax	572,447	1,694,307	*1,081,860
Net op. inc.	580,799	1,549,832	*969,033

WESTERN PACIFIC—

Nov. gross	760,121	797,188	*37,067
Bal. aft. tax	160,522	172,789	*72,267
Net op. inc.	116,659	163,912	*47,253
11 mos. gross	10,174,320	9,010,647	1,154,673
Bal. aft. tax	2,722,151	2,938,536	*216,386
Net op. inc.	2,716,230	2,746,311	*30,081

*Decrease. †Income.

Public Utilities.

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Oct. gross	$173,235	$181,128	$7,893
Net aft. tax	4,102	45,889	41,787
Sur. aft. chgs.	*40,933	3,572	44,505
10 mos. gross	1,775,304	1,819,988	44,684
Net aft. tax	245,238	518,806	273,568
Sur. aft. chgs.	*188,809	95,617	281,815

*Deficit.

HUDSON & MANHATTAN—

Oct. gross	397,571	393,500	6,129
Net aft. tax	202,467	267,556	65,089
Net income	198,517	263,232	64,715
10 mos. gross	4,007,905	3,617,215	*390,690
Net aft. tax	2,357,060	2,534,573	176,604
Net income	2,138,238	2,494,289	175,951

*Increase.

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Nov. gross	3,455,687	3,454,687	3,451,757
Net aft. tax	1,090,619	1,554,618	1,876,578
Total inc.	1,776,967	1,782,300	1,939,815
Sur. aft. chg.	238,522	695,035	934,292
5 mos. gross	16,170,935	15,928,067	15,388,778
Net aft. tax	4,730,496	6,969,407	7,950,900
Total inc.	7,670,446	8,143,881	8,236,445
Sur. aft. chg.	493,963	2,785,798	3,261,804

LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC SYSTEM—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Oct. gross	176,118	142,340	33,777
Net aft. tax	35,100	34,845	255
Def. aft. chgs.	722	476	246
10 mos. gross	1,809,869	1,475,625	334,243
Net aft. tax	508,227	476,207	30,120
Sur. aft. chgs.	145,215	126,359	18,856

THE NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION & LIGHT CO.—

12 mos. gross	7,602,689	6,295,583	797,086
Net aft. tax	2,383,821	2,373,799	10,181
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,215,573	1,415,458	*200,084

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

CANADIAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO., LTD., and CANADIAN STEEL FOUNDRIES, LTD., and other associated companies, for the year ended Sept. 30—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Net earn.	$4,617,390	$2,572,884	$1,392,105
Depreciation	711,563	467,816	356,000
Interest	653,219	692,265	588,849
Net profit	*3,252,608	1,413,069	353,256
Pf. divs.	262,500		
Surplus	2,990,108	1,413,069	353,256
Prev. surp.	2,840,063	1,427,054	1,073,798
P. & L. surp.	5,830,171	2,840,063	1,427,054

*Subject to Government taxes.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., sales for December—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Dec. sales	22,364,842	18,864,372	3,500,470
12 mos.	196,832,074	172,568,223	30,354,851

COUPONS DUE JANUARY 1st

NOTICE: Holders of the interest coupons due Jan. 1st of the following MUNICIPAL, COUNTY and SCHOOL BONDS, purchased and sold by us, are notified that the same are EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES. Under the rulings of the Treasury Department, certificates of ownership are not required, and individuals may entirely disregard this income in making up their tax schedules.

Albemarle, N. C., Municipal 5½'s ('10).
Alva, Okla., Water 6's ('33).
Anadarko, Okla., Sewer 6's ('10).
Anadarko, Okla., Municipal 5½'s ('09).
Augusta, Kans., Water 5's ('06).
Bamberg, S. C., Water 5½'s ('09).
Bartlesville, Okla., School 5's ('04).
Bartlesville, Okla., Bd. of Educ. 5's ('08).
Bartlesville, Okla., Bd. of Educ. 5's ('09).
Batesburg, S. C., Water & Light 5's ('04).
Bay Co., Fla., Road 5's ('17).
Beckham, Co., Okla., S. D. No. 51 6's ('09).
Beckham Co., Okla., C. H. & Jail 5s ('10).
Big Stone Gap, Va., Municipal 5's ('10).
Bellevue, Ohio, Fire Department 6's ('18).
Bisbee, Ariz., Water and Street 6's ('09).
Blackfoot, Idaho, Municipal 6's ('09).
Blackfoot, Idaho, Funding 5½'s ('12).
Blackstone, Va., Municipal 5's ('09).
Blackwell, Okla., Water 5½'s ('02).
Blount Co., Ala., Road 5's ('13).
Bowersville, Ga., School 5's ('09).
Brookhaven, Miss., School 5½'s ('09).
Brookhaven, Miss., Street Imp. 5½'s ('14).
Buhl, Idaho, Sewer 6's ('11).
Campbell Co., Tenn., School 5's ('15).
Caney, Kans., Board of Educ. 4½'s ('05).
Caney, Kans., Water 6's ('02).
Canadian Co., Okla., S. D. No. 57 6's ('11).
Carter Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 36 6's ('08).
Carthage, S. D., Ind. School Dist. 5's ('09).
Chanute, Kans., Board of Educ. 4½'s ('04).
Charlotte, N. C., Funding 4½'s ('07).
Charlotte Co., Va., Road 5's ('05).
Cherryvale, Kans., Board of Educ. 5's ('08).
Cherryvale, Kans., Funding 5's ('09).
Chickasaw Co., Miss., Ct. House 5's ('09).
Claremore, Okla., Funding 6's ('08).
Clay Co., Kans., Refunding 5's ('09).
Clearwater, Fla., Park 5's ('17).
Coahoma Co., Miss., Rd. & Bridge 6's ('14).
Coffeyville, Kans., Board of Educ. 5's ('03).
Columbia, Miss., School 6's ('18).
Concord, N. C., School 5's ('14).
Cook Co., Ill., School Dist. No. 155 5's ('11).
Cornell, Wis., Water and Sewer 5½'s ('16).
Corvallis, Ore., Municipal 5's ('10).
Covington Co., Miss., S.D. No.2 Rd. 6's ('14).
Covington Co., Miss., Rd. & Bdge. 5's ('09).
Covington Co., Miss., Road 6's ('15).
Coweta, Okla., Water 6's ('09).
Craig Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 27 5's ('09).
Craig Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 20 5's ('09).
Custer Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 73 6's ('03).
Custer Co., Mont., Refunding 4½'s ('11).
Dade Co., Fla., School Dist. No. 13 6's ('14).
DeFuniak Springs, Fla., Water 5's ('06).
DeFuniak Springs, Fla., Municipal 5's ('09).
Dona Ana Co., N. M., S. D. No. 2 6's ('04).
Dona Ana Co., N. M., S. D. No. 6 6's ('10).
Dona Ana Co., N. M., S. D. No. 12 6's ('10).
Douglas, Ariz., Sewer 6's ('07).
Douglas Co., Kans., Br. & Refd. 4½'s ('04).
Dresden, Tenn., Water Works 6's ('10).
East St. Louis, Ill., Board of Educ. 5's ('15).
Ellis Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 70 6's ('09).
Elmore Co., Ala., Road 5's ('31).
Emmett, Idaho, Water 6's ('08).
Emporia, Kans., Board of Educ. 4½'s ('09).
Enterprise, Ore., Water 5's ('09).
Eureka, Kans., Board of Educ. 4½'s ('09).
Fairfax, Okla., School District 6's ('09).
Fall River Co., S. D. Funding 6's ('15).
Fort Lauderdale, Fla., Sch. Dist. 6's ('14).
Fort Lauderdale, Fla., W. & F. 6's ('14).
Fort Scott, Kans., Bd. of Educ. 4½'s ('04).
Franklin Co., Ill., Sch. Dist. No. 72 5's ('10).
Frederick, Okla., Water and Sewer 6's ('07).
Galena, Kans., Board of Educ. 5's ('03).
Garvin Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 2 5's ('08).
George Co., Miss., Road 5's ('12).
Glasgow, Mont., Water 5½'s ('09).
Gooding Co., Idaho, Fdg. & Refdg. 6's ('13).
Granite Co., Mont., Court House 4½'s ('12).
Grant Co., Okla., S. D. No. 107 6's ('10).
Greene Co., Tenn., Road 5's ('13).
Greenaboro, Ala., Street Imp. 6's ('09).
Greer Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 18 6's ('05).
Greer Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 12 6's ('03).
Guthrie, Okla., Water and Street 5's ('07).
Hancock, Mich., Funding 6's ('07).
Harding Co., S. D., School Dist. 6's ('15).
Henderson, Tenn., Funding 6's ('17).
Hickory, N. C., Street Imp. 5's ('11).
Highland Park, Ill., School 4½'s ('09).
Highland Park, Va., School 5's ('09).
Hobart, Okla., Board of Education 6's ('02).
Hoisington, Kans., Board of Educ. 5's ('11).
Hominy, Okla., Water and Sewer 6's ('10).
Houston, Miss., Funding 6's ('08).
Idaho Falls, Idaho, Electric Light 6s ('02).
Idaho Falls, Idaho, Water & Light 6's ('10).
Indianola, Miss., Street 5½'s ('09).
Iola, Kans., Board of Educ. 5's ('01).
Iuka, Miss., School and Water 6's ('08).
Iva, S. C., School District 6's ('09).
Jellico, Tenn., Water and Sewer 5½'s ('11).
Jellico, Tenn., School 6's ('13).
Johnson Co., Okla., S. D. No. 37 6's ('09).
Kansas City, Kans., Bd. of Educ. 4½'s ('06).
Kemper Co., Miss., C. H. & Road 6's ('13).
Kemper Co., Miss., S. D. No. 1 5½'s ('16).
Kemper Co., Miss., S. D. No. 5 5½'s ('16).
Kent Co., Mich., County Road 4½'s ('15).
Kewanee, Ill., School 5s.
Kingfisher, Okla., Board of Educ. 5's ('10).
Kingfisher, Okla., Water 5's ('05).
Koochiching Co., Minn., 5's ('13).
Koochiching Co., Minn., 5½'s ('15).
LaHarpe, Kan., School District 5's ('04).
Lamar Co., Miss., Bridge 5½'s ('13).
Lamar Co., Miss., C. H. and Road 5's ('05).
Lawton, Okla., Water 5's ('07).
Lexington, Tenn., Water & Light 6's ('12).
Lincolnton, N. C., Water & Sewer 5's ('04).
Louisburg, N. C., Funding 6's ('17).
Louisa Co., Va., Court House 5's ('04).
Lumberton, N. C., Refunding 5½'s ('08).
Lumberton, N. C., School 5½'s ('07).
Mackinac Co., Mich., Road 5's ('14).
Macon, Miss., Water 5's ('09).
Madill, Okla., Water Ext. 6's ('17).
Madison Co., Ida., Rd. & Bridge 5½'s ('14).
Madison, S. D., Board of Educ. 4½'s ('02).
Marshall, Mo., Water 4½'s ('04).
Mayes Co., Okla., Sch. Dist. No. 6 6's ('08).
McLean Co., Ill., S. D. No. 155 5's ('13).
Medford, Ore., Water 5's ('08).
Medford, Wis., 5's ('11).
Meridian, Idaho, Municipal 6's ('12).
Mineo, Okla., Water 6's ('09).
Minidoka Co., Idaho, Refunding 6's ('13).
Morganton, N. C., School 5's ('05).
Morehead City, N. C., Refunding 5½'s ('16).
Moultrie, Ga., School 5's ('04).
Murray Co., Okla., S. D. No. 10 5½'s ('08).
Musselshell Co., Mont., Refunding 5's ('12).
New Albany, Miss., Municipal 6's ('15).
New Cordele, Okla., Water 6's ('15).
New Hanover Co., N. C., School 5's ('18).
Newton, Miss., Water 6's ('09).
Norfolk Co., Va., S. D. No. 6 4½s, ('06).
Norman, Okla., Board of Educ. 5's ('09).
Norman, Okla., Sewer 5's ('10).
Norman Twp., Mich., Road 5's ('16).
Nowata, Okla., City Hall 5½'s ('11).
Nowata Co., Okla., S. D. No. 22 6's ('09).
Oklahoma City, Bd. of Educ. 4's ('03).
Oklahoma City, Bd. of Educ. 4½'s ('09).
Olathe, Kans., School 4½'s ('09).
Ottawa, Kans., Refunding 4½'s ('02).
Ottawa Co., Okla., S. D. No. 23 6's ('08).
Pascagoula, Miss., School 6's ('08).
Pauls Valley, Okla., City Hall 5's ('09).
Pauls Valley, Okla., Bd. of Educ. 6's ('08).
Pawhuska, Okla., Board of Educ. 6's ('08).
Payette, Idaho, Municipal 5½'s ('12).
Payette, Idaho, Water & Sew. 5½'s ('11).
Perry, Okla., Water 5½'s ('03).
Ponca City, Okla., Wat. & Sew. 5's ('07).
Pond Creek, Okla., Water Wks. 6's ('22).
Poplarville, Miss., Electric Light 6's ('07).
Quincy, Fla., Municipal 5's ('09).
Quitman Co., Miss., Road 5's ('13).
Radcliffe, Ia., Water 4½'s ('01).
Ralston, Okla., Water & Light 6's ('10).
Ramona, Okla., Water 6's ('11).
Republic, Mich., Municipal 5's ('05).
Riceville, Ia., Water 5½'s ('01).
Ringling, Okla., Sewer 6's ('16).
Rosedale, Kans., School 4½'s ('05).
Rosemary, S. C., School District 6's ('15).
Russell Co., Va., C. H. & Jail 4½'s ('05).
Sapulpa, Okla., Water 5's ('09).
Scotts Bluff, Nebr., Water 5's ('09).
Scottville, Mich., Sch. Dist. 5's ('11).
Scottville, Mich., City Hall 4½'s ('16).
Shandon, S. C., School 5's ('09).
Shawnee, Okla., Water 5½'s ('04).
Simpson Co., Miss., Road 5½'s ('13).
South Haven, Mich., City Hall 4½'s ('16).
Sparks, Nev., Sewer 6's ('05).
Stillwell, Okla., Water & Light 6's ('11).
Stone Co., Mo., Funding 5's ('01).
St. Francis Levee District, Ark., 6's ('08).
St. Francis Levee District, Ark., 6's ('05).
St. Francis Levee District, Ark., 5's ('09).
St. Francis Levee District, Ark., 5½'s ('14).
St. Francis Levee District, Ark., 6's ('15).
St. Petersburg, Fla., Municipal 6's ('14).
Tarpon Springs, Fla., Municipal 6's ('14).
Tecumseh, Okla., Water 5's ('06).
Tecumseh, Okla., Board of Educ. 5½'s ('08).
Thompsonville, Mich., Wat. & Lt. 6's ('09).
Toledo, Ill., Water 6's ('09).
Tulsa, Okla., School 5's ('05).
Union Co., N. M., C. H. & Jail 6's ('09).
Vermilion Co., Ill., S. D. No. 118 4's ('02).
Vermilion Co., Ill., S. D. No. 137 5's ('10).
Vermilion Co., Ill., S. D. No. 137 5's ('15).
Wagoner, Okla., School 5's ('03).
Wagoner, Okla., Water 6's ('06).
Wapanuka, Okla., Wat. & Lt. 5's ('09).
Washington Co., Okla., S. D. 7 5½'s ('09).
Washington Co., Okla., S. D. 4 5½'s ('08).
Washington Co., Okla., S. D. 78 6's ('02).
Wauchula, Fla., School 5's ('09).
West End, Ala., Sch. & Municipal 6's ('01).
Westfield, Ill., Water 5's ('15).
West Palm Beach, Fla., Munic. 5½'s ('15).
White Co., Tenn., Road 5½'s ('17).
Whitefish, Mont., Water 6's ('07).
Wichita, Kans., Board of Educ. 4½'s ('03).
Wilkinson Co., Miss., Road 5½'s ('15).
Winchester, Tenn., Wat. & Lt. 5's ('01).
Winfield, Kans., Municipal 5's ('03).
Wise, Va., School District 5's ('09).
Woodward, Okla., Municipal 6's ('15).

We are offering many Municipal Bonds similar to the above.
If interested, kindly send for our January Circular describing same.

JOHN NUVEEN & CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1898)
BANKERS
MUNICIPAL, COUNTY and SCHOOL BONDS
First National Bank Bldg. CHICAGO

To the Stockholders of Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company

A receiver of all the property of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, having been appointed by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned have, at the request of the holders of a large amount of the company's stock, consented to act as a committee for the protection of the interests of all stockholders who shall become parties to an agreement in course of preparation, which will be dated January 2, 1919.

Stockholders are requested to deposit their certificates of stock with **MERCANTILE TRUST & DEPOSIT COMPANY, 115 BROADWAY,** Borough of Man

SAVINGS BANKS.

The Williamsburgh Savings Bank

Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 20th day of January, 1919, a semi-annual interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum will be paid to all depositors on this bank who on the first day of January, 1919, may be entitled thereto.

Money deposited on or before January 10th, 1919, will draw interest from January 1st.

ANDREW D. BRIED, President.
CHARLES J. PASFIELD, Cashier.
BANK OPEN MONDAY EVE'G, 6 to 9.
Blanks for Opening Accounts by Mail sent upon request.

We Sell WAR SAVINGS and THRIFT STAMPS.

The Bank for Savings

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
280 Fourth Avenue, Cor. 11th, 1918.

199th Semi-Annual Dividend

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1918, at the rate of

Four Per Cent.

per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after January 20th, 1919.

THE DIVIDEND will be credited to Depositors as principal January 1st, 1919.

DEPOSITS made on or before January 10th, 1919, will draw interest from January 1st, 1919.

After January 1st, 1919, Liberty Loan Bonds belonging to Depositors will be received for safe-keeping without charge.

WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
LEWIS B. GAWTRY, Secretary.
WM HARPER, Comptroller.

NWICH SAVINGS BANK

(Incorporated 1833.)

S. L. Cor. 6th Ave. & 16th St., New York.

FOUR PER CENT.

Interest per annum for the six months and three months to January 1, 1919, and payable on and after Jan. 20, 1919.

Deposits made on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1919.

JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treas.
FRANCIS M. BACON, Jr., } Secretaries.
B. OGDEN CHISOLM, }

Union Dime Savings Bank

40th Street and 6th Avenue.

An Interest Dividend (119th consecutive) has been declared at the rate of Three and One-Half Per Cent. per annum, credited Jan. 1, 1919, and payable on and after Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws. Money deposited on or before Jan. 10, 1919, draws interest from Jan. 1, 1919.

Alex. P. W. Kinann, President.
Francis M. Leake, Treasurer.
Frank F. Hazard, Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Dividend Jan. 1st, 1919, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto, under the By-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1ST.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
WALTER R. BRINKERHOFF, Sec'y.

Broadway Savings Institution

134th Semi-Annual Dividend

5 & 7 Park Place, N. Y.

4% PER ANNUM

payable on and after Jan. 20th, 1919.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1919.

M. F. Hutchinson, Pres. L. F. Ferris, Secy.

DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A dividend of 50c. per share has been declared by the Directors of THE INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, LIMITED, and that the same will be payable on or after the 31st December, 1918, in respect of the shares specified in any Bearer Share Warrants of the Company, upon presentation and delivery of Coupons No. 2 attached to the said Bearer Share Warrants at the following banks: The Royal Bank of Canada, 60 Church Street, Toronto, Canada; The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, 16-22 William Street, New York; The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., Ltd., 28 Old Broad St., London, England, or at the offices of the International Petroleum Company, Limited, 5d Church St., Toronto, Canada. Payment to shareholders of record whose shares are duly lodged up at the above offices on the 30th December, 1918, and whose shares are represented by registered Certificates will be made by check mailed from the offices of the Company on the 31st day of December, 1918.

Compania Swift Internacional

Dividend Notice No. 1

The Board of Directors of Compania Swift Internacional on December 28, 1918, declared an interim dividend of $1.20 gold per share—being 8%—payable February 20, 1919, to shareholders of record January 11, 1919, and the Company has stated its policy will be to pay semi-annual dividends. Checks will be mailed to holders of record of certificates of deposit for such stock.

FIRST TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, Chicago. Depositary.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 78

A quarterly dividend of two per cent. (two dollars per share) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable on January 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 20, 1918.

JOHN W. DAMON, Treasurer.

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
January 2, 1919.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five per centum, payable on or after January 3, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 3, 1919.

O. H. HARRIMAN, Cashier.

December 23rd, 1918.

SUPERIOR STEEL CORPORATION

At the regular meeting of the Directors of the Superior Steel Corporation a quarterly dividend of 2% was declared on the second preferred stock, payable February 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record February 1st, 1919.

C. H. FORSTER, Secretary.

AMERICAN ICE COMPANY

25 Exchange Place,
Jersey City, N. J.

December 31, 1918.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a quarterly dividend of One and One-quarter Per Cent. (1¼%) upon the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company was declared, payable on January 25, 1919, to stockholders of record at close of business January 17, 1919.

HENRY C. HARRISON, Secretary.

REALTY ASSOCIATES.

163 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dividend No. 20.

The Board of Directors has this day declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3% on the capital stock of the Company, payable Jan. 15, 1919, to stockholders of record for the fiscal year to stockholders of record at the close of business, 3 P. M., Saturday, Jan. 4, 1919. AUGUSTUS HARRIS, Treas.

Jan. 2, 1919.

UNITED STATES RUBBER CO.

1,700 Broadway, New York, January 2, 1919.

The Board of Directors of the United States Rubber Company has this day declared from its net profits a quarterly dividend of Two per cent. (2%) on the First Preferred Stock of the Company, to Stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on Wednesday, January 15th, 1919, payable without closing of the Transfer Books, January 23rd, 1919.

JOHN W. G. PARSONS, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of H. C. F. Koch & Co., Inc., will be held at the offices of the company, No. 522 West 232d Street, New York City, on Tuesday, Jan. 14th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon.

A. W. KOCH, Secretary.

TO OVERSEE STOCK ISSUES.

Capital Issues Committee Soon to Present Plan to Glass.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The Capital Issues Committee is soon to present to Secretary Glass a plan of Government supervision of stock promotion prospectuses to insure the accuracy and completeness of their statements. Administration would be left to a Treasury agency, working through the Federal Reserve Board.

The proposed system would affect only such stock issues as were interstate transactions. Bonds would not be supervised, as officials hold the danger of fraud in connection with bond issues is minimized by the necessity of basing bonds on property liens.

Enforcement would be provided by fines for each day on which promoters operated without having obtained official approval of the prospectus.

Scores of reports, received by the Capital Issues Committee since it announced its intention of closing its operations, show that hundreds of promotion schemes of a questionable nature have developed to gather large quantities of Liberty bonds in exchange for speculative securities.

Swiss Exports to Us Decline.

BERNE, Jan. 2, (By The Associated Press.)—Exportation of swiss embroidery to the United States dropped in value last year to 5,500,000 francs, as against 15,750,000 francs in 1917 and 92,500,000 francs in the record year—1907. The total of Swiss exports to America were reduced in 1918 to nearly half those of the preceding year.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Central Union Trust Company of New York, for the election of ten Trustees of said Company of the class of 1922, and three Inspectors of the next succeeding election, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 54 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Thursday, January 9, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon January 11th, 1919, until 10 o'clock A. M. January 15, 1919.

J. F. BOURKE, Cashier.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Bank of Cuba in New York will be held at the office of the Bank, No. 24 Wall Street, January 14, 1919, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, of determining whether the number of Directors of the Bank shall be increased from five to seven, and accordingly amending the organization certificate of the Bank, and of considering and acting upon such other matters as may come before the meeting, including amendment of the by-laws of the Bank.

Dated, New York City, December 30, 1918.

W. A. MERCHANT, Secretary.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of Lincoln Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 206 Fifth Avenue, New York, on Wednesday, January 8th, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Polls will remain open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock noon.

The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. December 28th, 1918, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on January 9th, 1919.

FREDERIC P. DAVIS, Secretary.

THE MUTUAL BANK

New York, December 28th, 1918.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Mutual Bank for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the Bank, No. 49-51 West 33d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 14th day of January, 1919, at three o'clock P. M.

At this meeting it is proposed to consider and act upon a resolution decreasing the number of directors of the Bank from fourteen to eleven.

HUGH N. KIRKLAND, Cashier.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY.

New York, December 30, 1918.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Columbia Trust Company for the election of a Board of Directors and two Inspectors of Election, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 60 Broadway (Cor. Rector), New York, at 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 15th day of January, 1919. The polls will be open from 12 M. until 1 P. M.

L. W. WIGGIN, Secretary.

To the Stockholders of Hoggson Brothers:

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of Hoggson Brothers will be held at the office of the company No. 453 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 13th day of January, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing nine directors for the ensuing year, and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

R. PEARCE, Secretary.

New York, December 23, 1918.

Garfield National Bank

New York, December 31, 1918.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business which may be brought before the said meeting will be held at the banking house, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, on Tuesday, January 14, 1919, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 12 M.

A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

UNITED STATES SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS for the election of Directors of the Company and for Inspectors of Election will be held at the office of the United States Safe Deposit Company, No. 45 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919. The polls will be opened at twelve o'clock noon. Transfer books will close on January 3rd, 1919, and open on January 15th, 1919.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, December 12, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, 2 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 14, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M. Alfred H. Wiggin,

Vice President.

G. R. KINNEY CO., INC.

New York, Jan. 3d, 1919.

The annnual meeting of the stockholders of G. R. Kinney Co., Inc., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held at the office of the Co., No. 233 Broadway, in the City of N. Y., Boro. of Manhattan, on the 17th day of January, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon.

G. R. KINNEY, President.
F. S. WOODFORD, Secretary.

MADISON SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Madison Safe Deposit Company will be held at the office of the company, 204 Fifth Avenue, New York, on Wednesday, January 8th, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Polls will remain open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 11 o'clock A. M.

ARNOLD F. SCHMITT, Secretary.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York, December 30th, 1918.

The Annual Election of Directors and Inspectors of Election of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nos. 44 & 46 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919. The polls will be opened at 1 o'clock P. M., and will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from January 11th to January 15th, inclusive.

WM. M. BENNET, Cashier.

United States Trust Company of New York.

49 Wall Street, Dec. 20, 1918.

At elections for trustees to supply the places of those whose term of office expires, and for inspectors of the said election ensuing thereafter, will be held at the office of this Company, on Monday, the 13th day of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WILFRID J. WORCESTER, Sec'y.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK Holders of the Bordenwood Steel & Tube Corporation will be held on Thursday, January 16th, at 10 A. M., at their office, 34th Street and Broadway, Long Island City, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and such other matters of business that may properly come before them.

(Signed) V. P. JACKSON, Sec'y.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stock holders of the Caribbean Steamship Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's office, No. 17 State Street, New York City, on January 14th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon.

E. V. GULBERSON, Secretary.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

10 Cents per word each insertion.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at coats and suits, snappy styles. 54 West 24th St., fourth floor.

COATS AND CAPES Wanted.—Only stylish and attractive of the better line. 1,133 Broadway, 10th floor, 26th St. entrance.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples of better grade. 9th floor, 22 West 30th.

COATS AND CAPES Wanted.—Jobber looking at coats and capes, better line. 159 West 25th, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders on misses' and ladies' coats. 5th floor, 46 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats of better grade. 134 West 26th St., 6th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better grade. Sixth floor, 32 East 31st St.

CHAVENETTE CLOTH Wanted. I. Zelikow & Son, 19 West 24th. Farragut 2041.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—Three thread, large quantity; must be very cheap. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 151 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing rush orders on satin taffeta, georgette, triccolette, trisotine, jersey, and party dresses; samples mornings, 9-12. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders on new fall and dressy; silks and georgettes. 9 to 3 P. M., Room 615, 231 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for cash, jobs any quantity, serge or satin dresses; samples mornings, 9-12. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serge dresses. Call 38 West 18th, 8th floor.

FURS Wanted.—Nutria and black opossum shawl collars and cuffs; any quantity for cash. Morris Nagel & Co., 105 Madison Av.

GABARDINES and Polret Twills Wanted in tan shades. Call Mr. Rosenfield, Madison Square 6940.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Serges, velour, poplins in high shades. Farragut 3030.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Any quantities, suitable for dresses; spot cash. Biberman Bros., 209 5th Av.

GINGHAMS and Percales Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

MESSALINE Wanted in black and navy; good quality. Madison Square 3811.

NAINSOOK Wanted.—6400-5.35 and 7672, combed yarn, 9 yards cloth, for cash. Newmark, 352 4th Av.

PLUSH Wanted.—Ukon, Hudson seal, or similar make. Chelsea 4076.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted.—Reid's, F. & H., Garfield's, and Lorraines, all colors; also 6036 serge. Madison Square 5935.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange navy for black, taupe, tan, Copen, or Pekin, or will buy American 90010. Charlop Bros., 151 West 26th St.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open to buy clay, grey, and Copen 90010 and 90077 American; cash. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d St.

POPLINS Wanted.—American, also gabardine; high shades only. Merit Co., Greeley 11121.

POPLIN Wanted.—6050, Amoskeag, black Glns Bros., 100 West 26th. Farragut 2328.

POPLINS Wanted.—American navy, black, brown, and green, for cash. Chelsea 8549.

POPLIN Wanted.—Copenhagen 4606, Bright, woods, or similar, at price. Mad. Sq. 2718.

POPLINS, American Spring Shades Wanted; also navy. Farragut 3304.

POPLINS Wanted.—Black, Pekin, terra cotta. Chelsea 9065.

REMNANTS OR SECONDS Wanted.—Any quantity, suitable for knee pants; spot cash. Reliance, 130 Bleecker St.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for United States serge 235 or American 0936, at a price. Kary Bros., 45 West 27th St.

SERGES Wanted.—235, 09070, 0636; will pay cash; must be cheap. Farness, Farragut 2069.

SERGES Wanted.—0606, 09070, large quantity, for cash. Madison Square 8160.

SERGES Wanted.—9, 11433, 99, 7120, 1464, for cash. M. Weinstein Co., Mad. Sq. 2639.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity of Botany and Garfield Serges. Chelsea 9356.

SERGES Wanted.—Style 220, 235, 0336, 09070, for cash. Telephone Stuyvesant 801.

SERGES Wanted.—7614 navy; must be cheap; will pay cash. Stuyvesant 2976.

SERGES AND POPLINS Wanted.—09070, 99, 90010, 3366, for cash. Madison Sq. 5671.

SERGES Wanted.—09070 U. S. 235 for cash. Vanderbilt 8507.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 104, 99, 0366, Gramercy 3184.

SERGES Wanted.—Spring jobber looking at better grade. 11 West 20th, 3d floor.

SILKS Wanted.—Shantung; can use 300 pieces; 125 to 130 ounce, 28 to 30 yards; cash. Ausarge Bros. & Co., 857 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted.—Part pieces, plain and fancies, for cash. Madison Square 1303.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden Leonard's, Arthur Joel's Spring colors. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES and Checked Velours Wanted. Zuckerman & Bellsey, 35 East 21st St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on better grade ladies' juniors' and misses' suits and coats. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—A jobber looking at samples of Spring capes and suits; placing orders. Seventh floor, 120 West 30th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at misses' and juniors' suits of the better kind; see Mr. Block, 4th floor, 22 West 32d St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on ladies' Spring suits. Call with samples. Marx, 401 Broadway.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Navy, henna, taupe, brown, 36 inches wide, good quality. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's, Lorraines, and Andrews's, all colors; must be cheap. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINES AND GABARDINES Wanted.—Garfield's, in tan, rookie, navy; quantity; cash. Madison Square 2687.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, navy. Farragut 4864.

VELOUR Wanted.—Lightweights; brick, tan, reindeer, Peking, and navy; any quantity, for cash. D. Heft & Sons, 99 Madison Av. Madison Square 5585.

VELOURS, Tricotines, Gabardines, Poplins Wanted.—All shades. Call 10 o'clock with samples. 225 5th Av., Room 301. Madison Square 1094.

VELOUR Wanted.—032 Brown Pekin, Reindeer; cash. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spring and 8, Navy serges. Leo F. Sturm, 45 West 25th St.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—9084, navy and black. Pyramid, 19 West 21st St.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Suitable for boys' and men's stitched hats; all wool; only one piece or more of a color; to close or regular goods. Kneale & Rohrer, 43 West 38th St.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open for serge and poplin in Pekin shade only. Williamsburg Manufacturing Co., 1,133 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted.—All kinds of mixtures, odds ends; quantities 56 West 22d. Store.

Offerings to Buyers

10 Cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., Botany, all colors; also velours. Farr 5180.

COATINGS.—Beaver, furmosa, sealart and surfurs, and Baffin seal; also high-grade cloths, colours for head, silvertones, Bolivia, broadcloth, and velours, fur trimmed; exceptional values. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d St. Chelsea 7383.

COATS.—High-grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivias, silvertones, Normandies, pom poms, silks, fabrics, Spring line ready for jobbers. Mesertzkey & Stoltzman, 25 West 27th St.

COATS.—Girls', 4 to 14 years; plushes, silvelines, cloths; on racks; quantities, assorted styles; real values. Samuel Lees Ready Made Jobbers, Kenmore, 27 West 20th. Telephone 9748 Chelsea.

COATS.—All wool pom pom, velour and broadcloth, fur and self-trimmed, newest models; immediate delivery; specialized January sales. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—500 snappy coats, velour, heavy silvertone, fur trimmed, plain; must be closed immediately because of expensive alterations. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—To close out at price, junior misses' and ladies'; raccoon, nutria, sealine trimmed; also plush coatees. Rosenzweig, 11 East 31.

COATS.—Scorching 500 cloth and plush, considerably below cost; wonderful chance. World Cloak and Suit Co., 646 Broadway Av.

COATS.—3 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials; close out at sacrifice on account of moving. Book-Mayers, 11 West 20th St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and misses'; also children's; bobbers welcome. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—Several hundred velours and plush coats, also children's coats, to close out at a price. Copeland, 59 West 20th St.

COATS, suits, waists, dresses, skirts; exceptional values January sale; very cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Velour coats, fur trimmed, for sale at $7.75 hat cash. Greenbaum & Co., 36 West 11th St.

COATS.—Cleaning up balance of Fall coats at closing out prices. Cohen-Goldman, 25 West 31st.

COATS.—Plush coats, fur trimmed, $14.50 up; also cloth coats, to close out. Heumann, 18 West 20th.

COATS.—200 velour coats, all lined fur and plush trimmed; cheap, $9 up. B. & R., 24 East 12th St.

Offerings to Buyers

10 Cents per word each insertion.

COATS.—To close out for January sales, fur trimmed, $10 up. Blumenson Co., 5b West 22d.

COATS.—Better grade fur-trimmed, closing out. Louis Baumann Co., 12 East 33d St.

COATS.—Job for trimmed; closes out big selection. Irving, 116 West 29th.

COATS.—Spring line, ready, serges, poplin, velours. Neumann, 15 West 20th.

COTTON GOODS.—Sateens are being sold at the very lowest prices by Nathan & Herman.

COTTON back satin, bright colors, 40 cents per yard. Room 504, 116 Nassau St.

CREPE METEOR CHARMEUSE and American satin, all good quality. Farragut 4812.

DRESSES.—10 newest models, all wool French serge, $5.50; men's wear serge, $6.75-$13.50; greatest values for immediate sales; jobs to close. Feller, 30 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—500 advanced Spring serge dresses for January sales to close out. M. Taub & Co., 38 West 26th.

DRESSES.—See our wool French serge, $6.50, jerseys $9.75, jobs to close. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Jobs serge, satin, taffeta for January sales. Paragon, 116 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Closing out at sacrifice 50 satin dresses. Elite, 120 West 34th.

GEORGINES.—3 thread, immediate delivery. Superba Silk Mills. Chelsea 8785.

GEORGETTE.—High-grade qualities, for immediate delivery. Madison Square 3813.

GINGHAMS, plaids, Amoskeags, 10,000 range, best patterns and Hunter's universal checks, all colors, for immediate delivery; low prices. Friedman-Wallach Co., 71 West 23d St.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—350 cases of the biggest assortment, much below market price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

GINGHAMS.—Anderson, Glenroy, Brisack and Renfrew for immediate delivery; below market price. Call Murray Hill 2833.

HOSIERY.—Let us quote prices on brands you use. Himwich Hosiery Mills, 467 Broadway.

KHAKI worsted remnants, 16-oz., to close, reasonable. Alden Woolen, 100 Greene St.

MESSALINES.—200 pieces, light blue, pink, white, flesh, good quality, at 90 cents per yard. Telephone Madison Square 7754.

NECKWEAR.—Men's, odd lots, 50c and $1 to close. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

PLUSHES.—Ukon, also Pierson Egyptian seal, Venetians, velours, kerseys. Greeley 1122.

POPLINS.—P. P. L. 4866, 4027, 777, 4916, 1080; broadcloths and velours. Madison Square 651.

POPLINS.—American, Spring shades; also F. and H. Duvet de Laine. Greeley 1544.

RADIUMS.—Fancies for linings; immediate delivery. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SECO SILK, first quality, 25 cents net; nainsooks, batistes, and cambrics, large quantities, much below market price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES, POPLINS, AND PANAMAS, 54280, 104, 99, 7120, 838, 235, botany 800, 1464, 7008, W. F. X., M. F. L., 528, Broadbead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 714 black and navy, 228, P. P. L., B. P. N. L., Amoskeag poplin 90010, 09077, Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—11433, $1.80; 104, $1.77½; 6254, $1.87½; 99, $1.90; 7614, $1.65; 54280, $1.47½; 1,609, $1.67½; S. B. G. L., 80c.; other numbers. United States Textile, Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—Lorraine 8670, navy, 10 pieces; 40-inch charmeuse, navy, black, copenhagen, 10 pieces; reasonable cash. Call Friday, Room 45, 31 East 27th St.

SERGES.—Will exchange colors of 164, 11438, 54280, with additional cash for navy. Broder, 48 West 25th.

SERGES.—1464, 7302, 4632, 106, 3700, 9288, 7120, 800, 11433, WFX, 500; poplins, 6009, 803, 660914; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—MFL, CSG, PFL, 4001, FSW; lowest market prices. Simon Agress, 1,123 Broadway. Farragut 2932.

SERGES.—104, 54280, green, gray, and tan; will sell cheap; 4408 navy, 00c. Chelsea 6618.

SERGES.—310; W. F. X. 4632, 3703; Cleveland's, Newport's, M. F. L. Mad. Sq. 651.

SERGES.—For sale, 600, 75 pieces navy; will accept best offer. Gramercy 6625.

SERGES.—54292 navy, original tickets, $1.65. Shapiro, Madison Square 3564.

SERGES.—M. F. L. black, navy, green, wine, $1.35. Farragut 8809.

SERGES.—7301 black, $1.40. Telephone Farragut 5837.

SHIRTINGS.—We have 1,000 pounds of remnants in high-class cotton shirtings to close out, 2073 Madison Square.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery. Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, file, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all graded and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Have 2,800 yards of odds and ends of silks, different qualities, to close out; suitable for department store sale. Madison Square 2673.

SILVERTONES.—Holden Leonard's Spring shades; also Garfield's 4718 tricotine. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONES.—Garfield's and Reed's, all colors. Madison Square 2956.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high lustre poplins, $2; also fancy novelty silk skirts, $2.25; excellent values, newest Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater N. Y. Silk Co., 6 East 23d St.

SUITS.—High-grade velours, serges, and Cheviots, to close out. Gumport & Schattman, 147 West 22d. Chelsea 7235.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

CHEM-WOOD MANUFACTURING CO., Inc.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Chem-Wood Manufacturing Co., manufacturers of chemical wood hat blocks and flanges at 247 Liberty Street and 420-436 Ogden Street, Newark, by these creditors: Flora Nathan, $350; Commercial Mortgage Co., $3,000, and Ray Owens, $85. The company also made an assignment to Nicola Damico. Judge Hand appointed Maurice L. Spaine receiver on application of Henry B. Singer, who said that there had been discussion among the stockholders which has led to a suit for a receiver in New Jersey. Liabilities were $8,000, and assets $7,500, all of them in New Jersey.

JULES S. BUTENSKY, a sculptor at 32 Union Square, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $3,894 and assets of a few tools, $5, general plaster casts, and sheets of uncertain value. Most of the debts are for money loaned to him, and among the creditors are Jacob H. Schiff, $500; Julius Rosenwald of Sears, Roebuck & Co., $700; A. Jacob Aid Society, Brooklyn, $200; Julius Gottlieb, $328; Dr. Henry Moskowitz, $200; Dan Ellison, $50; Jacob Robins, $175; Barney Robins, $50, and Peter Wiernick, $200.

HYMAN GREENSTEIN, formerly a partner in the firm of Greenstein & Schmerer, who did business in the Laundry in Jersey City, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $795 and no assets.

ISAAC EPHRON, dealer in woolens at 22 West Twenty-second Street.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Dec. 6 against him on a settlement with creditors at 50 cents on the dollar, payable 20 cents cash and 30 cents on sale of stock of merchandise in hands of the receiver. Liabilities were about $30,000.

S. MENKIN, INC., manufacturer of buttons at 148 West Twenty-eighth Street.—Judge Hand has appointed David W. Kahn receiver, bond $20,000. Liabilities are stated to be $30,000, with assets, consisting of merchandise and plant, valued at $12,000, which ought to realize $20,000. Mr. Kahn was the designer.

WELLERS BOOTERIE, INC., shoe dealer at 1,523 Broadway, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $14,435, and assets of $8,000, consisting of stock, $75,000; fixtures, $1,000; accounts, $38,263, and cash in bank, $87. Of the accounts $36,763 are due by the Weller-Wallack Shoe Co., Robert Wallack, Rose Weller, and David M. Weller, who are principal creditors.

Out of Town.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 2.—Edward J. Edwards, President of the First National Bank of Trenton, announced this afternoon today for the Stoltzwerk Cocoa Company, of which Chancellor Lewis, Henry V. Stoltzwerk of Rocky Hills, President and General Manager of the company, has already applied for appointment of a receiver, said that the liabilities of the concern exceed its assets by $60,000. The company's plant is at 207 West 43d Avenue, Long Island City. The assets mentioned in the application amount to $221,370, and the liabilities total $242,048. The receiver said that cocoa bean importers of the trade to the tune of 75 or 80 per cent. of the firm's liabilities.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Bungee, Pablo—D. L. Merman.....$712.20
Campbell, Amo P.—B. R. Merum et al.....783.70
Cohen, Charles, and Morris Wiotkowsky—M. M. Hyman.....153.67
Correa, Eduardo, Luis Londaro and Louis F. Toro—M. Ohlbaum.....124.32
Chinese Fur Importers, Inc.—Newchang Trading Co., Inc.....104.73
Diamond Peter—Metropolitan Tobacco Co.....374.70
Fox Chain Co., Ltd.—Robert Weeks.
Gwilliam H. Weeks and Frank G. Cornish—E. R. Thornbrugh.....1,857.60
Fisher, Edw. P.—Vanadium Alloys Steel Co., costs.....169.38
Hays, Catharine A.—S. Wohl.....130.20
Hatoff, Harry, and Joseph Gray (Whitlock Printing Co.)—D. L. Engel.....217.47
Klipper, Louis—Nagle Packing Co.....168.00
Kahn, Albert—London Achhart & Co.....106.10
Larsen, Dirt S.—3,232 Broadway Garage.....119.76
Meyerson, Jacob—Swift & Co.....159.65
Matches, Robert P.—M. Dominitz.....116.15
Morgan, Wm. E.—Ridgewood National Bank.....4,380.36
Manstone, Tony—J. Greenfield.....109.93
Mitchell, Harry, and Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c.....3,500.00
N. Y. Consolidated R. R. Co.—H. Pesner.....4,188.17
O'Connell, Margaret G.—S. Hausman.....113.11
Pearson, Chas. W.—F. Seaton.....309.22
Phoebe Snow Laboratories, Inc.—R. V. D. Corp.....207.20
Rosen, Sam—S. Rabinowitz.....153.30
Robert P. Matchet & Co.—H. Dominitz.....389.90
Royal Cleaning & Dyeing Co.—Maryland Casualty Co.....101.72
Rudd, Marion V.—S. Peterson.....293.06
Romer, Joseph—P. Lansidis.....353.40
Rosenzweig, Mendel—L. Fay.....301.19
Scholz, Wm. K.—F. C. Owen.....788.50
Schwartz, Max—Jewish Press Pub. Co.....203.10
Smith, Ledyard T.—H. Reichenbach.....360.30
Smith, Marion T. or Marion R. Figge—E. J. Dryer.....100.00
Spadadora, Tony—Wmehell Shoe Co. Inc.....187.26
Tuttle, Ralph H.—L. Morgan.....380.76
Tiefenthal, Alfred D.—Barker Painting Co.....209.85
Union Partition Co., Inc.—Benjamin Gilhespie Co.....188.11
Welland, Florence F.—Broadway & 9th St. Corp.....1,224.47
Wolf, Isaac S.; Jacob Strauss & Eugene S. Benjamin, (I. S. Wolf & Co.)—M. Talsky.....3,312.53
Zeltzer, Aaron—S. Frohlich.....312.84

In Bronx County.

Bronx Exposition, Edward R. Mount and William C. Demorest—Apex Bldg. Material Co.....$3,563.14
Boehm, George N.—A. Grand.....46.72
City Island Motor Bus Co.—D. Schneidermann et al.....145.22
Duffy, George W.—M. Packard et al.....187.22
Eschbi, Rose—Cosmopolitan Bank.....581.62
Fruchtman, David and Jennie—D. Schneidermann et al.....49.57
Farrell, John J.—J. Rosenzer et al.....183.52
Green, Luther—W. White.....727.22
Goldsmith, Max—Branower & Son.....177.05
La Court, William—M. Goodman.....294.72
Mills, George—J. H. Adams.....104.72
Walters, Charles, Jr.—J. M. Murphy Co.....222.95

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

United Dress Beef Co.—H. Depina, Dec. 10, 1918.....$6,206.98
Butcher, Catherine—O. M. Widlits et al. Mar. 29, 1910.....117.80
Cohn, Montague D.—J. and Chas. M. Marks—F. Schoen, Dec. 30, 1918.....250.00
Horowitz Bros., Margareten, Inc.—H. Rosenberg et al, April 5, 1918.....1,635.22
Maxwell Motor Sales Corp.—W. Meuser, Mar. 16, 1918.....2,148.75
Wax, Louis—A. Wax, Dec. 16, 1918.....102.85
Paturzo, Antonio—L. Cohen, Jan. 28, 1917, (vacated).....750.00
R

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 2, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Texas Co<Hogarth SS Co.
Weid<Panama RR.
Grace & Co<same.
Gerski<Stamatopoulas.
Tim<Am Coal Exp Co.
B & O RR<Moore & Co
Home Ins Co<Federal Sugar Ref Co.

DISTRICT COURT—L. Hand, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Maneck<SS Minnetonka.
Re Stallforth.
Motion Picture Pat Co<Laemmle.
Bingham<Homer.
Adit & Wiborg<Kruse.
Rutschmann<Ottmann.
Myers<Mail & Express Co.
Furness<Barber.
Clarke<Otto.
Marine<Shawmut.
Hand<Hendrick.
Tuttle's Sons Co.
Hammond<SS Co.
Same<SS Ismalhaven.

2 P. M.—Equity.

Bway Mus Corp<Enright Amus Co (on trial)

FOR SALE.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK - BALKE - COLLENDER CO., 30 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Lady wishes to sell sable coat, worn few times; pin seal coat, mole coatee; also black duvetyn suit, trimmed fox fur; practically new; all size 38. Room 1512, Vanderbilt Hotel.

For sale, to close out because of removing, two hundred dozen rompers, repp and gabardine. Jack Sarfati, 169 Eldridge St.

Lady wishes sell piano player rolls, all from late operas; good selection. Call Room 1512, Vanderbilt Hotel.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 402 Broadway.

Desks, $6, $12, $18; filing cabinets, $6, $12, $15; tables, $2, $5, $8; chairs, 25 cents to $6; steel 24 pigeonholes (letter size) cabinets, $5; delivered. 60 Cortlandt St.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $6.
Visible, three months, $9; month up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4733.

Purchase and Exchange.

WE PAY HIGHEST PRICES
for PAWN TICKETS, diamonds, and old jewelry. Business strictly confidential; open evenings. SAYZ BROS., 1,531 Broadway.

Will pay cash for furniture for 5 rooms; must be good condition; snap price; no dealers. L 359 Times.

COMPTOMETER wanted, good condition. U. S. Specialty Co., 336 Broadway.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CASSIDY & SON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 26,333.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, Hon. John J. Townsend, Referee, will, at his office, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on January 2, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, sell at public auction all the assets and estate of Cassidy & Son Manufacturing Company, bankrupt, as a going concern, as the same exists at noon on the said 3d day of January, 1919.

That at said auction sale, or any adjournment thereof, no bid will be received for less than the sum of One Hundred Ten Thousand Dollars, ($110,000).

The successful bidder at such sale will be required to deposit with the Referee for account of his bid a certified check for Twenty Thousand Dollars, or, if such bid exceeds the sum of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, the successful bidder will be required to deposit a certified check for ten per cent. of the amount bid.

The successful bidder will be required to pay the balance of the purchase price at the office of the Referee within five days after the date of the sale.

The appraisal of the property and estate of Cassidy & Son Manufacturing Company, made by the appraisers appointed in the above-entitled matter, is on file in the office of the Referee, and may be inspected by prospective bidders.

Further particulars as to the property to be sold may be obtained on application to the undersigned attorneys for the trustees, or either of them.

Dated New York, December 28, 1918.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 908, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WILLARD N. BAYLIS, 141 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City;
JEROME D. GEDNEY, 160 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City,
Attorneys for Trustees.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, held at the Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the 31st day of December, 1918.

Present: Hon. LEARNED HAND, District Judge.

In the matter of A. MOSKOWITZ & CO., Inc., Bankrupt.

Upon the annexed petition of Samuel Herschenstein, receiver, duly verified the 27th day of December, 1918,

Now, on motion of Williams, Folsom & Strouse and Lawrence I. Gerber, attorneys for the receiver, it is hereby ordered that all creditors of the estate and all persons interested herein show cause before the referee, on the 13th day of January, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why an order should not be made authorizing the receiver to sell the assets of this estate for a sum sufficient to net creditors twenty-five per cent. upon their respective claims and all the costs, expenses, and fees of administration.

Let service of a copy of this order be deemed sufficient if made on or before the 3rd day of January, 1919.

LEARNED HAND, D. J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York:—No. 26378. —In Bankruptcy.—NICHOLAS PAPAGEORGION, Bankrupt.

Nicholas Papageorgion was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 21, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 16, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,375. —In Bankruptcy.—HARRY EINHORN, Bankrupt.

Harry Einhorn was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 19, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 16, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,365. —In Bankruptcy.—CONCRETE MOTOR CAR CO., INC., Bankrupt.

The above named bankrupt was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on July 30th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 16, 1919, at 10:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,363. —In Bankruptcy.—CONCRETE MOTOR CAR CO., INC., Bankrupt.

The above named bankrupt was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on July 30th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 16, 1919, at 10:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26469. —In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS GOLDSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Louis Goldstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 27, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 16, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Litigated motions.

Re Herman (Hamilton.
Re Kromann<Klein.
Price<Archiboid.
Pursell<Dansinger.
Lang<Lang.
Hirsch<Pellatt.
People ex rel Hyman<Leo.
Torpedo Film Co<Selznick-Enterprises (2.)
Aronson<Aronson.
Ferguson<Chuck.
Hoyt<Kaus.
Hunter Mfg & Commission Co<Panther Rubber Mfg Co.
Levy<McAdoo.
Parmelee<same.
Scammel-Water Garage Co<Greene.
Re Tattus.
Leror Sargent & Co<McHarg.
Ridgway<Stephen Banson, Inc.
Rice<Rogers & Hagerty.
Rogers<Treacy.
Wallack<Nat Sur Co.
Re Aubel, (Ormond.)
Re Speck, (67th St.)
Walker<William Lustgarten & Co.
Gulick<Brunhild, (2.)
Young<Rey.
Klingler<Karigy.
Wegerman<Engel.
Sleifrid<Cookingham.
Smith<Int R T Co.
Tennyson<same.
Gardner<same.
Horne<same.
Kelly<same.
Legros<Chain Shirt Shops, Inc.
Rom Cath Orphan Asylum<Schlesinger
McKey<American Autogress Co. (2.)
Bonwit<Derman.
People of State of NY<Hosier.
Lehn<Cosmopolitan Bank
Re B&L Bakery & Lunch Room, Inc.
Reisinger<Reisinger.
Burns<Origgs.
McCarthy<McCarthy.
Kerlijk<Kerilik.
Blumenthal<Blumenthal.
People<Nicotri.
Orpheus<Hennessey.
Buckley<Buckley.
Cornell<Gland.
Levy<Jameson.

PART II.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Finch, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Wiggins, J.—No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Russell<Atkinson—James & Sullivan.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Curcio<Liebmann Sons Brew Co.
Wolf<Denlea.
Coombs<Coombs.
Bernovitz<NY Cons RR Co. (2.)
Cretio<NY RR Co.
Galeo<Nassau E RR Co.
Brooks<same.
Suber<O I & B RR Co.
Re Ruprecht.
Rehkugler<Rehkugler.
Wilson<Whitesack.
Koffler<Western Union Tel Co.
Real<Wakefield.
Re Lanza, (Martino.)
Rafsky<Schwartz.
Blumenstetter<Blumenstetter.
Levitt<Leavitt.
N Y Tel Co<Silman.
Emerman<Silman.
Goldowitz<Goldowitz.
Fitt<Dropsey, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Recess.
TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, J.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of COUTANT HARMAGY, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, sells this day, Friday, January 3, 1919, by order of the Court, at 11:00 A. M., at 280 Main Street, New Rochelle, New York, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Drugs, Chemicals, Notions, Powders, Perfumes, Counters, Showcases, Safe, Partitions, Fixtures, &c.

MARTIN P. CONBOY, Receiver.
NATHAN FRIEDMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

An important deal in the loft area just below Washington Square was closed yesterday in the purchase by John W. Herbert of the eight-story business structure at 3 Washington Place, southwest corner of Mercer Street, on a plot 42.9 by 96.8. The property was sold by Isaac H. Clothier of Philadelphia and was the last parcel remaining of his ownership of several valuable realty holdings which he acquired within the last fifteen years. The building returns an annual rental of $23,000.

Mr. Herbert, who sold his city home, at 835 Fifth Avenue, over two years ago, has purchased within recent years several commercial properties, his latest big deal prior to the present investment being the eight-story Fish building, at the northeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twelfth Street, for which he paid $349,500 at the Hamilton Fish estate sale in December, 1917.

Daniel Birdsall & Co. were the brokers in the Washington Place sale. It was held at about $170,000, and negotiations are pending for a resale.

$450,000 Sale in Fort Washington Section of the Heights.

In the Fort Washington section of the Heights, where there has been a revival of speculative buying, the Van Vleck Realty Company, Max M. Natanson, President, purchased 735 and 736 West 181st Street.

The property consists of two six-story apartment houses, each on a plot 100 feet front, with a depth varying from 150 to 128 feet, located between Broadway and Fort Washington Avenue. They were held at $450,000 and show an annual rental of $62,000. The house No. 728 was sold by James A. Trowbridge and No. 736 by the Ambrose Realty Company. Byrne & Bowman negotiated the transaction.

Title Passes to Parkhurst Church.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company took title yesterday to the Madison Square Presbyterian Church property, on the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street, 74 by 160 feet and irregular. The price paid was $500,000, the title was taken from the First Presbyterian Church, with which the Madison Square and University Place Presbyterian Churches consolidated last year. The property adjoins the sixteen-story Metropolitan Annex building, and ultimately the former church corner will be improved with an addition to the annex.

Buyer of Heights Block Front Improved with Apartments.

The Thomson Hill Land and Improvement Company of 54 Wall Street is the buyer of the ten-story Hampstead and Letchwood Apartments, occupying the block front on the west side of Broadway, between 160th and 161st Streets, sold recently by the Herbert Dongan Construction Company, through Joseph P. Day and the Roman-Callman Company. The property was taken subject to a mortgage of $800,000. The plot of 114 lots in Long Island City was given in part payment.

Private Dwelling Sales.

The Citizens Savings Bank sold to J. L. Van Sant, 23 East 130th Street, a three-story brownstone dwelling, on a lot 16 by 100. Ehrer & Co. were the brokers. The purchasers, through the same brokers, bought and sold 7 East 130th Street, about ten days ago.

Buys Lower West Side Property for Garage.

The three-story front and rear buildings occupying a lot 25 by 103.3 have been sold by the Corn Exchange Bank to an investing client of Pape & Brother. The property, which is located just west of Sixth Avenue, will be altered into a garage by the new owner.

Tenement Deals.

Dora Schoenfield sold to an investing client of the Nehring Company 251 East 105th Street, a five-story tenement on a plot 25 by 100, adjoining the corner of Second Avenue, held at $20,000.

The Bronx Market.

Cahn & Pittman, operators, purchased from Frederick Brown, operator, 2,391 Davidson Avenue, a new-law apartment, consisting of sixteen apartments, on a plot 50 by 100. H. Weiss and Phelps & Deminae negotiated the sale.

Dr. John Reigelman sold to Frederick Brown, operator, the five-story apartment house, occupying a plot 40 by 95, on the southeast corner of Morris Avenue and 177th Street, held at $100,000. Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd were the brokers in the transaction.

Brooklyn.

The John Pullman Real Estate Company sold 83, 85, 87, and 89 Garfield Place, four three-story single brick apartment houses, on a plot 80 by 100, for the Hills estate to Morris Finkle for investment.

$350,000 Long Island Sale.

The large tract known as Nassau Point, or Little Hog Neck, near Cutchogue, L. I., has been sold through J. H. Pennock & Co., for the estate of Fink & Embree. It contains 500 acres, being a peninsula on the north side of Peconic Bay, just east of Robbins Island, and has a waterfront of about six miles, with good harbors, deep waters, sandy beaches, &c. The property has been held at $250,000.

New Jersey.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman sold for Miss Blanche Van Gelder to Robert Wilson of Newark, a country home and fifteen and one-half acres at Westwood, N. J.

Commercial Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased to the National Surety Company for John Mason Knox, agent, the building at 89 Maiden Lane, corner of Gold Street, at an aggregate rental of $100,000, including taxes. The plot has a frontage of 27 feet on the lane and 67 feet on Gold Street. Grenville T. Emmet & Parish, attorneys for the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, trustees of the estate of Mary C. Clark, lessors of the building, stated that the property had been continuously in the present family since 1658.

The Ogden & Clarkson Corporation leased for the George Kemp Real Estate Company the store and basement at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-ninth Street to Mme. Kargere, importers.

The Cross & Brown Company leased for the New York Life Insurance Company the store and first loft of the building 25 West Thirty-sixth Street, to Patrick T. Brett.

John B. Wakeman & Co. leased for a long term of years the seven-story fireproof building at 10 Beach Street, Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., were the brokers.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

62d St, 347 East, n s, 194 ft w of 1st Av, 17x100.5, three-story and basement stone dwelling; Morris Kreh against Bozzuffi Realty Co. Inc., et al.; McLaughlin & S., attorneys; due, $6,499.50; taxes, $74.60; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Renwick St, 15 to 21, for a two-story stable and garage, 79x80; Borden's Condensed Milk Co., 108 Hudson St, owner; J. Jeaume, 37 Sullivan St, architect; cost, $38,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

West St, 617, to a four-story stable, &c.; Albert G. Merle, Inc., 233 Broadway, owner; A. Lucius, 38 Park Row, architect; cost, $45,000.

5th Av, 629, to a six-story store and loft; Columbia College, owner; J. P. Walters, 1st West 125th St, architect; cost, $8,000.

125th St, 137 East, to a three-story shop and dwelling; Gordon, 402 West 127th St, owner; Alfred L. Kehoe & Co., 1 Beekman St, architects; cost, $10,000.

Vesey St, 13, a five-story factory; F. A. Emeretz Monticish, N. J., owner; P. T. Sailing, 13 Park Row, architect; cost, $20,000.

30th St, 109 to 111 East, to three three-story dwellings; C. D. Petrie, 98 William St, owner; F. P. Dominick, 2 West 20th St, architect; cost, $9,000.

West St, 350, to a one-story store; H. Bronson, 350 West St, owner; B. H. & C. N. Wilkinson, 3 Columbus Av, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JAN. 2

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 166th St, 54.7 to 855 West, run n 94.10x w 102.2, 50x w 76x s 114.10 to street x e 176 to beginning; Manhattan Heights Improvement Co.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB PETRICK, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, January 3, 1919, by order of the Court, at 11:00 A. M., at 280 Main Street, New Rochelle, New York, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned goods, bottled goods, fixtures, &c.

MARTIN P. CONBOY, Receiver.
LEON DASHEW, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

dorman, 818 East 220th St, prior mtg $2,800, Jan. 3, 5 years, 5 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $900

WELLMAN AV, e s, 375 ft s of Mayflower Av, 50x110.4x88.10x180.7, Theodor Lagerman and another to Hudson F. Rose Co., 7 West 46th St, Dec. 30, 1918, 3 years; attorney, H. F. Rose Co., 7 West 46th St $1,500

SIXTH ST, s s, 85 ft e of Sunday Av, 16.8x 99.5; Bernhard J. Von Rekowsky to H. M. Trust Co., 45 Wall St, trustee, Dec. 31, 1918, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St $19,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,948, ground floor and basement; F. F. Schimpf to Louis Jaehr, 330 West 156th St, Dec. 27, 1918, 3 years, 1919: attorney, H. A. Eberhardt, 37 Liberty St $1,800

AVENUE C, 68-100, a part basement and cellar and 5 rooms on second floor; Ike Rosenberg to Morris Vogel, on premises, 5½ years, from Jan. 1, 1919; attorney, Sol Straus, 299 Broadway $1,980

PARK ROW, 97-99, front part of store 6 in entrance and 5½ ft back; James Mazzeo to Hyman Gershon, 325 Park Row, 5 years, from May 1, 1917; address, 41 Forsyth St $600

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Loans made quickly, privately. Call 4 to 6. Room 1217, 366 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Fine modern factory building for sale, South Brooklyn, 30,000 square feet; light all sides. B 497 Times Downtown.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

I am in the mercantile business and own 25-family apartment house in Bronx; practically free and clear; will sell cheap; mortgage to suit; no brokers. Kahn, 2 West 33d St. Phone Madison Square 2380.

Three 6-story flats, halls heated only, 150x60, 425 to 435 East 161st St.; mortgage $75,000; rentals $14,400 yearly; always rented; equity $35,000; small expenses; investigate. Owner, 429 East 161st St., Bronx.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, panelled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

460-Acre farm, 12-room house, barn 40x80 feet, 8 other buildings; 1,000 sugar maples, 2 miles brook, spring and well; 2 miles from railroad station; buildings worth more than price of $5,000; Berkshires.

ARCHER, 10 EAST 43D ST.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CORNER LOFTS, 100x92.

Exceptionally well lighted for manufacturing, with or without steam power; approved sprinkler system; possession February 1st, 1919. Apply on premises, 17th St. and Avenue B. Phone Stuyvesant 1536.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

80's, near Madison, private residence, 11 rooms, 4 baths, steam; all improvements; $2,400 year. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80's, on drive, (house,) elegantly furnished home, 12 rooms, 4 baths, magnificent view; $500. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

Three story; electricity, two baths; 55c. near Drive. Houghton, Columbus 250.

Long Island.

Forest Hills Gardens.—For rent, new nine-room house, beautiful, two minutes from station; furnished or unfurnished; also seven rooms. S 589 Times Downtown.

Long Beach, West.—Cottage, $1,500; terms; with improvements. T. Walsh, Long Beach West, or phone 1050 Murray Hill.

Houses Wanted.

Will rent 6 or 7 room house, located between Flushing and Douglaston, L. I. Address G. Zesse, Jr., Box 78 Times.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Loans made quickly, privately. Call 4 to 6. Room 1217, 366 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Fine modern factory building for sale, South Brooklyn, 30,000 square feet; light all sides. B 497 Times Downtown.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

I am in the mercantile business and own 25-family apartment house in Bronx; practically free and clear; will sell cheap; mortgage to suit; no brokers. Kahn, 2 West 33d St. Phone Madison Square 2380.

Three 6-story flats, halls heated only, 150x60, 425 to 435 East 161st St.; mortgage $75,000; rentals $14,400 yearly; always rented; equity $35,000; small expenses; investigate. Owner, 429 East 161st St., Bronx.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, panelled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

460-Acre farm, 12-room house, barn 40x80 feet, 8 other buildings; 1,000 sugar maples, 2 miles brook, spring and well; 2 miles from railroad station; buildings worth more than price of $5,000; Berkshires.

ARCHER, 10 EAST 43D ST.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CORNER LOFTS, 100x92.

Exceptionally well lighted for manufacturing, with or without steam power; approved sprinkler system; possession February 1st, 1919. Apply on premises, 17th St. and Avenue B. Phone Stuyvesant 1536.

UNIQUE PRIVATE OFFICE, LIGHT ON THREE SIDES, WITH USE OF BALCONY AROUND THE TOP OF A 23-STORY BUILDING; TO LEASE TO WEALTHY GENTLEMAN REQUIRING COMFORT AND QUIET IN CITY'S BUSIEST SECTION. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

Storage or manufacturing building, situated in Long Island City, 15,000 square feet floor space, railroad siding, stable and 40 H.-P. engine, ready to run; also yard space. Apply Astoria Veneer Mills & Dock Co., Long Island City. Phone Astoria 715.

LIGHT FIREPROOF OFFICES
second floor, 262 Fulton St., near Borough Hall, Brooklyn; minutes New York City Hall; $12.50, $33, $100 monthly; fine light for architects or engineers; subways, elevated, trolleys. Woodlife Co.

Will share our large front office, with telephone and stenographer, 40th and Park Av., Architect Building, to responsible parties; office especially suited for the building trade. Room 1102, 101 Park Av.

Stores.—1,304 Amsterdam Av., (124th,) $95 Central Park West, next to divide, 686East 180th, 300 West Broadway, 483 9th Av., corner 37th; 592 Grand St., 255 and 271 Avenue C. Particulars, 650 1st Av.

FURNISHED OFFICES and desk room, with telephone and stenographic service; high-class office building, directly connected with subway express station. Room 212, 51 E. 42d.

CORNER STORE ON BEST PART OF 5TH AV., 72-FT. FRONTAGE, 10-YEAR LEASE. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

FOR BUSINESS LOCATIONS, OFFICES, LOFTS, BUILDINGS AND STORES, APPLY CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

Beautiful parlor floor, in high-class business and private family; doctor or other professional person; also basement for tea room. 29 West 57th St. Phone Circle 1871.

Furnished private office, $25.50 monthly; desk room, $11.50; telephone attendant; no leases required. Duane, 309 Broadway. Suite 807.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOUNTAIN HOME; ONLY $1,500 CASH AND $8,000 FIRST MORTGAGE BUYS THIS FINE HOME; BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS; EASY COMMUTATION TO N. Y. C. EXTA. CORNER PLOT, 150x188 FEET.

10 big rooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping balcony, 6 open fireplaces, wide concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, oak finish and mahogany trim; fine tree-covered grounds and lawn; exclusive residential neighborhood; convenient to R. R. Sta.; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lakes and near golf and country clubs; schools churches and markets. Write or phone GEO. H. PEARE, 640 Riverside Drive. Tel. 6634 Audubon.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

ENTIRE BUILDING
in heart of
Financial District
(Near Broadway and Wall St.)
FOR LEASE OR SALE
On very reasonable terms
Over 14,000 sq. feet
An attractive opportunity for a house desiring to occupy a Building Bearing Its Name
Wm. A. White & Sons
46 Cedar Street
Tel. 5700 John

WHY LAG BEHIND?

Look-ahead men are using capital very profitably these days. I'll advance you cash on your 1919 rent income and thereby enable you to get on the bandwagon. Reasonable terms and strict confidence. Tel. Chelsea 327.

Jacob Rosenstock
100 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Rent assignments exclusively and nothing under $5,000.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HESS Business Property

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6447.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Loft—23,000 square feet; 7th Av., and 37th St.; second floor; two trucks; passenger elevator; all north light, skylights; will divide. Apply For Co., 14 West 40th St.

Half or whole of office to rent. Inquire Midland Mills, 584 4th Av., Room 1715; $300 for half of office.

Silk or cotton house wanted to share $6,000 store on 4th Av., with woolen jobber; reference. Spring 2358.

Light store, $100; 5th Av. and 16th Spaces, 5 West 16th. Chelsea 3105.

Large, light store, $100; Broadway, 70a. Miller, 162 West 50th. Circle 3067.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

FACTORY WANTED FOR RENT, OUT OF TOWN, WITHIN COMMUTING DISTANCE FROM NEW YORK; MUST BE ALL READY, WITH ABOUT 50 TO 75 MACHINES FOR MANUFACTURING DRESSES. GIVE FULL PARTICULARS. A 71 TIMES.

Wanted in Manhattan for printing business, about 70,000 square feet, including basement; occupancy March or April; write full particulars. Mr. Wilcox, Box 624, City Hall Station.

Wanted to rent unfurnished, about 1,000 sq. ft. office space, financial district; occupancy May 1 1919. A 480 Times Downtown.

Wanted, factory for chemical manufacture; about 20,000 square feet with power. S 620 Times Downtown.

Desk room, desirable for export; state price and full particulars. S 604 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

57TH, 23 WEST.—Beautiful one, two, and three room apartments or studios, with private baths, open fireplaces, electricity; city steam heat; aristocratic neighborhood; moderate rentals. Phone Circle 1871.

TWO ROOMS,
Bath and Kitchenette,
ready for occupancy,
$35 to $39.
Rep. on premises daily and Sunday.
137 WEST 74TH ST.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

PRESIDENT ST., 220, (Brooklyn.)—Three rooms, bath, steam, hot water; $37.50. Manning.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Six or seven rooms, two baths, until April 1; furnished or unfurnished; would have leased own apartment, but must return to city; give all particulars. Clogher, 61 Broadway.

Two or three-room apartment, with kitchen or kitchenette wanted for balance of Winter; address giving full particulars, P. O. Box 434, City Hall Station.

Immediately.—Small furnished apartment for two or three months; sitting room, two bedrooms, bath, and kitchenette. S 634 Times Annex.

Very desirable lady tenant wishes one-two rooms, furnished-unfurnished, with exclusive use back yard two years; must read write all particulars. L 366 Times.

Furnished or unfurnished housekeeping apartment wanted, two rooms and bath, between 40th and 4th Sts. A 94 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 14th. Chel. 8423.

Two bedrooms, living room, bath; 42 Washington Square, $75-$100 monthly; two gentlemen. John 6480.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Reasonable, furnished apartment, not less than four rooms, until June. K 88 Times.

Three or four rooms on Washington Heights, above 150th St. A 1013 Times Harlem.

Unfurnished.

Studio or two-room unfurnished apartment desired at once, for four or five months. Write Komroff, Hotel Granada, 58th St. and 7th Av.

Four rooms, elevator apartment, Washington Heights; sub-lease considered. Telephone Med. 1615.

6 or 7 rooms wanted on Washington Heights; will sublet. Box B 113 Times.

4 or 5 rooms between 96th and 145th. Bx. 3,516 Broadway.

4 or 5 rooms, 73d to 110th, west side; $600 per annum. Phone Bronx 3696.

Six or more rooms, west side; state particulars. R., 311 Amsterdam Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

307TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $20 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

50TH, 51 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; sunny corner; living room, bedroom, and bath; rent by month $125. Phone Plaza 4746.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
40 EAST 50TH ST.

Attractively furnished one, two, three, and four room apartments, by month or year; meals if desired.

57TH, 25 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; two large rooms, bath.

71ST, 221 EAST.—Elegant two-room suite, bath, use of kitchen, heat, hot water; five minutes subway; private family; $50. Call between 9 and 3. Gibbs.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west, south; choice buildings; long sheet leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St. HOTEL BENTON, 35 East 27th St.

MADISON AV., 780.—Handsomely furnished suite, two rooms, bath, and kitchenette; fireproof elevator building; hotel service; 5 to 9 months. Hartcorn, Plaza 9280.

MADISON AV. AND 30TH ST.
5 ROOMS, HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT, for season, $185 monthly.
AMES & CO., 393 WEST 51ST ST.

PARK AV., 515, (Cor. 76th St.)—Elegantly furnished seven-room apartment; eight months' lease, never rented before; silver, dishes, linens included; $500 month; everything new, attractive and homelike; highest references required; seen by appointment only; immediate possession. Phone Rhinelander 8582.

PARK AV., (Northwest Corner, Entrance 81st St.)—Two rooms and bath; sunshine. Telephone Lenox 1096.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

Furnished—West Side.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $35-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

52D, 46 WEST.—Sublet, immediate possession, beautifully furnished four rooms, two baths, kitchenette apartment; housekeeper.

58TH ST., 200 WEST.—To sublet, very desirable apartment of 3 rooms and 2 baths; attractively furnished; all outside sunny rooms. Apt. 9A.

59TH, 220 WEST.—Unusual opportunity; 7 rooms, bath, immediate possession; $200. Glaenzer.

67TH, 7 WEST, (Apt. 607.)—Duplex studio, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; $200. Manager Hotel des Artistes.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchenette, with bath; completely furnished; electricity; southern exposure.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (The New West End.) —Two rooms, bath; $70 up. Tel. 4468.

70TH, 200 WEST.—7 rooms, bath, maids' lavatory; elevator; 5th floor; $300.

71ST ST., 55 WEST.—I have acquired the house and furnishings of an old and wealthy New York family; I wish to lease two elegant

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

28TH, 30-32 WEST.—Large rooms; extra well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Large room, private bath, southern exposure; singleroom; references.

79D, 302 WEST.—Double front room, twin beds; also small room.

97TH, 114-122 WEST. (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST. (Graypoort.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

68TH, 130 WEST.—Small room, good home cooking; all accommodations; table guests; references.

106TH, 214 WEST.—Attractive single room in private residence; references.

107TH, 322 WEST. (Riverside Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence, 3 spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; moderate.

A good home for two motherless children, over 3 years old; they will receive a mother's care and good surroundings from one who is a mother; references exchanged. Write Home, 3,522 Broadway.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 329, (Corner 104th St.) —Every room bath and telephone; southern exposure; hotel service; elevator; refined Hebrew, social surroundings; table the very best.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (CORNER 77TH ST.) THE GRAYMORE.—EXCLUSIVE RESIDENTIAL HOTEL; EXCELLENT TABLE. TEL. SCHUYLER 4306.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter house of high standard; 20 minutes downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. Fifty lovely rooms; excellent cuisine. Social parlors; comforts; cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

BOARD WANTED.

Board, room wanted by young American business man with congenial surroundings; near Broadway; state particulars. G 312 Times.

Young Hebrew couple desire large furnished room and board; 40th to 60th St., west, or Columbia Heights, Brooklyn. L 351 Times.

An educated South American young man desires to live with refined private American family. Room 514, 11 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Brooklyn.

Home Sanitarium.—Selected medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Phone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,304 East 27th St., Brooklyn.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1163, White Plains.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

APPRAISAL WORK.—A competent stenographer with two years' experience in appraisal work; quick at copy work. B 492 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience; full charge; stenography, typewriting, trial balances, costing, accounting, linguist, expert; 146 South 4th St., Brooklyn. Tel. 2267 Greenpoint.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Full charge books and correspondence; trial balance; financial statements; highest credentials. T., 895 Lafayette Ave., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, thoroughly competent, can take full charge of office; short hour references. F. L. Bernstein, 482 East 189th St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, sales ledgers, rapid, experienced; references; high school graduate; $18. A 1010 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, A1, experienced, office manager, trial balance, statements; $25. Telephone 2323 Schuyler. L 338 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, controlling accounts, trial balances; references; salary $25. L 347 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; three years' experience; capable and willing worker; $15. S 607 Times Downtown.

GIRL, American, wants stenographic position; legal experience; salary $20. Address Q 780 Times Downtown.

GRADUATE NURSE, secretary, knowledge stenography, typewriting, desires position doctor's office, afternoons, best references. Write, Experienced, 2,387 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined woman, desires position, business couple or widower's home, with children; A1 references. Write Box 12, 1,515 3d Av.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Housemaid, Cathedral Plaza, 1011 West 109th St. A. Circle 920.

NURSE.—Middle-aged, educated, and refined woman as practical nurse or companion to woman. Box 200 Times.

NURSE, wishing to go South, take milk case; state particulars. A 26 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—English; knowledge of French; city; $40-$65. L 361 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist; two years' experience; accurate, conscientious worker; $12. S 613 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, expert; proficient in handling details; environment important consideration; excellent references. S 562 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, young lady wishes position, two years experience; references; $15. Miss Eller, 1,629 Parker St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid; thoroughly efficient; knowledge bookkeeping; excellent penman; 6 years' experience; $20. M. B., 163 East 107th St.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Experienced; knowledge of bookkeeping; high school graduate; salary, $25. L. H. Eapstein, 819 Manida St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, nine years' legal and commercial experience, desires position; highest references. Miss B. Feder, 520 West 156th St.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; thoroughly efficient; legal preferred; seven years' experience; $23. S 590 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; understands office work; references; $15. S 571 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY; 5 years' experience; competent, accurate. G 758 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable; knowledge of office work; 2 years' experience; $15. A 813 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; manufacturing, general, businesslike; high school; American; $18. B 486 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, expert, desires few hours' work daily or weekly. L 339 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six months' experience; American girl; no agency; $15. S 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly efficient; 3 years' experience; executive ability; $18. B 496 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, accurate, high school education; good appearance; $18. S 602 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Beginner, assistant bookkeeper, willing worker, wishes position. Gross, 1,762 1st Av.

TRANSLATOR, English, Spanish, French, wishes position, half time, daily. G 389 Times.

TYPIST, rapid, accurate; half day or by 100 words. L 61 Times.

WELFARE WORK, cashiering, young woman, refined, executive, reference. 349 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, (20,) high school graduate, stock or brokerage house; three years' thorough experience; excellent credentials. L 346 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes typewriting to be done at home evenings. L 345 Times.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 452 Lenox Av. Harlem 5040.

HEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 31, married, university education; fourteen years' experience; constructive worker and tactful executive; capacity for detail and getting things done quickly and right; thoroughly practical, systematizer, understanding, credits, collections, and general office routine; some progressive concern seeking immediate results can use my services profitably. A 96 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, broad manufacturing experience, modern cost and financial accounting, present assistant senior auditor connected with fifteen plants, age 37, married; salary $6,000; thorough executive; capable mature business judgment. G 783 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE, — Corporation accountant, Christian, thorough executive, fifteen years' practical public utility and manufacturing experience, specially trained in audits, investigations, and systems, immediately available, permanent connection. Y 377 Times.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.
Familiar with all branches of accounting and able to take charge; experienced handling accounting, credits, cash, costs, statements and financial; well recommended as to character and ability. A 810 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, 28; experienced; office manager; reliable, efficient; credits, etc. L 359 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE.
Corporation accountant; Christian; thorough executive; 15 years' practical public utility, manufacturing experience; available immediately; permanent connection. S 573 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-MANAGER, (36,) systematizer, cost, accounting, linguist, experience abroad, energetic organizer, absolutely dependable, desires permanent connection with responsible house. S 596 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 28, 8 years' experience, balance, controlling accounts, statements, practical knowledge of cost accounting, manufacturing experience, desires position with future. G 385 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—General and cost, college and university training, fully conversant with all problems of accounting, 12 years' extensive experience, desires connection with reliable concern. S 621 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.—Not a C. P. A.; many years' office experience; Spanish, Portuguese, and French; now employed, but immediately available. What offers? S 598 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; agreements; items without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, Bookkeeping done, $1 week. (Saves $25 bookkeeper;) new method. Beekman 968. 1,501 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high-grade executive with record for achievement, seeks position controller or corporation executive. B 420 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, thoroughly experienced, advanced accounting student, honorably discharged soldier, seeks position with C. P. A. A 80 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 968.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, closed, systematized; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements; $2.50 weekly. Alpert-Barst, 21 Park Row. Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANTS, certified; general accounting, monthly audits, investigations, systems, tax reports. Union Audit Co., 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, (34,) experienced and well educated, seeks permanent position. S 558 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, thoroughly experienced, desires permanent connection. Box 5, 1,508 2d Av.

ACCOUNTANT open for engagement evenings and Saturday afternoons; thoroughly competent. G 362 Times.

ACCOUNTANT - ASSISTANT, experienced bookkeeper; college graduate; 21; accountancy student; salary moderate. L 326 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior; experience with C. P. A.; can handle audits; college student. G 806 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER desires connection good firm; 10 years' advertising, sale promotion experience; 31; discharged army officer. Y 300 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING manager or solicitor for weekly, daily, or advertising proposition; 15 years' experience; city or road. L 374 Times.

AMERICAN, 41, at present employed as business manager of Government nitrate plant; thorough knowledge of business, community commissary and camp management; accustomed to handling large organization; present position involves handling of twelve different departments and divisions and employing several thousand men, desires position at home or overseas; preference for, but not necessarily limited to construction, mining or large industrial corporation; if necessary can supply complete organization. D 858 Times Annex.

ARMY OFFICER, 29, married, Princeton man, newspaper training, seeks position. S 610 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO BUSY EXECUTIVE.
Young man, honorably discharged, 2 years' experience export; responsible capacities; attending university evenings specializing foreign trade. S 588 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN and operating efficiency expert; discharged army officer, who formerly sold high-priced motor cars and trucks, has directed the operation of large truck fleets, installing cost records, cut down running expenses, and systematized operation, seeks position; future and immediate salary equal factors. L 375 Times.

BANK CLERK, retired, 50 years old, wants position; familiar in handling money and figures. L 353 Times Harlem.

BILLING CLERK, assistant bookkeeper, experienced; high school graduate; accounting student. S 590 Times Downtown.

BOOKS opened, closed, written up, tax reports filed, &c.; a few more clients desired on a yearly basis. Box 211 Times, 3 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (28,) honorably discharged U. S. Army, 4 years of all around office experience, knowledge stenography and typewriting, willing worker; desires position promising advancement. B 96 Times Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience controlling accounts, trial balance, credits, collections; references reliable; excellent references. L 344 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and CREDIT MAN, 24 years, six years' experience, recently discharged from army, desires position. B 483 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; controlling accounts; army discharge; high school graduate; $25. G 374 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced double entry systems, controlling accounts, trial balances; high school graduate; $25. L 333 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, credit man, and office manager desires position; thoroughly experienced and best references. L 300 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, ten years, desires position with a reputable concern; best references. L 290 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 21; honorably discharged; five years' experience; full charge or assist; excellent references; $25. S 593 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office man, 20; three years' experience trial balances, controlling accounts; college man; $20. H. X., 164 East 140th.

BOOKKEEPER.—(43;) thoroughly experienced; credits, collections; highest credentials; salary $25. H 71 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, $3 weekly; part time; financial, tax reports; accountant. S 527 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20;) ambitious; 3 years' varied business experience; excellent references. R 796 Times Downtown.

BUILDING or CONSTRUCTION EXECUTIVE.
Young man, married, aged 24, recently discharged as Sergeant from army, desires position where drafting and executive ability combined with hard work bring results; references at interview. B 497 Times Downtown.

BUYER.—Housefurnishing, china, glass, and toy buyer for very good reasons desires new connections; have constructive and progressive ideas and at present handling proposition of $150,000 a year in above lines; have clean business career; age 31; married. G 756 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Japanese, single, skilled mechanic, ten years driving foreign, domestic automobiles; abstainer; efficient, trustworthy, polite; careful driver; no objection room with board; willing handy; city or country; best recommendation. Kurabu, Columbus 9710. 23 West 65th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—We save several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, careful driver, wishes steady and private position; city or country; good references. Richard Scooler, 120 West 101st St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Five years' driving experience, Pierce, Cadillac, Marmon cars; best references; good mechanic. John Clark, 696 10th Av.

CHAUFFEUR. Educated, good appearance, 24 years old, 4 years' experience on Cadillac and Chandler; $20 weekly. Cathedral 8550. Thanyi, 309 Manhattan Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—English, age 34; 10 years' experience; prompt, reliable. T. Brown, 101 West 85th St. A. Circle 920.

CHAUFFEUR AND USEFUL MAN, wife as nurse-maid; country or city; references. A 811 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, wishes private position; references. Bertram, 485 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 8 years' experience, wishes private position; city reference. Chauffeur, Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR, married; 12 years' experience foreign, domestic cars; A1 reference; city, country. Write Box 21, 1,515 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR-Mechanic; 12 years' experience; references; Florida preferred. Clark, 251 West 68th St.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, 35, married, private position, Cadillac preferred; references. A 92 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; high-class cars; references. Mulley, 322 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic wants position in city or country. Phone Morningside 7770.

CHEMIST, (31;) capable, energetic; 2 years' practical experience general analyst; position having future; plant operation preferred; honorably discharged U. S. Army. G 788 Times Downtown.

CIVIL ENGINEER, 6 years' experience, wishes position in or about New York. L 307 Times.

COAL CONSUMERS OR PRODUCERS.—Technically trained executive, knowledge gained in big every phase from mine to consumer, desires employment either temporary or permanent with consuming or producing corporation interesting in problems of production, combustion, development, operation, marketing and transportation; honorably discharged officer, corps of engineers, U. S. Army and immediately available for duty anywhere. Y 326 Times Annex.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 20, Christian, army discharge; opportunity, personality, ambition, energy; A 110 Times.

CORRESPONDENT AND LIVE WIRE.
Direct by mail; selling campaigns that bring results; let me call with samples; college graduate; forceful writer; married; salary, $40 a week. A 108 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, writer of sales literature and real business letters, ex-manager of small concern; excellent references; Christian; honorably discharged; salary expected $40. R 780 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Structural; 5 years' experience designing, detailing, steel, and concrete. S 601 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, airplane, ornamental iron, structural, desires position; six years' experience. A 101 Times.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER takes work for spare time. Box 22, 1,515 3d Av.

ENGINEER.—Chief or master mechanic; 20 years' experience; best references. L 400 Times.

EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE.
Well-known business man, sailing shortly, will represent reliable house in London, Paris. K 45 Times.

EXECUTIVE.
An energetic man of family, personality and character, past 46, with over 20 years' continued executive experience in the manufacture, sale, and distribution of textile and other products, seeks new business connection, either with established business or newly organized industry. S 626 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, combining knowledge of factory management, production, selling, exporting, importing, and general administrative methods, a corporation officer prior entering Government service, released, desires position where experience and enthusiasm in a growing organization. S 609 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, office and sales manager, competent bookkeeper and correspondent; a hard worker and highly efficient; commendable references; honorably discharged from Officers' Training Camp; Christian; salary expected $2,000 yearly. R 790 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Position in civil life desired by Lieutenant Colonel, General Staff; graduate West Point and U. of P. Law School; 16 years' experience executive work. R. M. B., Room 342, War Department, Washington, D. C.

EXPERT TOOLMAKER AND MACHINIST. —Married; 8 years' experience; desires position as foreman; references. Advertiser, 624 Hudson St., West Hoboken, N. J.

EXPORT-IMPORT.—Young man correspondent in English, Russian, and German languages, six years' experience, conscientious worker, highest credentials, desires position with opportunity. S 608 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN SALESMAN, office manager, 18 months Paris, (1908-9,) seeks export connection for either immediate selling abroad or preparation for future representation in future; American, age 30, speaks French and German fluently; Christian. A 100 Times.

GENTLEMAN, severing relations U. S. Food Administration, desires connection where legal, executive, investigative, diplomatic ability is demanded. A 102 Times.

HARDWARE SALESMAN, window trimmer, (23,) seeks opportunity first-class concern. G 718 Times Downtown.

INVESTIGATOR, now engaged with foremost detective agency, desires change; special investigation, factory production, leaks, personal services or supervision, investigation, organization; highest personal and business credentials. Address Goldsmith, 2,500 Broadway.

MAN, 30, married, desires position with responsible contracting firm; 12 years' experience in building trades, railroad construction work, and road pavement; capable of discharging duties of executive; can furnish reference and security if necessary. L 357 Times.

MAN.—Capable of superintending any large building in New York; highest references; thoroughly reliable; employed at present; interview me. A 107 Times.

MAN, wide business experience, bank and financial training, accustomed to meet big men, open for engagement; in or out city. L 362 Times.

MAN, 37, executive ability, solicits position, bookkeeper, cashier, salesman. S 582 Times Downtown.

MAN, qualified to manage an estate, open to engagement; always held positions of trust. L 363 Times.

MAN, 37; ten years' experience timekeeping, payroll material. A 1011 Times Harlem.

MANAGER.—Columbia graduate, (28,) with legal education, feasible sales ideas and successful sales experience, a constructive accountant and vigorous correspondent; not spectacular, but with capacity for detail and consistent, hard work; salary $75. L 306 Times.

MANAGER, representative, army discharge, wide awake, thorough going business chap, desires connection with manufacturer; representative firm. A 91 Times.

MANAGER or salesman, phonographs, player pianos; department or store; repair all phonographs. Address Butler, 102 Milford Av., Newark.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, technical graduate, 17 years' experience erecting and testing boilers, engines, pumps of all kinds, condenser installations, power plant construction U. S. and abroad; would consider foreign location. S 597 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER and Draftsman, —12 years power houses, industrial plant, equipment and design, heating, ventilating, structural, and reinforced concrete. B 495 Times Downtown.

PIANIST, cabaret and movie experience, with Gate City Jazz Band. L 358 Times.

REAL ESTATE.—American, extensive practical experience leasing, renting, selling, looking after properties, &c., with clientele, desires to associate himself with responsible firm; Manhattan or west side; remunerative interest in business brought about. Address Estate, L 302 Times.

REAL ESTATE.—Young man, 20, with five years' experience, honorably discharged from U. S. Aviation, desires position with opportunities for advancement. S. P., 338 Lincoln Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Renting agent or renting and supervising repairs of estate; American, age 55; active bond and reference. L 336 Times.

SALESMAN, &c.—Naval officer, released from Naval Air Service, available for position as salesman or sales executive; college graduate, 29, married, but willing to travel; five years' selling experience and formerly sales manager for one of New York's leading automobile distributors; commission, with drawing account, or salary and commission. B 104 Times.

SALESMAN, who has specialized in Sterling silverware, desires to connect with representative retail concern; has knowledge and ability to buy and sell silverware, jewelry, or kindred lines; able to manage a department and produce results; well recommended. S 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires position ANY CAPACITY; expert stenographer, bookkeeper, secretarial, and selling experience; exceptional references. P 251 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, successfully selling to merchants, ten years dry goods, two year selling shoes, open for position here or foreign; selling or buying. A 87 Times.

SALESMAN.—Honorable discharge; desires to connect with good line of women's wear for city or road. L 366 Times.

SALESMAN, with ability, 23, seeks connection where results will be rewarded; will travel if necessary. A 86 Times.

SALESMAN.—Linens and piece goods; thoroughly acquainted, Southern States. P. O. Box 243, Lenox Hill Station.

SALESMAN, JUNIOR, EXPERIENCED, INITIATIVE; REFERENCES. L 381 TIMES.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' mercantile, machinery, purchasing, and transportation experience; age 30; married; present concern liquidating. L 373 Times.

SECRETARY, EXECUTIVE'S.—LL. B., experienced industrial and banking law; high-class people; engineering experience; stenographer. S 595 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, discharged soldier; good references (12 years); experienced. S 591 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (18;) experienced, conscientious; highly educated; capable; any thing offering future. A 75 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, 12 years' experience in high-class elevator apartment; own tools; trustworthy, sober; with executive ability; highest references. Snyder, 103 West 56th.

SUPERINTENDENT and draftsman, building construction, wishes position; city or country. H 205 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT of large country estate experienced; highest of references. A 111 Times.

TEACHER of mathematics, also English branches, Latin; 15 years' experience; gentleman, wishes engagement; would consider tutoring. A 93 Times.

TIMEKEEPER, payroll clerk, thoroughly experienced, reliable, honest; desires connection with progressive concern. S 594 Times Downtown.

TRANSLATIONS—English, French, Spanish, Italian; young man, 25; publishing company, commercial house; particulars upon request. L 356 Times.

TWO YOUNG MEN, honorable discharge, college education, willing, ambitious, desire position to travel, preferably in South. Y 276 Times Annex.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, First Lieutenant, infantry, honorably discharged, wishes position with a future. W 507 Times Downtown.

YOUNG man, (married,) with knowledge of accounting, State and Federal taxation, corporate procedure, capable of performing the duties of secy and treas. of corporation, or office manager, desires permanent connection; state salary. B 490 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 31, THREE YEARS' SELLING AND BUSINESS EXPERIENCE IN VARIOUS LINES, ALSO EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER, WISHES TO CONNECT WITH RELIABLE FIRM. A 466 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) Christian, college graduate, desires position as assistant statistician; thorough knowledge statistical methods; salary reasonable. L 365 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, educated, hustler, three years' steel, grain, office experience, sergeant army, discharged, eligible reserve commission, substantial connection with future desired; references. Searight, Broadway Central Hotel.

YOUNG MAN, 27, honorably discharged, number years experience as correspondent, cashier, knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, credits, desires connection with reliable concern; A1 references. S 592 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21); married; prep. school education; released from Government work; desires a position; will start at bottom if opportunity; preferable import or export house. A. 2., 210 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, general office man, seeks permanent, responsible position; figurer, payroll man, cashier, bookkeeper, typist, correspondent; expert penman; unquestionable references. L 353 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, capable correspondent; five years' executive, office managerial, traveling experience; credits and collection knowledge. L 336 Times.

YOUNG MAN, released from navy, high school graduate, speaks Spanish, banking experience, seeks export connection. K 44 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19;) naval release; wishes position with silk or cotton concern; high school graduate; several months' experience previous to enlistment. 406 W. 43d St.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) college student, honorably discharged, desires work evenings. G 372 Times.

YOUNG MAN, bright, wishes traveling position to assist salesman, no matter where to go; splendid reference. L 297 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position as cashier; experience restaurant. Wm. Julian, 205 East 33d St.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, speaks Spanish, desires position; advancement. S 573 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes clerical position bill clerk, typist, and understands pay roll. H. Dusek, 50 East End Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wants evening work; high school education; clerical line preferred. Write J., 443 Amsterdam Av.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires opportunity; thorough knowledge office details; references. A 1012 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (20;) IN ADVERTISING FIRM; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE; COLLEGE TRAINED. A 1008 TIMES HARLEM.

YOUNG MAN, 23, thoroughly competent, desires position with brokerage concern. S 584 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN; army discharge; some bookkeeping experience; excellent reference. S 583 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, resigned commission, seeks connection with growing firm. S 615 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) High School graduate, desires position with advancement. B 500 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) wishes position at anything; some selling experience. S 586 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position with commercial house; chance for advancement; best references. B 485 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, knowledge bookkeeping desires opportunity. A 88 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position with chance of advancement. B 484 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) college education, seeks position offering good future. S 608 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, commercial experience, desires connection with reliable concern. A 97 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, six years' business experience, advancement, selling ability. L 324 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good education, and appearance, wishes position with silk concern. L 325 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (21) seeks connection with a growing concern. S 614 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position at anything worth while. A 90 Times.

YOUNG MAN DESIRES POSITION; WILLING TO TRAVEL. L 382 TIMES.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

BEST & CO.
want
STOCK GIRLS
and
JUNIORS.
GOOD WAGES AND A COURSE OF TRAINING TO DEVELOP THEM FOR ADVANCEMENT.
PARTICULARS TO CALL WITH DAUGHTERS.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 W. 35TH ST., OPEN 8:30 TILL 10 A. M.
APPLY ALL WEEK.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — Take complete charge; initiative; capable correspondent; familiarity with follow-up system desired. 473 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER wanted, experienced in manufacturing line. Call Friday and Saturday, Lester & Oppenheimer, 42 White St.

BOOKKEEPER, reliable and experienced, and stenographer; $20 per week; call private office, 783 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with wholesale trimmed hat house. Whitman, 598 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Call Friday, 9 to 11, Standard Hosiery Mills, 487 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST.—$60 a month. Apply T. L. McCrody, 38 East 41st St.

CANDY WRAPPERS wanted; steady employment, good wages. Apply Room 216-E, 30 Church St.

CHAMBERMAID to assist with ironing. 1,186 Madison Av., near 84th St.

CHAUFFEUSS for inclosed Ford used in R. C. work; must be expert Ford driver. Address A. 83 Times.

CHECKERS.
Food checkers on any systems; experience not essential, but preferable; will conduct school for those desiring to enter this profession; good salary and meals. Apply National Cash Register Co., 1,170 Broadway, Room 205.

CHECKER wanted for advertising agency; must be bright, quick, hard-working American; $12. Call Saturday morning, Harry Porter Company, 18 East 41st St.

COOK AND CHAMBERMAID-WAITRESS. — 2 friends, in apartment. 69 East 56th. Plaza 2129.

DESIGNER, exclusive ladies' silk underwear specialist on camisoles and envelope chemise. Call R. & R. Underwear, Inc., 47 West 34th.

DETECTIVE.—Confidential work; competent, trustworthy, loyal; must state salary, references. K 46 Times.

DICTAPHONE.
Large growing concern has opening for ambitious operator; unusual chance for advancement; favorable working conditions; light office within easy reach; luncheon; state age, experience, salary expected. D., P. O. Box 229, New York City.

DICTAPHONE or EDIPHONE OPERATOR.—Curtis Publishing Company has good opportunity for permanent position at their plant in Philadelphia. Apply either in person or by letter, giving complete record of experience and training; also salary desired. Address Curtis Publishing Company, Employment Office, Independence Square, Philadelphia, Penn.

DICTAPHONE AND UNDERWOOD OPERATOR.—Experienced and efficient; position permanent; good pay for those who have quality; must be good spellers and have had several years' experience in busy offices; none others need apply; apply immediately ready to work. 1913, 200 Broadway.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR; EXPERIENCED; KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY; RAPID TYPIST. GOOD GRAMMARIAN. GRIFFON CUTLERY WORKS, 74 6TH AV.

ELEVATOR OPERATORS, experienced, white only, of neat appearance. Apply 340 Madison Av., 4th floor, from 3 P. M. to 5 P. M.

EXAMINER.—Young woman competent to examine and supervise the boxing of Christmas novelties; answer by mail, stating age and salary. Address Supt. Langedorf, 12 Spring.

FILING CLERK.—High school or college graduate; must possess initiative, common sense, knowledge of filing, ability direct work of assistants; excellent chance of advancement; state fully qualifications, age, experience, religion and phone number. A 102 Times Downtown.

FITTERS AND DESIGNERS, experienced, for skirts and waists; highest class work; good positions. Apply by letter, L 354 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, family of two; no laundry. Apply mornings, Apt. 1A, 180 West 96th.

GIRL, wanted, intelligent, strong, to care for two babies, youngest 1 year old; no hospital training necessary; am willing to train and advance in pay a conscientious girl who desires permanent position; reference for character and disposition wanted. Phone Kingsbridge 15.

GIRLS, about 16, to make themselves generally useful, large retail commercial stationery store; permanent position; excellent chance for advancement; good salary. S. H., 271 Times Downtown.

GIRL wanted for general housework; small family. Mrs. L. M. Livingston, 430 Riverside Drive, Apartment 2-C.

GOVERNESS wanted for 2 children, 7 and 10, or 1 and 5 years old; must be fond of children; good home and salary to right person. Call Monday, 10 A. M., 1,120 Park Av.

HAIRDRESSER.—Marcel waver. Fannette, 17 West 42d St.

LACE JENNIERS wanted. Apply North American Lace Co., 108 5th Av.

LADY with good connections can earn liberal commissions by selling stock of high-class, industrial company of exceptional merit. A 467 Times Downtown.

LIBRARY ASSISTANT.—YOUNG WOMAN HAVING LIBRARY TRAINING WANTED BY WELL-KNOWN BANKING HOUSE; REPLY, GIVING AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, LANGUAGES READ, IF ANY, STENOGRAPHIC ABILITY, COMPLETE DETAILS REGARDING EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS F. F., P. O. BOX 372, CITY HALL STATION.

LUNCH ROOM WORK.
Young women, by New York Telephone Co., for general work in girls' lunch room; pleasant surroundings; eight-hour day; permanent position; salary $12 to $14, according to length of service. Apply 58 West Houston St., New York, or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

MAID.—Useful; good wages. Operon, 2,211 Broadway and 76th St.; call 8-9 P. M.

MANICURE EXPERT; also apprentices and learners. Fannette, 17 West 42d St.

MILLINERY DESIGNERS
wanted for high-class tailored and trimmed hat house; only those having had experience on high-grade ready-to-wear hats need apply. B 90 Times.

MILLINERY DESIGNER, experienced on line ranging from $24 to $36 ready-to-wear; good opportunity for right party. Whitman, 598 Broadway.

MODELS.—ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON WRAPS IN SHOWROOM; SIZES 16 AND 36, 5 DAYS IN WEEK; GOOD SALARY. WILLIAM FISCHMAN, 15 EAST 26TH ST.

MODEL, SIZE 16, TALL, ATTRACTIVE AND EXPERIENCED, FOR SUITS AND COATS; LARGEST SALARY; LONG SEASON. SINGER BROS., 136 MADISON AV.

MODEL AND TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Steady position; junior model must be able to operate switchboard. Reisman, Rothman & Bieber, 1,372 Broadway.

MODELS.—Junior and misses, size 16, on coats; experienced; steady position; good pay. Call all week 16 West 25th St., 4th floor.

MOTHER'S HELPER of nursery governess to assist with four children, or assume entire charge of two, one 9 months and one 2 years old, (girls); also help with two boys, 6 and 8 years old; must be fond of and understand children; capable of mending and sewing; salary according to experience and capability; three full days' leave of absence every month, two months' vacation, and a ticket to one of the best shows once a month; must have reference; state age, experience, religion, and addresses of references when writing; salary and when able to accept a position; one-half hour from New York City. B 105 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER, with general housework; references. Please call 2,546 Creston Av., Bronx.

NURSE MAID, care child 3½ years old; personal references necessary. 25 Claremont Av., Apt. 3B, near Riverside Drive and 116th St.

NURSE, competent, wanted for four-year-old child, and to assist in light housekeeping. 122 East 95th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—State experience and salary expected; permanent. Y 327 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT AND TYPIST.—Apply Hotel Bossert, Montague St., Brooklyn, 10-12 A. M.

OFFICE WORKER.—Young woman for general office work. A 474 Times Downtown.

SALESLADIES for gown department; highest salaries paid; only experienced apply. Hagedorn's, Broadway and 61st St.

SALESLADY. — EXPERIENCED IN FITTING CHILDREN'S SHOES. APPLY J. & J. SLATER, 1 EAST 57TH ST.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.—Curtis Publishing Company invites written or personal application from experienced stenographers for permanent positions at their plant in Philadelphia; give complete record of experience and personal qualifications also salary desired. Address application to Curtis Publishing Company, Employment Office, Independence Square, Philadelphia, Penn.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced for downtown New York office; person familiar with export and import business preferred; state experience, age, and salary expected. Reply Hudson Stores, Inc., P. O. Box 266, Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, experienced only, no beginners; Underwood machine; salary $17; state age; permanent and very desirable position to right party. S 612 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; familiar with billing. Apply, full particulars, B 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; Spanish-English; state qualifications, references, and salary desired. A 466 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady; also knowledge bookkeeping. Apply 1,182 Broadway, Room 402, between 11:30 and 1 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Neat, educated, systematic; part or full time work; will consider beginner. L 372 Times.

STRAW HAT OPERATOR.—Girl to work from February to June; out of city; make arrangements now. Y 258 Times Annex.

TEACHER.—Elderly lady, unable to read, write, desires competent teacher daily. Instruction, K 47 Times.

TELEP

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

MAKE MORE MONEY

by investing at the right job. Character analysis tells you by infallible methods what you are, and gives you practical aid in selecting the position in which you will achieve greatest success.

Merton's character readings and vocational counsel have aided thousands. Read by appointment. Also classes in character analysis now forming.

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96 5th Av., at 16th St.
Phone Chelsea 4064.

CAN YOU JUDGE MEN?

Do you know how to "size up" the people you meet daily? Hear Dr. Holmes W. Merton's Vocational Counselor, lecture on "How To Judge People," on Monday, Jan. 6, at 8 P.M.; write, or phone Chelsea 4064 for complimentary admission card and details of classes in Character Analysis, now forming at Merton Institute, 96 Fifth Av., at 16th St.

MEN, YOUR FUTURE IS ASSURED

IF YOU KNOW ACCOUNTANCY. Advancement, income, prestige, are yours. An opportunity of a lifetime. Investigate. No pulling whatever. Ask for Bulletin 40. Pace Courses—approved by prominent business men everywhere and given (evenings) at the N. Y. M. C. A. Write P. P. Lamphear, 316 West 23d St., N. Y., or A. I. Hardy, 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

INCREASING DEMAND today for men with knowledge of advertising; a valuable asset in securing desirable positions; hear "Planning an Advertising Campaign," by Herbert Bliven of Printers' Ink, Wednesday evening, Jan. 8 at 8 P. M.; free; all men invited. Write, phone or call for admission card. 124 W. Y. M. C. A., 215 W. 23d St., Chelsea 4064.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Fullman Bldg., New York.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin, "Do You Realize," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed, Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for booklet and visit our garage. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AEROPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.
STENO. and FILE CLERK.—Downtown position, patent law experience, charge of files; $1,800 year.
BOOKKEEPER.—To take full charge under direction of printing concern; $1,200 year.
STENOGRAPHER and BOOKKEEPER.—Secretarial position, very little stenography; to help in accounting matters; $1,300 year.
STENOGRAPHER and SECRETARY.—In downtown steel corporation; very nice office; statistical experience required; $1,800 year.
STENOGRAPHER.—For cotton goods commission house; good experience; $1,000 yr.
STENOGRAPHER.—Wall St., experience; $1,000 year.
STENOGRAPHER.—In downtown bank, to act as secretary and general assistant to head of department; knowledge of Spanish; $1,500 year and bonus.
STENOGRAPHER.—Nice personality, with high school education, for advertising solicitor; $900 year.
TYPIST.—To make up loss and fire reports in insurance concern, downtown; $900 year.
CLERKS, 9 to 4:30 o'clock, Room 725.

TEACHERS of manual training wanted immediately for private boarding school near New York; good salary. Fisk Teachers Agency, 156 5th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

JEFFERSON 1918 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1918 TOWN CAR.
CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 7-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 TOWN CAR.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood Limousine.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 TOWN CAR.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 48 LIMOUSINE.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,760 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.,
1917 Franklin Sedan. 1918 4-pass. Dodge Sed's
1917 Hudson Sedan. 1917 Hudson Limous.
1917 Hupmobile Sedan. 1917 Hupmobile Sedan
1916 Oldsmobile Sedan. 1917 Oldsmobile Sedan
1916 Cadillac Sedan. Many others.
1,778 Broadway, (57th), one flight. Circle 1417.

A SELECTED ASSORTMENT
of the finest and latest models in used cars can be found anywhere in N. Y. are now awaiting your inspection.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC.,
1,676 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 65.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan; latest importation.
1916 SIMPLEX Limousine Landaulet.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 PACKARD Touring.
1918 CADILLAC Suburban Limousine.
1918 DANIELS 4-passenger touring.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUDSON suburban.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 CHEVROLET touring.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW touring.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger touring.
1917 HUDSON sedan.
1917 OWEN MAGNETIC touring.
1917 MAXWELL sedan.
1917 HUDSON chrislet.
1916 MARMON town car.
1916 S. G. V. Roadster, 4-passenger. Fleetwood body.
1917 CADILLAC touring; excellent condition.
1916 STUTZ Speedster Bearcat.
TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
1917 PACKARD 2-ton.
1917 SIGN AL 2½-ton.
1918 GARFORD, 2-ton; cannot be told from new.
GARFORD, 5-ton; duron power hoist; has 2 sets of brand-new tires.
1917 F.B.O., 3-ton.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 58TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No new cars on used cars.
Phone 067-668 Circle.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Black, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.
BUICK 1917 runabout, $650. 1,980 Broadway.
BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
Cadillac 1918 Sedan.
Cadillac 1918 Touring.
Cadillac 1917 Chummy.
Cadillac 1917 Sporting—4.
Cadillac 1917 Roadster.
Stutz 1918 Suburban Sedan.
Stutz 1918 Speedster.
Stutz 1918 Touring.
Stutz 1917 Sporting—4.
Packard 1918 Touring.
Hudson 1918 Special Sedan.
Biddle 1918 Sporting—4.
Buick 1918 Roadster.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.
CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA, 4-Pass.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
DODGE 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 CABRIOLET.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 3-38 TOURING, 7-Pass.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 66th St. Columbus 5078-5079.
CADILLAC SEDAN, run 12,000 miles; perfect condition; $3,000 cash; owner going abroad; inspection by appointment. 'Phone 3462 Rector.
CADILLAC 1917 touring; also Cadillac coupe, extras. Kenneth Campbell, 255 West 50th St.
CADILLAC 1917, Amesbury suburban sedan. George Wallace Copley,
[illegible] 5th Av. Plaza 4837.
CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 58TH ST.
CHALMERS five-passenger touring, 1916; all good shoes, 2 spares.
[illegible] W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.
CHEVROLET, 1918, for sale; 5 cylinder; almost brand-new; only went 5,000 miles; fire insurance. Apply 57 West 26th, or phone Chelsea 6778.
CHEVROLET, 4918, baby grand; many extras; perfect condition. Phone Chelsea [illegible] 26th, 4th floor.
CHEVROLET Electric, late model, newly painted; brand new battery; excellent mechanical condition; bargain at $1,750. Telephone Mrs. Menafee, Columbus 3725.
DODGE SEDAN, practically new and in beautiful condition throughout. A. B. Leonard, 1,751 Broadway.
FORD touring, perfect mechanical condition; paint, tires almost new; $550. 1,930 Broadway.
FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, INC.,
1,776 B'WAY, ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR.
CADILLAC SUBURBAN SEDAN.
1917 HUDSON SEDAN, SUPER SIX.
1917 ROADSTER.
1918 BUICK BROUGHAM.
ALL SPECIALS. MANY OTHERS.
FRANKLIN touring 1918 Demonstrator, repainted, guaranteed.
FRANKLIN touring, 1917, wire wheels; paint like new; fine mechanical condition.
FRANKLIN touring, 1916; extra fine condition; Goodyear Cord Tires.
FRANKLIN Sedan, 1918; mechanically and interior like new.
FRANKLIN Sedan, 1917; wire wheels, with spare; paint and tires better than average. Franklin Used Car Dept.,
[illegible] W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.
OVERLAND six, Sedan, (Continental Motor;) silver special body. Very smart.
Franklin Used Car Dept.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.
OVERLAND 1917 chummy roadster, also 1917 Scripps-Booth; reasonable. 1,980 B'way.
PACKARD (1918) limousine, 3-35; almost new.
CADILLAC (1918) 4 passenger touring.
PIERCE-ARROW (1918) limousine, 38 h. p. 12 Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4278 Rector.
PACKARD 3-38 limousine, like new; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.
PIERCE-ARROW, 48 h. p., 1915 touring; run 20,000 miles; excellent condition; three new Goodyear cord tires go with car; price $3,000; on view garage, 137 Milton Road, Rye, New York. Telephone 104 Rye. O. T. Paine.
PIERCE, 1917, 48, landaulet, practically new. HERMAN N. KARP, INC.,
1,676 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 65.

SELECT USED CARS.
De Dion Sedan; Westinghouse starter.
1917 Hupmobile Sedan.
1917 Buick Limousine.
1916 Cadillac Coupe.
1916 Cadillac Touring.
INTERSTATE AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.
SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, brougham, new tires, mechanically perfect; $1,000. 1,930 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 3 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STUDEBAKER USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS Sedan, (Springfield type;) repainted; linings like new; 2 spare tires. Franklin Used Car Dept.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.
STUDEBAKER LIMOUSINE, driven only a few miles for demonstrating purposes; because of this and the fact that it is slightly shopworn, you can save $650 on this 1918 model Studebaker Limousine, which is practically brand new and fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, 1,751 Broadway, 52d floor.
STUDEBAKER BROUGHAM.—Beautiful 1918 "four" cylinder TOWN CAR, used for demonstrating purposes only; practically brand new and fully guaranteed; you can save $875 on this car if you act quick. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St. SEE MR. CHRISTIE.
STUDEBAKER ROADSTER.—Beautiful '18 "six" roadster in absolutely perfect condition throughout and fully guaranteed; new car costs $1,725. SPECIAL PRICE TODAY, $875. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway, second floor.
STUDEBAKER, small 5-pass. Six; practically new '18 model, driven very little; perfect condition; new car guarantee; SPECIAL TODAY, $975. Studebaker Corporation, Broadway at 56th St., second floor.
STUDEBAKER '18 TOUR.-SEDAN for $875; overhauled, revarnished and in beautiful condition, equipped with new cord tires. Studebaker Corp., Broadway at 56th St., second floor.
STUDEBAKER Coupe, '17 series, 4-passenger; ready for service; $675. Franklin Used Car Dept.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.
STUTZES, 1918-1917-1916 MODELS.
BURRELLE, 1,760 BROADWAY.
STUTZ 1917 Speedster, wire wheels; practically new; make cash offer. 1,980 B'way.
STUTZ 1917 sedan, mechanically perfect, but needs painting; sacrifice. 1,930 Broadway.
TAXICABS.—We are offering 30 Hupmobiles, 1917; 40 slow cabs, 1916 and 1917, same as Black & White; 1 baby Stearns, 1915, landaulet; 1 Maxwell, 1916. These cabs all ready and all parts guaranteed; easy payment. P. W. Auto Sales Co., 104 West 57th. Phone Circle 937.
VELIE 1917 town car; almost new, $1,100; bargain. 1,930 Broadway.

Motor Trucks.

SEVERAL 3½ or 5 ton trucks wanted; standard make; must be good condition; full particulars and price for spot cash. A 116 Times Sq.
FOUR 3½-ton used trucks in good condition; immediate delivery. W. J. McAvoy, The White Co., 57th St. and Park Av. Telephone 6100 Plaza.
Motor trucks, 5½ tons, singles, doubles, 3-horse, windless trucks; open contracts. Dock Trucking Co., Lackawanna Plaza, Hoboken.
TRUCK opportunity. I have a 5-ton Pierce-Arrow chassis; sacrifice cash only $2,350. Rosenzweig, 221 West 53d.
TRUCK bargain. Two 2-ton Pierce-Arrow chassis; used 3 months; sacrifice immediate cash considered. 221 West 53d.
MACK, 3, 5 ton trucks; owners drive; work wanted anywhere. Bergen 2728R.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 304 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.
PACKARDS, twin sixes; Pierce-Arrows; hour, season. Muldoon, 264 West 69th. Columbus 2161.
CADILLAC, beautiful limousine for hire; hour, day, week, or month; monthly preferred. 338 West 70th St. Phone Col. 7634.

Automobiles Wanted.

DODGE SEDAN, 1917 or 1918, wanted; in good condition; no dealers. Miller, Bath Beach 336.
WANTED—Stutz, National, Pierce-Arrow, Packard, or Buick; price must be reasonable. P. O. Box 103, Flushing, N. Y.
WANTED—Late model cars; highest prices; cash. 716 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 878, open evenings and Sunday.
Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5413 Fordham.

Automobile Bodies.

BODIES. BODIES.
One new landaulet body; will fit Packard, Pierce or any other car; will sacrifice for $400; cost $2,000; never used; also MacFarland limousine body, $275, if taken at once; act quick. 221 West 53d.
PACKARD.—Have a 4-passenger coupe body, new, never mounted; cost $1,500; will sacrifice, $750. Dunham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.
LIMOUSINE BODY for Packard and other chassis. 244 West 49th St., 4th floor.

Automobile Instruction.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 56th St. | Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 2.—Fifty-seven new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,210,000, were chartered today. They include:

The Goldieg Corp., Bronx, realty and motion pictures, $5,000; C. A. Goldieg, C. S. Schlesinger, B. Leo, 607 West 191st St.

Well Made Novelty Co., Manhattan, embroidery and buckling business, $7,500; H. Rosnikoff, A. Datz, Misrach, 459 6th Av.

Carpenter Tire and Rubber, Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; M. E. Carpenter, H. M. Rudiger, M. F. Hennessy, 166 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

Adler & Adler, Inc., Manhattan, women's wear establishment, $50,000; Leon Adler, A. D. Lindau, M. Stern, 331 Glenmore Av., Brooklyn.

Plant & Ahrens, Inc., Brooklyn, carbonated and aerated beverages, $30,000; F. L. and E. J. Plant, D. F. Ahrens, 255 Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

Phoenix Stores Corp., Manhattan, storage and warehousing, $5,000; D. D. Luckey, A. M. Sullivan, Y. L. Burkel, 150 Macdougal St.

Dempsey-Glavin Electric Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; M. W. Voit, J. A. Dempsey, E. F. Glavin, 236 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

National Office Specialty Co., Manhattan, department store, $5,000; J. H. E. and R. H. Valentine, I. G. Herman, 25 West 42d St.

Power Records Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; D. A. Wilson, R. E. Dey, C. H. George, 43 Exchange Place.

O. and R. Enterprises, Inc., Brooklyn, motion pictures, $5,000; M. Oestreicher, W. A. Brambon, G. R. Hommeller, 226 St. Johns Place, Brooklyn.

The Planer Guard Co., Syracuse, devices and safeguarding machinery, $50,000; O. Royal, W. S. Lyon, C. E. Allen, Syracuse.

Savoy Bakery and Restaurant, Manhattan, $10,000; Cohen A. and Rachtenberg, B. Goodrich, 1,009 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Fellner and Stepper Dress Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. and B. Stepper, M. Fellner, 222 Mercy Av., Brooklyn.

Lipschultz-Rosenblum, Inc., Brooklyn, general grocery business, $10,000; L. Elgwitz, A. Albert, I. Rosenblum, 320 East 84th St.

Sixth Avenue Garage, Brooklyn, $5,000; A. Hochstadt, H. Pacht, L. Greenberg, 717 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

Metropolitan Forwarding Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; W. H. and F. Schumacher, J. W. Mangel, 210 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Champion & Ryan, Inc., Manhattan, deal in merchandise of all kinds, $10,000; G. J. Dacey, A. J. Ryan, C. H. Champion, 644 West 204th St.

Weinberg & Belrach, Inc., Manhattan, stationery and specialties, $10,000; I. Scheffries, I. Weinberg, B. Belrach, 110 Henry St.

New York Recreation Hall, Inc., Manhattan, restaurant and amusements, $20,000; W. Gerstinger, C. A. Pearson, R. J. Knoepel, 2,423 Morris Av.

Kantrowitz, Drubin & Co., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $75,000; F. H. Kantrowitz, S. A. Drubin, A. White, 32 East 21st St.

City Corrugated Paper Products Co., Manhattan, $20,000; C. Hilsig, A. Cooper Smith, L. Dorfmann, 4,648 Broadway.

K-N-D Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, confectionery, $10,000; M. and B. B. Bouchwitz, E. Bloch, 1,515 President St., Brooklyn.

George Posner & Co., Brooklyn, hats and caps, $10,000; L. Rosenstrauss, L. Bosner, S. Werner, 36 Stagg St., Brooklyn.

Frank Moons, Inc., Brooklyn, groceries and foodstuffs, $250,000; R. and J. F. Mosca, 1,128 East 38th St., Brooklyn.

Silver Purchase and Sales Corp., Manhattan, jewelry and silverware, $10,000; F. F. Feinberg, M. Bernheim, W. S. Meyers, 664 West 161st St.

Boston Woolen Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $75,000; L. Solomon, M. and N. A. Rubin, 105 West 112th St.

Royal Onyx Shrinking Works, Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; A. Fergus, L. Marks, S. E. Dribben, 2,302 Southern Av., Bronx.

Kerner & Goldberg, Inc., Manhattan, dry goods and dress goods, $15,000; J. Goldberg, P. Elsenberg, R. Kerner, 1,890 Crotona Parkway, Bronx.

Sales Extension Corp., Manhattan, act as selling agents, $100,000; W. D. Allen, F. Langenberg, T. E. Richardson, 51 Liberty St.

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The Borough Jobbers, Inc., Manhattan, women's and children's clothing, $20,000; M. Brinkrant, J. Stichl, S. Rosenberg, 500 West 149th St.

A. L. Reade & Co., Manhattan, jewelry and novelties, $35,000; H. Wood, H. B. and A. L. Rosenberger, 151 West 58th St.

Imperial Vacuum Cleaner Co., Manhattan, $25,000; H. O. Hall, J. H. Johnson, J. M. Leddy, 41 Park Row.

Arrow Moulding Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Lichtenstein, B. Bernstein, W. L. Rogan, 1,036 Intervale Av., Bronx.

Miller & Moran Chemical Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Miller, A. Moran, T. C. Miller, 1,179 East 21st St., Brooklyn.

Cary Spring Works, Manhattan, springs, tools, and machinery, $50,000; P. S. Hill, F. R. and E. N. Cary, 382 Riverside Drive.

H. Glansburg & Co., Manhattan, women's and children's garments, $10,000; D. S. Kaplan, M. Goldstein, H. Ginsburg, 74 West 114th St.

Peacock Feature Film Exchange, Inc., Schenectady, $25,000; L. K. Keipper, S. Meurs, A. H. Holzhauer, Schenectady.

Hammond & Irving, Inc., Auburn, steel, iron, and other metals, $50,000; M. Irving, C. S. Carr, C. M. Hammond, Auburn.

Madza Amusement Corp., Manhattan, $12,000; S. and A. Schutman, J. Rovenger, 1,971 7th Av.

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Aniline Dyes and Chemicals, Inc., Manhattan, $800,000 to $1,600,000.

Kruskall & Kruskall, Inc., Manhattan, $150,000 to $300,000.

D. Kisch Co., Manhattan, $26,000 to $75,000.

Brett & Goode Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $25,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Braumuller Piano Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $1,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

European-American Fur Co., Manhattan, to A. Kheel & Sons, Inc.

The Punctual Optical Co., Manhattan, to Gem Optical Co.

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Underwood & Underwood, Delaware. Withdrew from business.

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Educational Equipment Co., Manhattan.
Frey & Roesch, Inc., Manhattan.
Addis & Eppstein, Inc., Manhattan.
John McClumpha Grocery Co., Amsterdam.
Sanders & Barnett, Inc., Manhattan.
C. A. D. O. Co., Manhattan.
Miller-Crippen Equipment Co., Syracuse.
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J. W. Greene, Inc., furniture and rugs, &c., $750,000; James W. Greene, Michael J. Crulty, John F. Dwyer, all of Jersey City, N. J.

Davenport Corp., publishing and printing business, $250,000; Delbert E. Davenport, R. F. Dimartine, Philadelphia; E. D. Hanley, Wenonah, N. J.

The Tennessee Oil Co., $200,000; A. W. Britton, Paul S. Smith, Samuel B. Howard, all of New York.

The Thermaisant Co. of America, heaters of various kinds, $100,000; E. P. Toombs, W. Kennedy, E. H. Spence, all of New York.

The S. M. Brown Co., optical goods of all kinds, $90,000; Artemus Smith, J. Hamilton Ayars, Horace G. Eastburn, of Wilmington.

Loyal Organizers' Assn., to encourage and locate firms and promote industrial development, $50,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Standard Steel Propeller Co., $200,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

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INCREASES IN CAPITAL.

Universal Safety Razor Co., Pittsburgh, Penn., from $250,000 to $3,000,000.

Diamond Shoe Co., New York, from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

Tanners' Chilman Schools, Inc., Chicago, Ill., from $200,000 to $300,000.

Interstate Motor Transport Co., Chicago, from $100,000 to $400,000.

Paul Brothers, Inc., Philadelphia, from $200,000 to $300,000.

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Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 2.—Charters filed: W. V. Realty and Investment Co., Newark, real estate, $100,000; Max Kreiger, William Vogel, and Joseph Krieger, all of Newark.

Yankee Stove and Range Co., Newark, $25,000; Meyer Koplan, H. J. Fessler, and Irene Koplan, all of Newark.

Cooper & Hadlow, Inc., Newark, to equip buildings, $100,000; F. W. Cooper and R. A. Cooper of Wilmington, and John F. Faughnan of Newark.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

ARMY OFFICER.

Twenty months' active service in the Quartermaster Corps purchasing, thoroughly familiar with textile lines, desires engagement Feb. 1. Old-established firms desiring young man, age 35, with technical training as new timber, address B 91 Times.

Want good paying garage in New York or Brooklyn; strict investigation. S 599 Times Downtown.

Mechanical engineer will invest $500, part of time; state proposition. A 116 Times.

We organize and finance corporations. Commercial Finance Co., Suite 606 World Bldg.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The following army orders were published by the War Department today:

Medical Corps.

Following to Camp Sherman:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Richardson, M. S. | O'Riordan, T. J.
Hanks, H. McM. | Pote, L. H.
Cook, A. R. | Terrasse, F.
Leib, E. F. | Peter, H.

Bramhall, 1st Lt. R. N.; Hughes, 1st Lt. J. W. and Klemptner, 1st Lt. D., to Hosp. No. 36 at Detroit.

Hubbard, Capt. R. T., and Gathcart, 1st Lt. R., to Hosp. No. 24 at Pittsburgh.

Hill, Capt. A. F., and Gardiner, 1st Lt. W. D., hon. discharged.

Cleland, Capt. J. F.; Bevans, Capt. T. F. and Gross, 1st Lt. W. A., to Army Med. School.

McLean, Capt. G. M.; Odend-Hall, Capt. E. P., and McCreery, Capt. C. E., to Ft. Monroe.

McLean, Capt. E. H., and Anderson, 1st Lt. G. C., to Hosp. No. 11 at Cape May.

Morris, Maj. R. L.; Ryerson, Maj. E. W.; Hutchins, Capt. C. F., and Ireland, Capt. R. D., to Hosp. No. 28 at Ft. Sheridan.

Bucker, Maj. J. P., and Hansen, Maj. E., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Neubauer, Capt. B. F.; Mayers, Capt. S. M.; Stout, Capt. W. M.; McClory, 1st Lt. A.; Meirding, 1st Lt. W. A., and Schreiber, 1st Lt. L. W., to Hosp. No. 29 at Ft. Snelling.

Bledsoe, Capt. E. P.; Daly, 1st Lt. O. P., and Pierson, 1st Lt. F. S., to St. Elizabeth's Hosp.

Winter, Brig. Gen. F. A., detailed a member of the board appointed July 3, 1915, to determine the result of the preliminary examinations of applicants and final examination of candidates for admission to the Medical Corps, and is assigned as commandant of Army Medical School, relieving Col. W. F. Chamberlain, who will report to Surg. Gen.

Keller, Maj. W. N., to Letterman Hosp.

Sitting, Capt. N. D., to Hosp. No. 14 at Ft. Oglethorpe.

Keefer, Col. F. R., to Hosp. No. 51, at Carlisle, Penn.

Maloney, Maj. T. W., to Hosp. No. 9, at Lakewood, N. J.

Birge, Maj. R. H., to Camp Dix.

Caccini, Maj. A. M., to Garden City, Air Service Depot.

Gallagher, Capt. R. V., to School of Radio Operators, Penn Field.

New York Recreation Hall, Inc., Manhattan, restaurant and amusements, $20,000; W. Gerstinger, C. A. Pearson, R. J. Knoepel, 2,423 Morris Av.

Kantrowitz, Drubin & Co., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $75,000; F. H. Kantrowitz, S. A. Drubin, A. White, 32 East 21st St.

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Cooper & Hadlow, Inc., Newark, to equip buildings, $100,000

DRAFT MEN REFUSE TO ACT WITH HEARST

Rejection of Mayor's Invitation by Two Chairmen Reveals Belated Invitation.

SENT OUT ON DECEMBER 28

Security League and Defense Society Go On with Plans for an Independent Welcome.

When it became known yesterday that the Chairmen of two local draft boards had declined Mayor Hylan's invitation extended to them to serve on the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to the Home-coming Troops, it developed that invitations had recently been sent to the Chairmen of all the local draft boards. The Chairman who refused to serve on the committee because of the presence of William Randolph Hearst as Chairman of the Sub-Committee on Military Affairs, were H. P. Hammond, Chairman of Local Board 58, Professor of Sanitary Engineering at the Polytechnic Institute in Brooklyn, and Rudolph P. Miller, Chairman of Local Board 136, who was Superintendent of Buildings in Manhattan from 1910 to 1915.

Grover Whalen, Secretary to the Mayor, said last night that the invitations had been extended to the members of the Local Draft Boards at the request of several of the Chairmen, who, he said, desired to serve on the committee. Mr. Whalen's attention was called to the statement made by Mayor Hylan on Dec. 17, that it had been found necessary to limit the membership of the committee to 5,000, and it was to be regretted that it would be impossible to place on the committee the names of the thousands of applicants to the Mayor's office.

"Why do the invitations to the Chairmen of the local draft boards bear the date of Dec. 28, eleven days after the Mayor said that thousands of applicants would have to be disappointed?" Mr. Whalen was asked.

"There are very few invitations being sent out now," was the reply. "The Mayor's statement stands. The committee is practically all made up. The invitations to the draft boards were sent out recently at the request of several draft board Chairmen who desired places on the committee."

Mr. Whalen was asked how the membership of the sub-committee on military affairs, of which Mr. Hearst is Chairman, would be made up. He said that names from the larger committee, of which Rodman Wanamaker is the head, would be submitted to Mr. Hearst, and if he approved of them the men named would become members of the committee. This procedure, he added, would be followed in the formation of all other sub-committees.

Here is the invitation sent to the Chairmen of the local draft boards:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor,
Dec. 28, 1918.

Dear Sir: The City of New York will receive its returning soldiers, sailors, and marines in a manner appropriate to the valorous deeds which they have accomplished across the seas. Their return to us brings us great joy, which we will endeavor to manifest in the way we receive them.

The people of New York City may be depended upon to acclaim those whose valor and dauntless courage have helped assure for us the prospect of an early and victorious peace.

In order that the city's plans to honor those who return to us and perpetuate the memory of the brave men who have fallen on the field of battle may be perfected, the Mayor is appointing a Committee of Welcome to Home-Coming Troops, of which Mr. Rodman Wanamaker will be Chairman. Through this committee New York City will be able fittingly to welcome and honor its heroic sons.

Your name has been suggested for appointment on this committee, and upon receipt of your acceptance a certificate of membership will be mailed to you. Very truly yours,

GROVER WHALEN,
Secretary to the Mayor.

Professor Hammond's letter to the Mayor's secretary is as follows:

The Polytechnic Institute,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
Department of Civil Engineering,
Jan. 1, 1919.

Mr. Grover A. Whalen, Secretary to the Mayor, City Hall, New York City:

Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your invitation to serve on the Mayor's Committee to Welcome the Home-Coming Troops. Were it not for the appointment of Mr. William Randolph Hearst as sub-Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs I should deem it an honor and a privilege to serve on the committee. It is with a very real regret that I decline. Having had a share in the work of raising our National Army, I should welcome the opportunity of assisting the people of the city to express the esteem and gratitude which is felt by us all for the splendid service our army has rendered the nation and the world. But I cannot consent to serve with the one man who, in my opinion, above all others has earned the condemnation of patriotic Americans which is now so universally expressed by representative men who are declining your invitation. Very truly yours,

H. P. HAMMOND,
Chairman Local Board 58.
Professor of Sanitary Engineering, the Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn.

Here is Mr. Miller's letter to the Mayor's Secretary:

100 Morningside Drive,
New York City, Jan. 1, 1919.

Grover Whalen, Esq., Secretary to the Mayor, City Hall, New York City.

Dear Sir: Acknowledgment is hereby made of the receipt of your letter of Dec. 28, 1918, informing me that my name has been suggested for appointment by the Mayor on a Committee of Welcome to Home-Coming Troops "to honor those who return to us and perpetuate the memory of the brave men who have fallen on the field of battle."

Having had the honor of appointment to and of service on one of the boards to select the men who have so nobly upheld the principle for which their country entered the war, it would have been a great privilege and an additional honor to assist in extending to them a welcome home. It strikes me, however, that it would be highly inconsistent and inappropriate to serve on such a committee any member of which had opposed sending to France the men it is now intended to receive in a manner befitting their service. I understand that the committee appointed by the Mayor is to include such a one in the person of William Randolph Hearst. If that is the case, I am compelled to decline an appointment on the proposed committee. Yours truly,

RUDOLPH P. MILLER,
Chairman of Local Board 136.

The National Security League announced yesterday that it would actively participate in the movement for a suitable public welcome for the returning soldiers, independent of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome. The decision was taken at a weekly meeting of the league's Executive Committee yesterday afternoon at the Lawyers' Club. Colonel Charles E. Lydecker, President of the league, has been named a member of the Executive Committee of the Independent Citizens' Committee.

The American Defense Society announced yesterday that the following men who have refused to serve on the Mayor's committee are co-operating on the independent committee: W. A. Marble, David Leventritt, Ogden Reid, Thomas B. Paton, David Valentine, George H. Benjamin, J. Sargent Cram, Frederick L. Collins, W. J. Glackens, B. H. Gatling, Dr. Samuel McCune Lindsay, and Cass Gilbert.

"We are endeavoring to obtain the support of all civic organizations, women's clubs, and patriotic societies to our plans for a public meeting," said Charles Stewart Davison, Chairman of the committee, yesterday, "and it is evident that the idea of a mass meeting to welcome the returning soldiers and sailors is meeting with emphatic approval. I hope that all organizations that are interested in this work will write me direct.

"The Army and Navy Legion of Valor of the U. S. A. is among the organizations participating in the work, as are the American Rights League, the National Security League, and the Women's Municipal League."

SAVED BRITAIN A BILLION.

Bureau of Special Intelligence Says It Blocked German Trade Efforts.

LONDON, Jan. 2, (via Montreal.)—The Bureau of Special Intelligence at the War Office saved the British Empire at least $1,000,000,000 by the successful manner in which it counteracted enemy activities during the war, says Brig. Gen. George K. Cockerill, the retiring Director, in his farewell message to his associates. The message says that the Germans were active in speculating in raw material, and that this was detected and checked.

One sub-department, the General adds, not content with closing some channels of enemy propaganda, kept others open for the purpose of distributing British propaganda in enemy covers on which postage had been paid by the Germans.

The message refers to the skilled work of the chemists' department in connection with ink secrets, photography, and codes. General Cockerill also pays tribute to the help given his bureau by the Intelligence Departments in the Dominions and the Colonies.

Sabin in Legion of Honor.

Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, received word yesterday that he has been made a Chevalier in the French Legion of Honor. He was notified of his appointment by the French High Commissioner to the United States.

3,500 FREIGHT MEN ON PIERS HERE QUIT

All Railway Water Terminals but New Haven and Long Island Affected.

FREIGHT EMBARGO ORDERED

Strikers Demand Advance from 42 to 50 Cents an Hour, 8-Hour Day, and Overtime Pay.

Freight handlers to the number of about 3,500 employed on railroad piers at this port went on strike yesterday. The strike began on the piers of the New York Central and spread to other railroad water terminals, until last night it was reported that all railroads excepting the New York, New Haven & Hartford and the Long Island were affected. The men demand an increase in pay from 42 cents to 50 cents an hour, time and a half for Sundays, overtime and holidays, and an eight-hour day. The strikers are members of Local 976 of the Freight Handlers' Union of the International Longshoremen's Association.

The New York Central yesterday placed an embargo on freight shipments from interior points to the New York terminals. Other lines may be forced to take like action. The strike has interfered with the movement of much freight, and the railroad officials believed that an immediate embargo was the only way to prevent serious congestion here. J. J. Mantell, in charge of the railroad terminals for the New York Central, said that no formal demands had been made by the men, who had gone out from twenty freight stations up and down the river. He thought the matter would be adjudicated within a short time.

The particular cause of the men going out at this time, they say, is that they feel that they are entitled to an 8-hour day as it was established by the Railroad Administration for those engaged in the movement of freight and passengers. One reason for the strike is to get action on this matter, for they allege they have the 8-hour day in theory but not in practice. John E. Riley, President of the District Council of the International Longshoremen's Union, who spoke of the strike as "unauthorized," said last night that the men had been ordered back to work pending a settlement of their case by the Railroad Wage Adjustment Board, which has been considering the subject for several weeks. He thought the trouble would soon be over.

Paul Vacarelli, acting Chairman of the Freight Handlers' Union and International Vice President of the Longshoremen's Association, denied the statement that the railroads had had no notice that the men intended to take action to enforce their demands.

"The men have done everything asked of them by the Railroad Administration and their local officers," he said. "They presented their demands on Nov. 15 before the Wages and Conditions Board of the Railroad Administration in Washington. At that time early action was promised. After waiting some weeks I informed George H. Fines, Chairman of the board, that the men were restless and expected some word of assurance that the matter would receive consideration, particularly in reference to the eight-hour day. The eight-hour day was granted to the men in common with all others engaged on railroad movement of freight and passengers by Director General McAdoo, but has never been put into practice as far as they were concerned, nor have they been paid extra wages for overtime work or on Sundays and holidays.

"Everybody connected with and interested in the railroads knew of this restlessness of the men. The officials knew they were to strike on Jan. 1 unless some move was made toward giving them relief. In the face of this nothing was done to avert the strike."

Although it was voted at a meeting of the Harbor Seamen's Union on Wednesday night that the 15,000 harbor men on strike should return to work at once pending action by the War Labor Board, shipping was handicapped yesterday. It was explained at the office of the New York Boat Owners' Association, 80 Broad Street, that while the captains and engineers of harbor craft had reported for work, there had not been opportunity to notify all the deckhands in time to resume. As the day progressed many of these men appeared and towboatmen believe that work in the harbor will be normal this morning.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.

LEFT IN TAXI 2:30 NEW YEAR'S MORNING, 33D ST. AND 7TH AV., BLACK LEATHER BINDER, CONTAINING TYPEWRITTEN BUSINESS PLANS; LIBERAL REWARD NOW. SHERIDAN, 450 4TH AV. TELEPHONE MADISON SQ. 7206.

LOST—New Year's Eve, near Broadway and 48th St., or on West 11th St., or in town taxicab, a brown sable scarf with brown silk lining, about 6 feet long and 12 inches wide, with tails on ends; $100 reward and no questions asked if delivered to Konvalinka & Weiss, Furriers, 36 Maiden Lane, New York City.

LOST—Diamond brooch, at Healy's New Year's eve; liberal reward. Healy's, P. O. Box 372, New York City.

LOST—Diamond pin, heart shape, Jan. 1, 43d St. to Bristol Building, Broadway car 42d St.-100th, Carleton Terrace, Broadway car 101st-80th, then Chapman Drug Store, to 251 West 80th; reward $25. Telephone 2994 Vanderbilt. Room 400, 500 5th Av.

LOST—At Atlantic Av. Post Office, Tuesday afternoon, bill folder, containing sum of money, five bond coupons and other papers. Finder may keep cash if coupons and other contents are returned to B. W. Maynard, 1,523 President St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Black baby-lamb muff, left in taxicab, between Plaza Hotel, 58th St. entrance, and 24 East 63d St., about 5:30 P. M. Sunday, Dec. 29; reward offered. Will finder please communicate with telephone 331 Rhinelander.

LOST—WATCH.

Ladies' small gold Tiffany watch; lost in Pekin restaurant, New Year's Eve; $15 reward, no questions asked. Meyer Britwitz, Room 603, 277 Broadway.

LOST.—Diamond and platinum bar pin, with onyx trimming, on Jan. 1, between 3 and 4 P. M., West End Av. or Riverside Drive, between 97th and 70th or on West End Av. Reward for return to Wile, 740 West End Av.

LOST—Certificate No. F53664 for 1 share common stock, Canadian Pacific Ry. Co., in name of Rebecca B. White; transfer stopped. Please notify Mr. Ernest Fassch, Swiss Legation, Washington, D. C.

LOST—Traymore Hotel, Atlantic City, New Year's Eve, platinum bar pin, three large diamonds in centre, surrounded by small diamonds; liberal reward. M. Miller, 65 Fort Washington Av., New York City.

LOST—In Republic Theatre, West 42d St., or in taxi to West End Av. and 85th St., black ostrich feather fan, shell-mounted. Return to 113 5th Av.; liberal reward. Felix Mayer.

LOST—New Year's afternoon at or near Plaza Hotel stiff platinum bracelet, forty-four diamonds, initials E. M. C. engraved inside. Return to F. H. Draisin, 21 Maiden Lane. $300 reward.

LOST—Tuesday, 1:30 P. M., at Grand Central subway station, roll of bills and small purse. Finder please notify Miss Kitchener, 489 5th Av. Vanderbilt 3320. Reward.

LOST—Black seal scarf, by lady leaving Broadway subway train 110th St., Jan. 1. Finder please return to M. G. Judge, 415 West 120th St. Reward.

LOST—In automobile accident on New Year's Eve, at 95th St. and West End Av., fur cape; liberal reward. Muller, 457 West End Av.

LOST—Broadway subway, Canal St., Jan. 1, case containing stud; reward. Communicate with E. Winter, 24 Pearsall Av., Jersey City.

LOST — Saturday afternoon, gold-handle navy blue silk umbrella, taxi from Wallick Hotel, Grand Central; reward. L 349 Times.

LOST—Moleskin scarf, New Year's Eve, taxicab between Hanley's and Hippodrome. Return to Waldorf-Astoria and receive reward. A. M. Parker.

LOST—Package, containing silverware from automobile, 78th St., Park Av., Tuesday afternoon; no questions asked; reward. Return 1,329 Madison Av.

LOST—In Brooklyn, moleskin muff. Finder please return to Room 1107, 120 Broadway, N. Y. City. Reward.

LOST—Beaded bag, between Fulton Theatre and Hotel Majestic on New Year's Eve; reward. Clerk, Hotel Majestic.

LOST—Pearl necklace, New Year's Eve at Century Roof or in taxicab; reward; no questions asked. Y 317 Times Annex.

LOST—Mink muff, Broadway car, evening Dec. 27; reward. Communicate Y 302 Times Annex.

LOST—Suitable reward for return of black onyx and diamond hairpin lost Tuesday night. Room 611, 225 5th Av.

LOST—Fox scarf, Thursday afternoon, balcony Carnegie Hall. Return Bretton Hall; reward.

LOST—Suitcase taken from Grand Central telephone room Thursday. Ensign Spencer, U. S. S. Texas.

LOST—Dec. 31, on Broadway, brooch, diamond and pearl; reward. Hobson, 29 West 104th St., after 5 P. M.

LOST—Pearl necklace, diamond brooch, from Maiden Lane to 8th st; heirloom; liberal reward. Font, 21 Maiden Lane.

LOST—Wednesday night, pinky ring, below 28th St. Hill, 41 Park Row.

LOST—Seal belt; reward. Brenner, 16 William St.

LOST—Leather portfolio, on subways at Van Cortlandt Park; reward. L 370 Times.

LIBERAL REWARD.

No questions asked, for return of lady's black sealskin bag, lost at or near Macy's store, Dec. 30; contained large diamond pin, about 13 stones, and bar pin, with 3 small diamonds; Erie Railroad ticket and small amount of money. Return to Ludwig Nissen, Diamond Merchant, 183 Broadway, New York City.

$15 REWARD for jade brooch, ornamental gold mounting, with bird, flowers, and 3 small pearls; lost Dec. 28. TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

FOUND—Pekingese dog. Call Morningside 2796.

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"RESUADI"
OVERCOAT, $34

A dark grey, close fitting overcoat. One-quarter silk lined, correctly styled and joined, $34; all wool. From what I know it makes a victory run in form and value.....Just in—this neat mixture of brown, red and black of indistinct stripes, suit $32.

I make my ready-made clothes and really believe few do so well for you. G. N VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

1% Per MONTH ON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
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Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
Eighth Av., cor. 127th St.
BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.
BROOKLYN
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Values at $35 That Defy Duplication

Brill Brothers' leadership in value-giving is strongly emphasized in the superb qualities we are offering right now in

Kuppenheimer Overcoats and Suits at $35

Soldier and Sailor Boys, who are getting back into "civies," and men who are in the habit of paying more, will find these Suits and Overcoats in many instances, the equal in quality, of clothes selling elsewhere at higher prices.

For $35 you can avail yourself of the distinguished, well-bred style and superior quality that have made Kuppenheimer Clothes famous.—Other Kuppenheimer Overcoats and Suits of Similar Unequalled Worthiness, $30 to $80.

Brill Overcoats and Suits $20 to $35

FOR ARMY OFFICERS—
Kuppenheimer 32 oz. Melton Overcoats
Formerly $65 Now $30

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44 East 14th St. | Broadway, at 49th Street | 47 Cortlandt Street | 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn
279 Broadway | 1456 Broadway, at 42d St. | 125th St., at 3d Ave.
14th Street, 1456 Broadway, 125th St. and Brooklyn Stores Open Tomorrow Night.

It's Good Luck for Soldiers and Sailors

that they are leaving the service in time for our Big Sale.

A lot of them bought Hart Schaffner & Marx good all-wool Clothes from us before they went to war; and it's a pleasure to welcome them back, and sell them the same good clothes at a saving.

Even if some of the boys are strangers to New York, they know Hart Schaffner & Marx value—for that value is standard wherever good clothes are worn.

Every Hart Schaffner & Marx Winter Overcoat and Fancy Winter Suit Reduced

$32.50 and $30.00 Suits & Overcoats reduced to $27.50

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$60.00 and $55.00 Suits & Overcoats reduced to $49.50

The higher grades are reduced in like proportion

No Charge for Alterations

Fur-lined Overcoats
Worth special mention are some handsome $350 fur-lined Coats, now $295—and others at $195 that were $225

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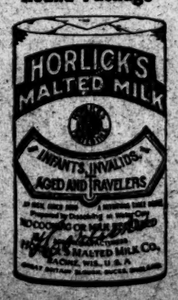

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Most Novel Idea Ever Arranged.

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in catering to critical folk has enabled us to make Shanley's the restaurant of supreme popularity for after-theatre suppers.

A restfully different kind of high-quality vaudeville—till the closing hour.

Luncheon daily, 12 sharp to 2:30 P. M. With music—$1.00.

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Unfurnished on yearly lease only.

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DELICIOUS Table D'Hote Dinner
BUSINESS MEN'S AND SHOPPERS' LUNCHEONS ALL DAY
TRY OUR DELICIOUS CHICKEN DINNER SUNDAY SERVED NOON TO 9.
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SYMPHONY Concerts 6 to 9 P. M.—From 9 Until Close, DANCING.

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5:30 to 9 P. M. $1.50 Per Cover.
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A la Carte All Hours—After-Theatre Specialties.
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B'way at 43d St. Tel. Bryant 346.
WALLICK'S Dancing at 9 P. M.
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KA-MA-KU-RA TEA ROOM—FOR TEA-DINNER AND SUPPER DANCES.

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Quickly soothe irritations and burnings of the skin and scalp. Nothing better.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. 6M, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

IN THE DARDANELLES.

Remarkable photograph of the British fleet passing through the Dardanelles to Constantinople, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times, next Sunday.

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129 to 135 West 48th Street, Between 5th Ave. and Broadway.
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An ideal hotel for the Winter months. Convenient to theatres, shopping centre and transportation lines. The solution of the high cost of living.
Rates including meals for two:
Double room, with bath, $50.00 to $55.00 weekly.
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ALL ROOMS WITH BATH AND SHOWERS.
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2-Room Suite, Private Bath, $3 to $4
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SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
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